FINAL

Confirmation Sampling and Analysis Report POL Yard, Sites SS-06 and ST-40



Wurtsmith Air Force Base Michigan

Prepared For

Air Force Center for Environmental Excellence **Brooks Air Force Base, Texas**

Approved for Public Release **Distribution Unlimited**

and

Air Force Base Conversion Agency/OL-T Oscoda, Michigan

April 1999



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CONFIRMATION SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS REPORT FOR POL YARD, SITES SS-06 AND ST-40 WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN

Prepared for:

Air Force Center for Environmental Excellence Brooks AFB, Texas

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Air Force Base Conversion Agency/OL-T Oscoda, Michigan

Contract F41624-92-8036, Delivery Order 17

April 1999

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

micrograms per kilogram $\mu g/kg$

Air Force Base AFB

Air Force Base Conversion Agency AFBCA

Air Force Center for Environmental Excellence **AFCEE**

aboveground storage tank **AST** below ground surface bgs

BTEX benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes

COC chain of custody

chemical of potential concern COPC

laboratory control sample/laboratory control sample duplicate LCS/LCSD

Michigan Department of Environmental Quality **MDEO** Michigan Department of Natural Resources **MDNR**

matrix spike MS

matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate MS/MSD no-further-response-action-planned **NFRAP** Parsons ES Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.

PCE perchloroethene

POL petroleum, oils, and lubricants **PQL** practical quantitation limit

OA/OC quality assurance/quality control

reporting limit RL

RPD relative percent difference SAI Specialized Assays, Inc. SAP Sampling and Analysis Plan

TMB trimethylbenzene

total volatile hydrocarbon TVH

TVHA total volatile hydrocarbon analyzer

UCL upper confidence limit

US United States

USEPA US Environmental Protection Agency

UST underground storage tank VOC volatile organic compound

INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE

This confirmation sampling and analysis report for the Petroleum, Oils, and Lubricants (POL) Yard, Sites SS-06 and ST-40, at Wurtsmith Air Force Base (AFB), Michigan, has been prepared by Parsons Engineering Science, Inc. (Parsons ES) for submittal to the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ); the United States (US) Air Force Center for Environmental Excellence (AFCEE), Brooks AFB, Texas; and the Air Force Base Conversion Agency/OL-T (AFBCA), Oscoda, Michigan. MDEQ provides oversight of underground storage tank (UST) work at Wurtsmith AFB. This report has been prepared as part of the AFCEE Extended Bioventing Project (Contract F41624-92-8036, Delivery Order 17).

Soil sampling for laboratory analysis was conducted at the sites by Parsons ES in October 1998 in accordance with the MDEQ- and US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA)-approved Confirmation Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) for Sites SS-06 and ST-40 (included as Appendix A of this report). The objective of the confirmation soil sampling and analysis was to determine if soils contaminated with petroleum hydrocarbons had been sufficiently remediated following 2 years of expanded-scale bioventing, and to determine whether a no-further-response-action-planned (NFRAP) decision could be pursued, or additional soil remediation or other actions were required. This report summarizes field activities, field observations, and data collected during the October 1998 sampling event, and evaluates the reduction of petroleum hydrocarbon contamination in soil as a result of 2 years of bioventing system operation. The purpose of this report is to document the effectiveness of remediation of soil contaminated with petroleum hydrocarbons; to compare the recently collected soil analytical results to MDEQ risk-based generic cleanup criteria; and make recommendations based on these results.

The focus of the confirmation soil sampling and analysis was on the chemicals of potential concern (COPCs) that were identified during previous investigations (ICF Kaiser, 1998; Parsons ES, 1996) at Sites SS-06 and ST-40. COPCs previously identified for Site SS-06 were benzene, ethylbenzene and total xylenes; COPCs previously identified for Site ST-40 were benzene, total xylenes, acetone, carbon disulfide, and tetrachloroethene (or perchloroethene [PCE] (Appendix A, Table 3.1).

1.2 SITE/PROJECT BACKGROUND

Wurtsmith AFB, located near Oscoda, Michigan, is presently undergoing base closure activities. Site SS-06, a former POL bulk storage facility, is located in the eastern portion of the base as shown on Figure 1.1. A detailed layout of Site SS-06, which is inclusive of Site ST-40, is shown on Figure 1.2. With the exception of three active aboveground storage tanks (ASTs), which are located northwest of the main bermed area, the site is vacant and inactive. The four largest ASTs (Tanks 7000, 7001, 7039, and 7040), which were located within the bermed areas and contained JP-4 jet fuel, were removed between 1992 and 1996. Two USTs, located immediately north of the bermed areas, also have been removed from the site. A waste oil UST, formerly located east of Building 351, was removed in 1990, and a waste JP-4 UST located on the west side of Building 361 was removed in 1996. The three active ASTs (Tanks 7002, 7003, and 7004) that remain on the site provide JP-4 for current airport activities. A groundwater pump-and-treat system (referred to as the Benzene Plant), located approximately 400 feet northeast of the POL Yard, was installed to treat groundwater contaminated with benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX), and a free-phase product plume originating at the POL Yard.

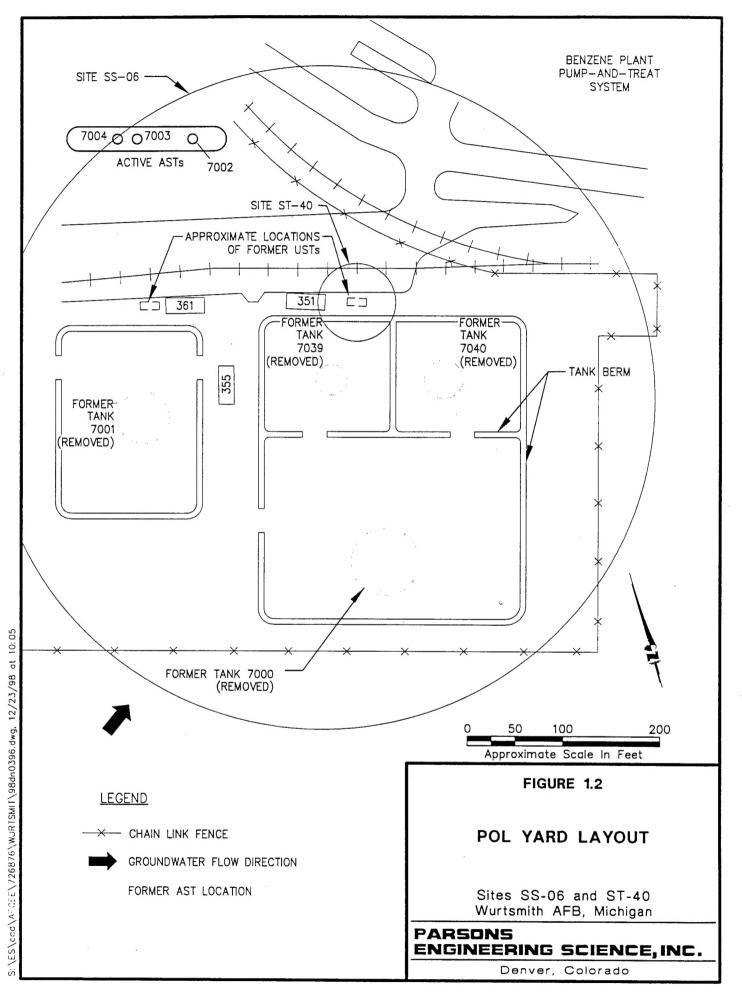
A full-scale bioventing system was designed and installed by Parsons ES in July and August 1996 and was operated for over 2 years prior to conducting confirmation soil sampling in October 1998. A detailed description of the bioventing system design and initial site activities are provided in the *Bioventing Pilot Test Results and Full-Scale System Installation Report for POL Yard, Sites SS-06 and ST-40* (Parsons ES, 1996). Performance of the full-scale bioventing system is presented in the *Two-Year Soil Gas Sampling and In Situ Testing Results Report for POL Yard, Sites SS-06 and ST-40* (Parsons ES, 1998). A more complete summary of the site history, geology, hydrology, previous investigations, and other remedial activities is presented in the SAP (Appendix A).

1.3 SUMMARY OF CONFIRMATION SOIL SAMPLING RESULTS

Confirmatory soil sampling was conducted at the sites on 13 through 16 October 1998. Boreholes were advanced at 18 locations, and 28 soil samples (25 primary samples and 3 replicates) were submitted to the laboratory for volatile organic compound (VOC) analysis. Soil sample analyses indicate that residual fuel hydrocarbons are confined mainly to smear-zone soils in the western portion of the POL Yard. Several contaminants (i.e. benzene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, 1,2,4trimethylbenzene (TMB), 1,3,5-TMB, bromomethane. naphthalene, propylbenzene) were detected in site soils at maximum concentrations exceeding their respective cleanup criteria (i.e. MDEQ generic residential drinking water protection criteria).

1.4 REPORT ORGANIZATION

This site confirmation sampling and analysis report consists of five sections, including this introduction, and three appendices. Section 2 is a description of the



confirmation soil sampling activities conducted at the site. Section 3 summarizes confirmation sampling analytical results and compares these results to the MDEQ generic cleanup criteria. Section 4 presents conclusions and recommendations for the site. References used in preparation of this report are provided in Section 5.

Appendix A presents a copy of the final confirmation SAP for Sites SS-06 and ST-40 that includes a detailed summary of previous site investigations. Borehole logs are included in Appendix B, and Appendix C provides the laboratory analytical results and chain-of-custody (COC) forms.

SITE CONFIRMATION SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS ACTIVITIES

The purpose of this section is to summarize confirmatory soil sampling activities, including sampling locations and sampling depths, sampling procedures, analytical methods used, and field and laboratory quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) procedures followed. These methods/procedures are described in more detail in the confirmation SAP (see Appendix A). The confirmation SAP was implemented by qualified Parsons ES scientists trained in conducting soil sampling, records documentation, and chain-of-custody procedures. Environmental sample analyses were provided by Specialized Assays, Inc. (SAI), of Nashville, Tennessee.

2.1 SAMPLING STRATEGY

The sampling strategy presented in the confirmation SAP (Appendix A) was designed to provide sufficient soil analytical data to characterize the nature and extent of petroleum hydrocarbons remaining in site soil and, based on a comparison with MDEQ generic cleanup criteria, to determine if a NFRAP decision can be supported. The sampling strategy combined a statistically random strategy with a biased strategy that targeted previously-identified hot spots (zones with high contaminant concentrations). The statistically random strategy implemented at the site followed recommendations described in the Guidance Document (Michigan Department of Natural Resources [MDNR], 1994). This strategy employs the use of gridding to facilitate the unbiased selection of sampling locations, and statistical tools for evaluating the resulting data. Because of the relatively large size of the POL Yard site, the goal of the sampling strategy was to provide a 95-percent confidence level of determining any hot spot concentrations of residual fuel hydrocarbons remaining in site soils after 2 years of bioventing remediation. To meet this goal, soil samples were collected at 18 locations (27 percent of the 66 grid stations) which exceeds the minimum number of samples (25 percent of the grid stations) recommended in the Guidance Manual. Thirteen soil boring locations were selected at random, four soil boring locations (SB1, SB2, SB5, and SB13) were selected in areas with previously identified high concentrations of fuel hydrocarbons, and one soil boring (SB18A) was advanced at the location of a former UST at the request of Ms. Rose Forbes, the AFCEE field engineer. The purpose of boring 18A was to determine if contaminated soil remained in the vicinity of the former UST following tank removal. In addition to this one additional boring, the only other deviation from the SAP was that boring SB4 was moved approximately 25 feet south of the proposed location to avoid an aboveground pipeline and valves.

2.2 SOIL SAMPLING PROCEDURES

2.2.1 Sampling Locations

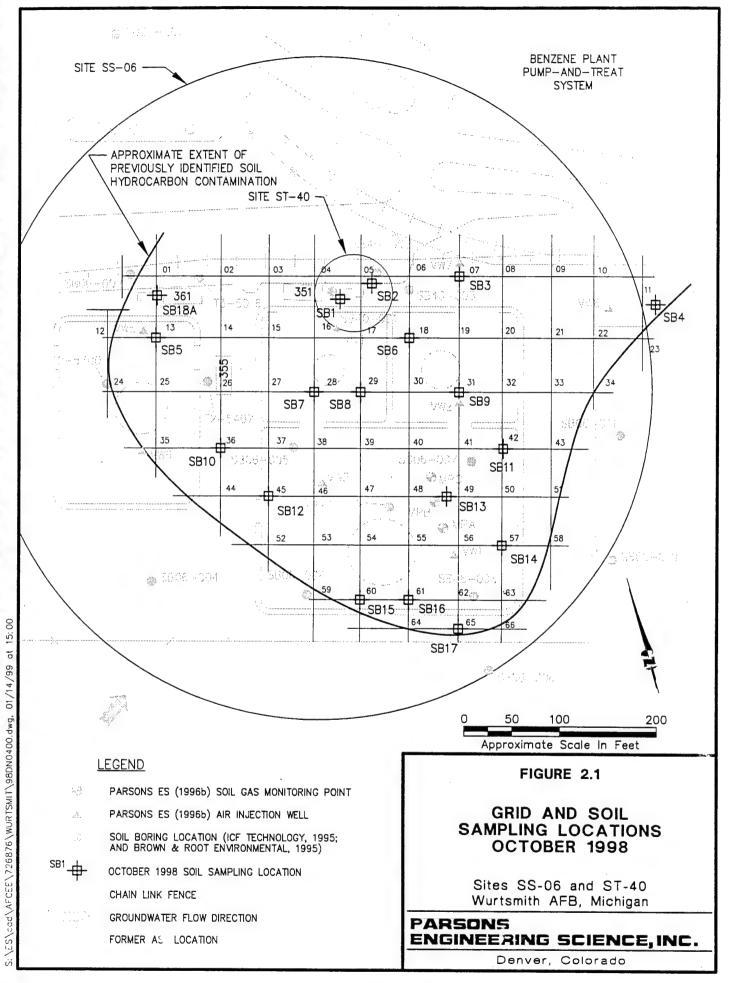
Confirmatory soil sampling was conducted at the sites on 13 through 16 October 1998. Soil samples were collected at 18 locations (SB1 through SB18A) at the sites to determine whether or not residual hydrocarbon compounds in soils have been remediated to concentrations equal to or less than the targeted MDEQ generic cleanup criteria. Soil borings SB1 and SB2 were advanced in the immediate vicinity of the former waste oil UST (Site ST-40). The remaining 16 borings (SB3 through SB18A) were located throughout Site SS-06. Figure 2.1 shows the locations of the 18 confirmatory soil sampling locations in relation to the previously identified estimated area of soil hydrocarbon contamination requiring remediation.

2.2.2 Sample Collection

Soil samples were collected using a Geoprobe® system, a hydraulically powered percussion/probing machine capable of advancing sampling tools through unconsolidated soil. Depending on subsurface conditions encountered during sampling, soil samples were collected using either a Large-Bore® sampler to collect discrete subsurface samples or a Macro-Core® sampler, which collects continuous sample cores. The soil cores were retained within clear acetate liners inside the sampling barrels.

Because the greatest extent and highest concentrations of fuel hydrocarbons were previously detected in the groundwater smear zone, soil sampling focused on this zone. Contamination was previously detected in soils above the smear zone only in a few areas, which are likely the locations of former fuel releases. Outside the suspected fuel release areas, vadose zone soil contamination was restricted to within approximately 5 feet of the groundwater surface.

Each borehole was advanged to no less than 1 foot above the groundwater surface; maximum sampling depths were between 19 and 26 feet below ground surface (bgs). At locations where shallow contamination had previously been identified or was suspected due to the close proximity of former USTs or ASTs (sampling locations SB1, SB2, SB5, SB9, SB13, SB14, SB15 and SB16), soil samples were collected at 5-foot intervals from ground surface to the top of the groundwater surface. With the exception of boring SB13, two soil samples were selected from each of these boreholes for laboratory analysis; one sample was collected from the groundwater smear zone, and one sample collected from shallower soil based on apparent contamination and field headspace screening results. Only the smear-zone sample from boring SB13 was submitted to the laboratory because soil samples from the more shallow sample intervals at this location had low field headspace screening results and no visible evidence of contamination. At sampling locations where contamination was limited to the smear zone only, based on results of previous investigations (SB3, SB4, SB6, SB7, SB8, SB10, SB11, SB12, SB17, and SB18A), the probe was driven directly to the smear zone, and one soil sample was collected.



All soil samples were field-screened for total volatile hydrocarbons (TVH) and examined for physical evidence of contamination. A portion of each Geoprobe core soil sample was used for field screening using a TVH analyzer (TVHA). The soil was placed into a new, self-sealing plastic bag and after approximately 20 minutes, the TVH concentration in the headspace was measured by inserting the TVHA probe through the seal of the plastic bag. Soil headspace TVH screening results were recorded on the field borehole logs (Appendix B).

Samples selected for laboratory analysis were transferred directly from the Geoprobe* core sampler to EnCoreTM samplers and sealed according to manufacturer-recommended procedures. Soil samples for laboratory analysis were immediately placed in an insulated cooler containing ice. The soil samples were maintained in a chilled condition until delivered to the analytical laboratory. The remaining soil not included in the laboratory sample was removed from the Geoprobe® sampler for field TVH screening and lithologic logging. In the laboratory, soil samples were transferred from the EnCoreTM samplers to soil sample vials and preserved with methanol within 48 hours of sample collection, as described in USEPA Method SW5035. After the samples for laboratory analysis were collected, chain-of-custody procedures were followed to establish a written record of sample handling and movement between the sampling site and the laboratory as described in the SAP (Appendix A). COCs are included in Appendix C.

2.2.3 Soil Sample Analyses

Twenty-eight soil samples, including three field replicates, were submitted to the laboratory and analyzed using USEPA Method SW8260B for VOCs including BTEX, TMBs, butylbenzenes, and isopropylbenzenes. In addition, the four soil samples collected from Site ST-40 (from borings SB1 and SB2) were also analyzed for acetone, carbon disulfide and PCE. All samples were analyzed by SAI, a State of Michigan-certified laboratory.

2.2.4 Field and Laboratory Data Quality Assurance/Quality Control

Samples were collected, preserved, transported, and analyzed in such a manner that sampling results yield information that provides a reliable representation of the soil quality at the site. To meet this requirement, the procedures described in the Quality Assurance Project Plan of the SAP (Appendix A) were followed during sample collection, handling, and analysis. In addition, laboratory and field QC samples were prepared and analyzed. Quality control (QC) samples were analyzed to assess laboratory methods. Laboratory QC samples included matrix spikes (MS), matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) pairs, and blanks. Three MS/MSD pairs for soil were prepared and analyzed as part of this project. Field QC samples consisted of two trip blanks and two equipment rinseate blanks.

2.3 EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES

All sampling and downhole equipment were decontaminated before use and between boreholes to prevent cross-contamination, as described in the SAP (Appendix A).

Boreholes were backfilled with granular bentonite and hydrated with potable water following sample collection.

2.4 MANAGEMENT OF INVESTIGATION-DERIVED WASTES

Investigation-derived wastes were handled following the base-wide procedures established by ICF Technology, Inc. (1994) and approved by MDEQ and USEPA. The use of the Geoprobe for collecting soil samples did not generate soil cuttings. Decontamination water was containerized, transported to Building 5092, and discharged into the oil/water separator.

CONFIRMATION SAMPLING RESULTS

This section summarizes the analytical results of the October 1998 soil sampling activities. This section also compares these sampling results to the MDEQ generic cleanup criteria for soils.

3.1 LABORATORY RESULTS

Soil sample analyses indicate that residual fuel hydrocarbons are confined mainly to smear-zone soils. Borehole logs from the confirmatory soil sampling activities are included in Appendix B. Table 3.1 presents a summary of compounds detected in site soils during the October 1998 soil sampling event and compares the sample results to the MDEQ (1998) generic residential drinking water protection criteria. The highest concentrations of organic compounds were detected in soil samples collected at depths between 18 and 23 feet bgs from borings SB2, SB4, SB5, SB6, SB7, SB9, SB10, SB13, SB14, SB16, and SB18A. Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and total xylenes were measured at maximum concentrations of 5,700 micrograms per kilogram (µg/kg), 222 μg/kg, 140,000 μg/kg, and 575,000 μg/kg, respectively. Maximum concentrations of 1,2,4-TMB, 1,3,5-TMB, n-propylbenzene, and isopropylbenzene were 287,000 μ g/kg, 94,300 μ g/kg, 46,000 μ g/kg, and 25,300 μ g/kg, respectively. Naphthalene, which was detected in several samples, was measured at a maximum concentration of 41,400 $\mu g/kg$. Bromomethane was detected in one sample at a concentration of 930 $\mu g/kg$. Acetone, carbon disulfide, and PCE were not detected in any samples above their respective laboratory reporting limits.

The only significant concentrations of organic compounds detected in shallow soils (above the smear zone) were 1,3,5-TMB at SB14 (from 10 to 12 feet bgs) and SB16 (from 6 to 8 feet bgs), and xylenes at SB14 (from 10 to 12 feet bgs). These results indicate that the long-term potential source for groundwater contamination by partitioning of fuel hydrocarbons from shallow soil to groundwater has been greatly reduced by bioventing treatment of site soils. However, the relatively high concentrations of several fuel hydrocarbon compounds measured in smear-zone soils indicate that this zone continues to be a potential source of groundwater contamination.

Bioventing appears to have been less effective at treating smear zone soils than shallower subsurface soils. Bioventing treatment relies on supplying air (oxygen) to unsaturated soil to enhance biodegradation of fuel hydrocarbons. During much of the 2 years of bioventing treatment, the lower portion of the smear zone (where many of the soil samples listed in Table 3.1 were collected) was saturated and largely isolated from treatment. Therefore, smear zone soils are being remediated at a slower rate than the

SUMMARY OF SOIL SAMPLING ANALYTICAL RESULTS SITES SS-06 AND ST-40 WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN TABLE 3.1

	Namhthaleme	(110/kg)	17.000		:	2.1.0	2.1 U	2.1 U 7,070	2111	075	10.5.11	972	350	3 370	030	201	11.40	10.3.0	300	390	45.8	30.2	.370	581	009	10.3 U	55.6	901	400	34,500	2.1 U	543
	4-bsopropy1- toliene Nar		N S					6.2 U	6.2.11			833 U		2	0.20														•			
ł	Bromo- 4-bs methane							5.2 ()	5211		° -1-	· [=	60.1 11	15	1=	735 11	7-		581 U		_							<u></u>	5,750 U	<u> </u>	5.2 U	
	etrachloro- ethene	(us/ks)	100		:		7.3 U		7.2.1)	11.077	٦- ٦	972 U	L	0.77	1-	1	J	_	_	-				_	_			_	1	121		=1
	L Jectone I	(119/kg)	15000			9.2.0	9.2 U	9.2 U 1780 U	1			L 					J 1	1	L]	1	_	L	=]	1	L] <u>∞</u>	ا <u>ح</u> ا ا	[-
	Carbon disulfide	(119/kg)	16,000			051	1.5 U	1.5 U 761 U 4	u l						1		1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-		I	1	-
	n-Propyl- benzene	(112/kg)	1.600			2.1.0	2.1.0	2.1 U 4,890	2.1 U	2 100	10 5 11	278 U	11876	281 U	263 U	294 U	11.4 U	10.3 U	233 U	080′2	2.1 U	24.4	009'	869	3,700	10.3 U	172	106 U	000	37,900	2.1 U	272 U
	sopropyl- benzene	(ug/kg)	000'06		0 3 11	0.30	8.3 U	8.3 U 1,350	8.2 U	0119	42 111	U 011,		1,120 U															·	9,200 U 37		
ľ	tert-Butyl- Is benzene b							3,800 U 4,	7.2 U		36.811		972 11 1	_										814 U					_	8,050 U 9,		
	sec-Butyl- ter benzene b							7.3 U 3,800 U 3,8	7.2 U		98 H 1898		_	6 0 E86			39.8 U 39							814 U 8						8,050 U 8,0°		
	n-Butyl- se benzene b							2,720 U 3,8	5.2 U		26.3 U 36			702 U 9		_													_	5,750 U 8,02		
- 1								43,500 [2,7																	_					77,000 . 5,7		
	nyi- 1,3,5-1 ber	Ē	7																													
	1,2,4-1 minctinyt- 1,3,3-1 methyt- benzene benzene	(µg/kg)	5,100		7311	7.21	73.0	117,000	7.2 U	82,200	36.8 U	972 U	7,220	26,800	27,100	1,030	39.8 U	36.1 U	193,000	18,000	521 J	123	21,900	4,650	198,000	36.1	1,060	2,230	287,000	218,000	7.3 U	9,380
Total	Xylenes	(µg/kg)	5,600		5.211	52.11	2.20	237,000	5.2 U	119,400	26.3 U	10,800	14,000	51,100	35,150	1,760	28.4 U	25.8 U	307,050	42,600	423	418	22,800	7,670	282,000	15.5	133	1,489	575,000	438,000	5.2 U	0,520
	o-Xylene	(µg/kg)	NA		5.2 11	5.2.11	5.711	62,000	5.2 U					702 U																159,000		- 1
	m,p-Xylene	(µg/kg)	NA		3.1 U	3.1.11	3.11	175,000	3.1 U	000,60	15.8 U	10,800	14,000	51,100	26,200	1,760	17.0	15.5 U	000,90	42,600	417	414	22,800	7,670	82,000	15.5	133			279,000		
	Toluene Ethylbenzene m,p-Xylene	(µg/kg)	1,500					12,000	3.1 U																					140,000 2		
	Toluene 1	(µg/kg)	16,000					2,720 U	5.2 U	222 J ^{R/}	26.3 U	694 U	694 U	702 U	658 U		28.4 U													5,750 U 14		
	Benzene	(µg/kg) ^{b'}	100					1,090 U	2.1 U	222 U	10.5 U	278 U	278 U	281 U									_	U \$87			_			٠.	01.72	
Sample	Depth	(feet bgs)"	a					18-20	20-22	20-22	10-12	21-23	21-23	21-23	18-20	19-21	19-21	12-14	20-77	7 57-17	19-71		L				L			_	07-57	77_07
	Sample	Location	Cleanup Criteria®	SITE ST- 40	SBI	SBI	SB2	SB2 SITE SS- 06	SB3-22	SI34-22	SB5	SBS	SB25 (Rep) ¹⁷	SB6	SB7	2138	SB28 (Rep)				1100			91314						SB26 (Rep)	SB18A	Caldo

NOTE: Analytes detecteed at concentrations that exceed a MDEQ-defined soil cleanup criterion have been shaded for easy reference.

Outlined results indicate that the laboratory practical quantitation limit (PQL) exceeded the MDEQ-defined soil clean up criteria.

w feet bgs = feet below ground surface.

b. pg/kg = micrograms per kilogram.

** MDEQ generic residential drinking water protection criteria (MDEQ, 1998).

** NA= Not applicable. An MDEQ-defined soil cleanup criterion has not been established for this analyte.

U = compound analyzed for but not detected above the practical quantitation limit (PQL). Number shown represents the laboratory reporting limit (RL),

 R J = Estimated value. The analyte was positively identified at a concentration between the PQL and the RL.

 $^{\rm h}$ (Rep) = Field replicate of preceeding sample.

3-2

shallower soils. During the October 1998 sampling event, water levels during the soil sampling event were approximately 2 to 3 feet lower than during installation of the full-scale bioventing system in August 1996.

A comparison of analytical results for soil samples collected prior to and following approximately 2 years of bioventing system operation indicates an overall reduction in BTEX concentrations. Table 3.2 presents the BTEX results for several pairs of soil samples collected before and after bioventing treatment. Samples from each pair were collected in close proximity to each other and were collected from the same or similar depth intervals. With the exception of sample pair SB40-002/SB2 (collected at depths between 19 and 21 feet bgs and 18 and 20 feet bgs, respectively) and sample pair VW5/SB5 in which ethylbenzene and total xylene concentrations were higher after 2 years of bioventing, concentrations of toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes were significantly lower following bioventing treatment. The increased concentrations noted for sample pair SB40-002/SB2 (collected at approximately 20 feet bgs) is likely the result of changing groundwater levels smearing free-phase petroleum hydrocarbons onto the soil. The increased concentrations for sample pair VW5/SB5 may be the result of the October 1998 sample being collected from a deeper portion of the smear zone. and does not accurately represent changes in BTEX concentrations for this location. Also, it must be noted that conventional soil sampling techniques were used during the 1995 and 1996 sampling events, while USEPA Method SW5035 was used during the October 1998 sampling event. USEPA Method SW5035 involves sample collection using EnCore™ samplers, and extraction and preservation with methanol within 48 hours of sample collection. The improvement in sample collection techniques could partially account for apparent contaminant increases in smear zone soils. The overall reduction in soil fuel hydrocarbon concentrations presented in Table 3.2 indicates that operation of the bioventing system is effectively reducing residual fuel hydrocarbon concentrations in site soils.

3.2 COMPARISON OF SOIL SAMPLING RESULTS TO CLEANUP CRITERIA

Land use assumptions and potential exposure pathways for site contaminants used to determine appropriate MDEQ cleanup criteria are described in the SAP (see Appendix A) and in the Final Feasibility Report for Sites SS-06, ST-40, SS-13, and OT-46 (ICF Kaiser, 1998). Although the current and projected future land use of Sites SS-06 and ST-40 is industrial, groundwater contamination resulting from fuel hydrocarbon releases at the site have migrated beyond the POL Yard. Because generic residential drinking water criteria must be met at the Base boundary, generic soil cleanup criteria which are designed to ensure contaminants do not leach from site soils and cause groundwater to exceed residential drinking water protection criteria have been identified as the targeted cleanup criteria for Sites SS-06 and ST-40.

Soil sampling results were compared to the MDEQ (1998) residential drinking water protection criteria to determine whether the sites meet closure requirements or if further remediation is required. As shown in Tables 3.1 and 3.3, several contaminants (i.e. benzene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, 1,2,4-TMB, 1,3,5-TMB, bromomethane, naphthalene, and n-propylbenzene) were detected in site soils at maximum concentrations exceeding their respective MDEQ residential drinking water protection criteria. Table 3.3 also

TABLE 3.2
COMPARISON OF PRE- AND POST-BIOVENTING SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS
SITES SS-06 AND ST-40
WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN

			Analytical Results							
	Sample		Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total				
Sample	Depth	Date				Xylenes				
number	(feet bgs) ^{a/}	Sampled ^{b/}	(µg/kg) ^{c/}	(μg/kg)	(µg/kg)	(µg/kg)				
CD 40 001		1004	di		- 1-					
SB40-001	19-21	1995	ND^{d}	ND	ND	6,900				
SB1	18-19	Oct. 1998	$< 2.1^{e/}$	< 5.2	< 3.1	< 5.2				
SB40-002	14-16	1995	ND	ND	ND	35,000				
SB2	14-16	Oct. 1998	< 2.1	< 5.2	< 3.1	< 5.2				
SB40-002	19-21	1995	ND	ND	ND	6,200				
SB2	18-20	Oct. 1998	< 1090	< 2720	12.000	23,700				
VW7	20-22	Aug. 1996	< 110	250	3,710	15,600				
SB3	20-22	Oct. 1998	< 2.1	< 5.2	< 3.1	< 5.2				
VW5	17-19	Aug. 1996	< 51	85 J	2,300	9,820				
SB5	21-23	Oct. 1998	< 278	< 694	2,360	10,800				
VW2	15-17	Aug. 1996	60 J	160 J	2,680	12,900				
SB9	12-14	Oct. 1998	< 10.3	< 25.8	< 15.5	< 25.8				
MPB	17-19	Aug. 1996	< 100	< 210	7,080	34,500				
SB13	19-21	Oct. 1998	465	< 581	5,810	22,800				

^{a/} feet bgs = feet below ground surface.

 ^{b/} 1995 - pre-bioventing soil sampling by ICF Kaiser (1995). Aug. 1996 - soil samples collected during installation of bioventing system (Parsons ES, 1996).
 Oct. 1998 - confirmation soil sampling.

 $[\]mu g/kg = micrograms per kilogram.$

 $^{^{}d}$ ND = Not detected.

e^{e/} <= compound analyzed for but not detected above the practical quantitation limit (PQL).</p>
Number shown represents the laboratory reporting limit (RL).

TABLE 3.3 IDENTIFICATION OF CRITERIA EXCEEDANCES FOR UNSATURATED SOILS

SITES SS-06 AND ST-40 WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN

Company	Union	Maximum Site	MDEQ Generic Residential Drinking	Number of Detections Exceeding	Number of Time Reporting Limits Exceeded Criteric Compound Not Detected ^{of}
Compound	Units	Concentration ^{a/}	Water Protection Criteria ^{b/}	Criteria c/	Detected
SITE SS-06					
Volatile Organic Compounds					
Benzene	μg/kg ^{d/}	5,700	100	3	10
Toluene	μg/kg	5,750 U	16,000		
Ethylbenzene	μg/kg	140,000	1,500	8	
Total Xylenes	μg/kg	575,000	5,600	11	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	μg.kg	287,000	5,100	10	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	μg/kg	94,300	460	12	
n-Butylbenzene	μα/κα [5,750 U	1,600		2
sec-Butylbenzene	μg/kg	5,750 U	1,600		2
tert-Butylbenzene	μg/kg	8,050 U	1,600		2
Isopropylbenzene	μg/kg	25,300	90,000		_
n-Propylbenzene	μg/kg	46,000	1,600	5.	
Tetrachloroethene	μg/kg	8.050 U	100		13
Bromomethane	μg/kg	930	200	1	12
4-Isopropyltoluene	μg/kg	18,400	NA ^{f/}		
PAHs "					
Naphthalene	μg/kg	41,400	17,000	3	
SITE ST-40					
Volatile Organic Compounds		•			
Benzene	μg/kg	1,090 U	100		1
Toluene	μg/kg	2.720 U	16,000		•
Ethylbenzene	μg/kg	12,000	1,500	1	
Total Xvlenes	μg/kg	237,000	5,600	1	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	μg/kg	117,000	5,100	1	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	μg/kg	43,500	460	2	
n-Butylbenzene	μg/kg	2,720 U	1,600	-	1
sec-Butylbenzene	μg/kg	3,800 U	1,600		i
tert-Butylbenzene	μg/kg	3,800 U	1,600		t
Isopropylbenzene	μg/kg	4,350	90.000		•
n-Propylbenzene	μg/kg	4,890	1,600	1	
Carbon Disulfide	μg/kg	761 U	16,000	-	
Acetone	μg/kg	4.780 U	15,000		
Tetrachloroethene	μg/kg	3.800 U	100		1
Bromomethane	μg/kg	2,720 U	200		1
4-Isopropyltoluene	μg/kg	7,610	NA		•
PAHs					
Naphthalene	μg/kg	7,070	17,000		

NOTES. Site maximum concentrations that exceed a MDEQ-defined soil cleanup criterion have been shaded for easy reference.

Outline indicates that the maximum PQL exceeded a MDEQ-defined soil cleanup criterion.

a/ Maximum concentration detected during the October 1998 soil sampling event.

^b Soil leaching criterion that is protective of underlying groundwater for residential potable use (MDEQ, 1998).

^c Criteria does not include field replicate samples.

^d μg/kg = micrograms per kilogram

 $^{^{\}circ}$ J = Estimated value. The analyte was positively identified at a concentration between the PQL and the RL.

 $^{^{\}Gamma'}$ NA = Not applicable. An MDEQ-defined soil cleanup criterion has not been established for this analyte.

 $^{^{\}rm g}$ U = compound analyzed for but not detected. Number shown represents the RL

lists the number of samples in which detected concentrations of specific analytes exceeded their respective criterion. Typically, a statistical analysis would be performed to determine whether the 95-percent upper confidence limit (UCL) on the arithmetic mean of the concentrations of each analyte was above or below the respective cleanup criterion. However, these statistical analyses were not performed for this data set because the relatively large number of exceedances compared with the total number of samples, indicated that the 95-percent UCL would likely be exceeded for several analytes (i.e. benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, total xylenes, 1,2,4-TMB, 1,3,5-TMB, and n-propylbenzene).

3.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES AND RESULTS

Laboratory and field QA/QC procedures established for the site were followed to ensure that the analytical data were accurate and reproducible.

3.3.1 Laboratory QA/QC Procedures and Results

Data-were evaluated for QC criteria in accordance with the USEPA (1994) Contract Laboratory Program National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review, and the USEPA (1983) Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. The QC criteria results were in accordance with method protocol, laboratory control samples and duplicates (LCS/LCSD), MS/MSD, surrogates, method blanks, and holding times. All additional method QC criteria (i.e., calibrations) were in control. No additional QC criteria are discussed as "out of control conditions" in the narrative review provided by SAI.

An overall assessment of the QA criteria indicated that the data are of valid quality, accurate, and precise. All reviewed method QC criteria were met. Analytical results for the QC samples are included in Appendix C.

3.3.2 Field QA/QC Procedures and Results

To assess sample variability, three replicate soil sample pairs (sample pairs SB5/SB25, SB8/SB28, and SB16/SB26) were collected and analyzed by Methods 8260B. To determine the representativeness and precision of the sample analysis, either the relative percent difference (RPD) or the difference between analyte concentrations in the sample and its duplicate can be determined. USEPA procedures recommend that the RPD of duplicate analyses be determined for analyte concentrations greater than five times the reporting limit. RPD was calculated for ethylbenzene, n-propylbenzene, 4-isopropyltoluene, naphthalene, 1,2,4-TMB, 1,3,5-TMB, m,p-xylenes, and o-xylene. The RPD for m,p-xylene (46 percent) in the replicate pair SB16/SB26 was the only value exceeding the acceptable QC limit. Out-of-control analytes are believed to be related to matrix interference. Overall, precision of the field replicate results was in control.

Two trip blanks and two equipment rinseate blanks were collected and analyzed during the field investigation. The trip blanks, prepared and supplied by the

laboratory, consisted of pure distilled water. The trip blanks accompanied the sample containers to the site and was returned to laboratory with the samples. The trip blanks were analyzed for VOCs by USEPA Method 8260B. No target analytes were detected in the trip blanks. The equipment rinseate blanks were collected at the site from the distilled water used to rinse soil sample core barrels. The equipment rinseate blanks were analyzed for VOCs by USEPA Method 8260B. No target analytes were detected in the equipment blanks.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

4.1 CONCLUSIONS

Results from the October 1998 soil sampling event indicate that, although contaminant reduction has occurred in site soils as the result of 2 years of bioventing treatment, significant fuel hydrocarbons remain in smear-zone soils. The potential source for groundwater contamination as a result of fuel hydrocarbons partitioning from shallow soil to groundwater has been greatly reduced by bioventing treatment of site soils. Results of soil gas sampling performed at the site following 2 years of bioventing system operation (Parsons ES, 1998) are additional evidence of contaminant reduction. Relatively high concentrations of several fuel hydrocarbons in smear-zone soils indicate that this zone continues to be a potential source for groundwater contamination. Benzene, ethylbenzene, total xylenes, 1,2,4-TMB, 1,3,5-TMB, n-propylbenzene, and naphthalene were measured at concentrations exceeding the most stringent MDEQ generic soil cleanup criteria (residential drinking water protection criteria) in multiple soil samples. Bromomethane exceeded cleanup criteria in one soil sample.

Bioventing appears to have been less effective at reducing fuel hydrocarbon concentrations in smear-zone soils than in shallower subsurface soils. Because bioventing treatment relies on supplying air (oxygen) to unsaturated soil to enhance biodegradation of fuel hydrocarbons, the deeper smear zone soils are being effectively remediated by bioventing only during times of relatively low groundwater levels when the smear zone is unsaturated. Therefore, smear-zone soils are being remediated at a slower rate than the more shallow petroleum-hydrocarbon contaminated soils.

4.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

Continued operation and monitoring of the bioventing system at the POL Yard, followed by additional soil sampling, is recommended to further reduce fuel hydrocarbon concentrations in site soils. Because the deeper smear zone soils will continue to be effectively treated by the bioventing system only during times of relatively low groundwater levels, several additional years of bioventing system operation may be required to reduce concentrations of fuel hydrocarbons in these soils to below MDEQ generic residential drinking water protection criteria. The following specific actions are recommended for Sites SS-06 and ST-40:

• Continue operation and monitoring of the bioventing system;

- Conduct annual soil gas sampling and respiration testing during low water table conditions to monitor remediation progress; and
- Collect and analyze additional soil samples after soil gas TVH concentrations and respiration rates asymptotically reach low levels.

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APPENDIX A FINAL CONFIRMATION SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PLAN

FINAL

Confirmation Sampling and Analysis Plan POL Yard, Sites SS-06 and ST-40



Wurtsmith Air Force Base Michigan

Prepared For

Air Force Center for Environmental Excellence Brooks Air Force Base San Antonio, Texas

and

Air Force Base Conversion Agency/OL-T Oscoda, Michigan

September 1998



FINAL

CONFIRMATION SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PLAN FOR POL YARD, SITES SS-06 AND ST-40 WURTSMITH AIR FORCE BASE MICHIGAN

Prepared for:
Air Force Center for Environmental Excellence
Brooks Air Force Base, San Antonio, Texas

and

Air Force Base Conversion Agency/OL-T Oscoda, Michigan

September 1998

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AFB Air Force Base

AFBCA Air Force Base Conversion Agency

AFCEE Air Force Center for Environmental Excellence

AS Air Station

AST aboveground storage tank

ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials

bgs below ground surface

BTEX benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes

°C degrees centigrade cfm cubic feet per minute

COPC chemical of potential concern
DOT US Department of Transportation

DQO data quality objective
DRO diesel-range organics
ES Engineering-Science, Inc.
FSP Field Sampling Plan
GC gas chromatography
GRO gasoline-range organics

HPLC high-performance liquid chromatography

IDW investigation-derived waste
IRP Installation Restoration Program

IS internal standard JP jet propulsion

LCS laboratory control sample
LNAPL light nonaqueous-phase liquid
mg/kg milligrams per kilogram
mg/L milligrams per liter
μg/kg micrograms per kilogram

MDEQ Michigan Department of Environmental Quality

MDL method detection limit

MDNR Michigan Department of Natural Resources

micrograms per liter

MP monitoring point msl mean sea level

MS/MSD matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate
NBS National Bureau of Standards
NFRAP no further response action planned
PAH polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon
Parsons ES Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.

PCE tetrachloroethene

PID photoionization detector

POL petroleum, oils, and lubricants

ppmv parts per million, volume per volume

 $\mu g/L$

POL practical quantiation limit

PR percent recovery

PRL project reporting limit
QA quality assurance

QAPP Quality Assurance Project Plan

QC quality control

RBCA risk-based corrective action

RF response factor

RPD relative percent difference

RT retention time

SAP sampling and analysis plan SDG sample delivery group SQL sample quantition limit SVE soil vapor extraction

SVOC semivolatile organic compound

TCE trichloroethene

TEH total extractable hydrocarbons

TMB trimethylbenzene

TRPH total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons

TVH total volatile hydrocarbons

TVHA total volatile hydrocarbon analyzer

UCL upper confidence limit

US United States

USCS Unified Soil Classification System
USEPA US Environmental Protection Agency

USGS US Geological Survey
UST underground storage tank
VOC volatile organic compound

VW vent well

INTRODUCTION

This confirmation sampling and analysis plan (SAP) for the Petroleum, Oils, and Lubricants (POL) Yard, Sites SS-06 and ST-40, at Wurtsmith Air Force Base (AFB), Michigan, has been prepared by Parsons Engineering Science, Inc. (Parsons ES) for submittal to the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ); the United States (US) Air Force Center for Environmental Excellence (AFCEE), Brooks AFB, Texas; and the Air Force Base Conversion Agency/OL-T (AFBCA), Oscoda, Michigan. MDEQ provides oversight of underground storage tank (UST) work at Wurtsmith AFB. This SAP is intended to guide soil sampling at Sites SS-06 and ST-40 to document the effectiveness of remediation of petroleum-hydrocarbon-contaminated soils. Site SS-06, which encompasses the POL Yard, is the location of several former aboveground storage tanks (ASTs) and USTs which contained JP-4 (jet propulsion) fuel. Site ST-40, situated in the north-central portion of Site SS-06, is the location of a former UST that contained waste oil. At each site, petroleum products have been released to the subsurface environment and have contaminated site soils and groundwater.

In 1995, Site SS-06 was selected as a pilot test and full-scale remediation site for the AFCEE Extended Bioventing Program. This ongoing program involves 52 in situ bioventing sites at 32 military installations nationwide and provides funding for pilot-and full-scale bioventing system installation, extended operation of installed bioventing systems, and completion of confirmatory soil sampling and site closure documents, if extended bioventing testing results indicate adequate site remediation has been achieved.

The pilot-scale bioventing system was installed and initial pilot testing was performed at Site SS-06 in July 1996 (Parsons ES, 1996a and 1996b). The purpose of the pilot test was to evaluate the effectiveness of bioventing in remediating unsaturated soils contaminated with petroleum hydrocarbons (JP-4) released from the former ASTs and USTs. Following initial testing, a full-scale bioventing system was designed and installed at the site in July and August 1996. The full-scale bioventing system was optimized, and system operation continued for 1 year. One-year testing was performed in September 1997 to assess system performance and remediation progress. Based on the results of the 1-year test, in situ bioventing appeared to have reduced petroleum-hydrocarbon contamination in site soils, but additional bioventing treatment was required to further reduce contaminant concentrations to meet MDEQ (1998c) generic residential drinking water protection criteria for several compounds. Following 1-year testing, the bioventing system was restarted to continue soil remediation for an additional year (September 1997 to September 1998). Based on the results of 1-year

testing and the estimated additional remediation to be achieved during the second year of system operation, it is anticipated that the concentration of all petroleum hydrocarbons in site soils will be reduced to levels below MDEQ (1998c) generic cleanup criteria.

The soil sampling effort is being performed as part of the AFCEE Extended Bioventing project. The objective of the confirmation soil sampling is to document the effectiveness of soil remediation at Sites SS-06 and ST-40, and to demonstrate compliance with MDEQ requirements for closure. The proposed confirmation sampling described in Section 5 targets vadose zone (unsaturated) soils beneath and adjacent to the bermed areas of the POL Yard. If soil confirmation sampling results demonstrate that MDEO (1998c) generic residential drinking water protection criteria (see Section 3 of this SAP) have been met for all analytes of concern, then the data will be used to support a no-further-response-action-planned (NFRAP) decision. In this event, Parsons ES will prepare an NFRAP decision document for vadose zone soils at the POL Yard, and will recommend that the bioventing system be shut down and decommissioned. However, if soil confirmation sampling results demonstrate that any analyte exceeds the MDEQ generic residential drinking water protection criteria, then Parsons ES will prepare a results report in which the recommendation will be made to continue operating the bioventing system until generic residential cleanup criteria are met for all analytes.

This SAP consists of 10 sections, including this introduction, and four appendices. Section 2 includes a site description, site history, and summaries of previous investigations and remediation activities. Section 3 summarizes MDEQ cleanup criteria and requirements. Section 4 describes the soil gas sampling and in situ respiration testing to be performed following the second full year of bioventing treatment. Detailed sampling and analysis procedures for confirmation soil sampling are presented in Section 5. Analytical results from the soil sampling effort will be presented in a confirmation sampling report as described in Section 6. Section 7 lists Wurtsmith AFB support requirements, and Section 8 presents the proposed project schedule. Air Force, regulatory, and contractor points of contact are provided in Section 9, and the cited references are provided in Section 10. Appendix A contains the Soil Sampling Grid Determination, the Field Sampling Plan (FSP) is included as Appendix B, Appendix C contains the Standard Operating Procedures for USEPA Method SW8260B, and the Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) is included as Appendix D.

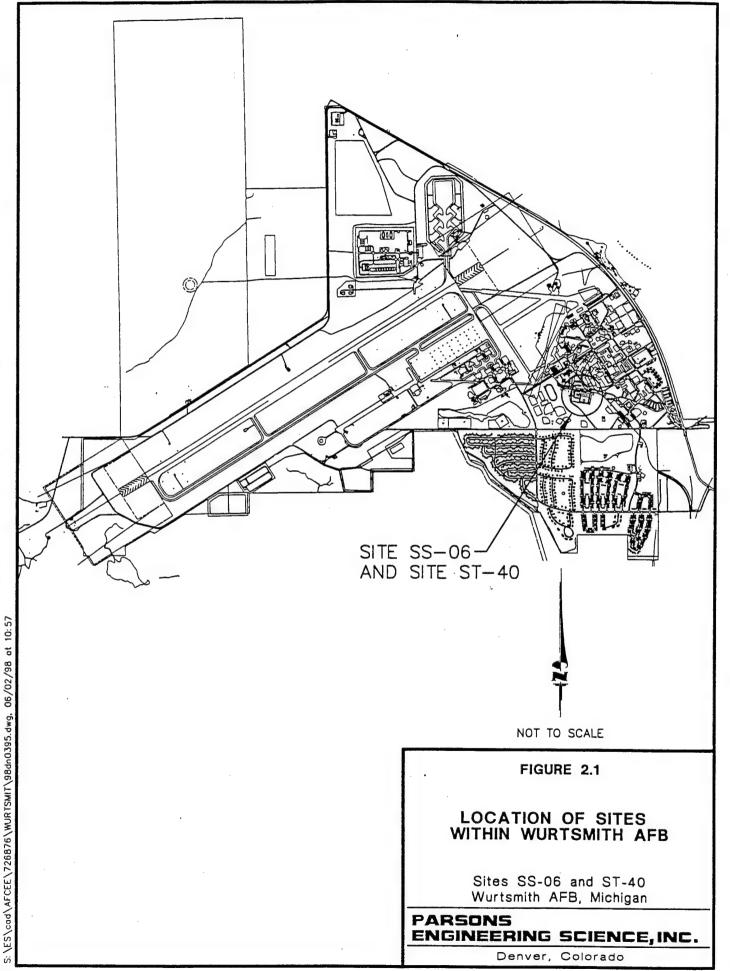
SITE DESCRIPTION

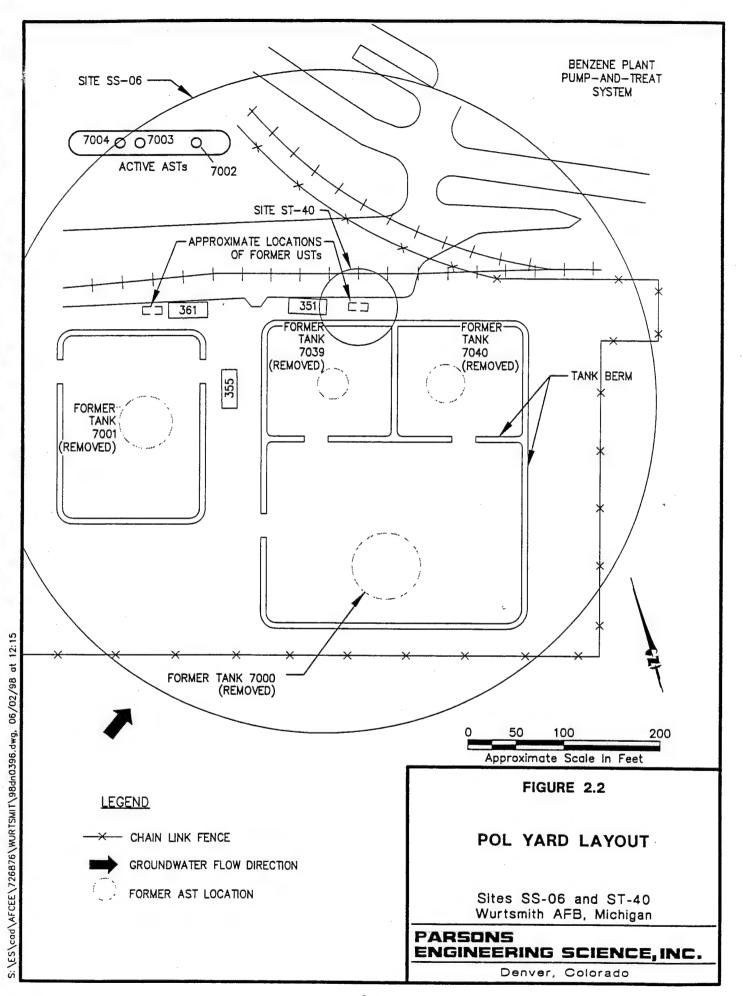
2.1 SITE LOCATION AND HISTORY

Wurtsmith AFB, located near Oscoda, Michigan, is presently undergoing base closure activities. Site SS-06, a former POL bulk storage facility, is located in the eastern portion of the base as shown on Figure 2.1. A detailed layout of Site SS-06, which is inclusive of Site ST-40, is shown on Figure 2.2. With the exception of three active ASTs, which are located northwest of the main bermed area, the site is vacant and inactive. The four largest ASTs (Tanks 7000, 7001, 7039, and 7040), which were located within bermed areas and contained JP-4 jet fuel, were removed between 1992 and 1996. Two USTs, located immediately north of the bermed areas, also have been removed from the site. A waste oil UST, formerly located east of Building 351, was removed in 1990, and a waste JP-4 UST located on the west side of Building 361 was removed in 1996. The three active ASTs (Tanks 7002, 7003, and 7004) that remain on the site provide JP-4 for current airport activities. A groundwater pump-and-treat system (referred to as the Benzene Plant), located approximately 400 feet northeast of the POL Yard, was installed to treat groundwater contaminated with benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX), and a free-phase product plume originating at the POL Yard.

Several investigations were conducted at and downgradient from Sites SS-06 and ST-40 between 1979 and 1997 to characterize the nature and extent of fuel hydrocarbons in subsurface media. The primary contaminants at this site are fuel-related petroleum hydrocarbons, which have been detected in the soil gas, soils, and groundwater. The source of the hydrocarbon contamination is thought to be leaks from the former JP-4 tanks and underground JP-4 pipelines. In 1996, bioventing pilot testing was performed, and a full-scale bioventing system was installed by Parsons ES to remediate site soils. In September 1997, Parsons ES collected additional soil gas samples and performed *in situ* respiration testing to evaluate soil remediation progress. These investigations and remedial actions are described in Section 2.3.

In the fall of 1997, Amtech performed a soil vapor extraction (SVE) and air sparging pilot test between Site SS-06 and the Benzene Plant to determine the effectiveness of these technologies at remediating petroleum-contaminated unsaturated soils and groundwater, respectively (Paul Rekowski, 1998). Additional sampling to further delineate the area to be remediated and full-scale SVE/air sparging system installation was performed in the summer of 1998. The system was installed approximately 100 to 300 feet northeast of Site SS-06, and is scheduled for startup in December 1998 (John Ratz, 1998).





2.2 SITE GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY

The geology of Wurtsmith AFB consists of approximately 140 to 200 feet of unconsolidated deposits overlying the Mississippian-aged Marshall Formation sandstone and Coldwater Shale bedrock (US Geological Survey [USGS], 1990). Based on soil borings drilled in 1996 during installation of the full-scale bioventing system, the shallow unconsolidated deposits underlying Sites SS-06 and ST-40 consist predominantly of fine- to medium-grained sand (Parsons ES, 1996b).

Shallow groundwater at the site is unconfined (i.e., under water table conditions) and occurs at a depth of approximately 20 feet below ground surface (bgs). The groundwater flow direction beneath Sites SS-06 and ST-40 is to the northeast, toward the Benzene Plant pump-and-treat system. There is no surface water in the immediate vicinity of Sites SS-06 and ST-40.

2.3 PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS

2.3.1 Investigations from 1979 Through 1985

A USGS investigation conducted at Wurtsmith AFB in 1979 detected benzene, toluene, and other organic compounds in groundwater in the vicinity of Site SS-06 (Cummins and Twenter, 1986). Subsequent investigations characterized the nature and extent of the dissolved petroleum hydrocarbon plume, which apparently originated at the POL Yard. Soil contamination at the POL Yard was not investigated during these early investigations.

2.3.2 1995 Investigations by ICF Technology and Brown & Root Environmental

In July 1994, a passive soil gas survey was conducted by ICF Technology (1995) to assess the extent of JP-4 jet fuel contamination in the soils at the POL Yard. The survey was conducted by installing sorbent collection devices 3 feet bgs at 83 locations within and adjacent to the POL Yard. The devices were retrieved after 1 month and analyzed for BTEX and other selected hydrocarbons. Soil gas results from the ICF Technology survey indicated high concentrations of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs) within the bermed area, immediately adjacent to the former location of Tank 7000.

In 1995, ICF Technology (1995) and Brown & Root Environmental (1995) collected soil samples from borings within and adjacent to the POL Yard to further delineate the extent of soil contamination at the site. Soil samples collected by Brown & Root were primarily from borings completed near the buried JP-4 fuel lines, and soil samples collected by ICF Technology were concentrated near the former AST locations. Soil boring locations are shown on Figure 2.3. Soils were analyzed for VOCs, polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), and lead. Analytical results indicated detectable concentrations of BTEX, PAH, lead, and carbon disulfide in soil. Soil analytical results for the ICF Technology and Brown & Root investigations are included on Table 2.1.

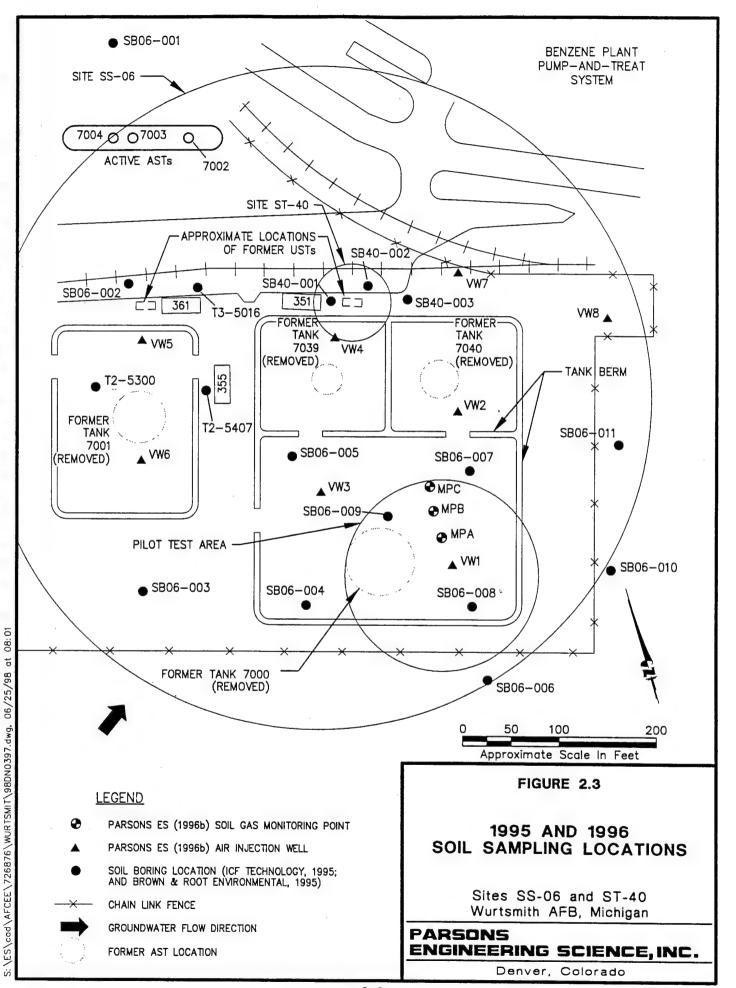


TABLE 2.1 SUMMARY OF 1995 AND 1996 SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS SITES SS-06 AND ST-40 WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN

Detected Analytes	nalytes Units	TEH" (mg/kg) ^b	Benzene (µg/kg)	Toluene (µg/kg)	Ethylbenzene (µg/kg)	Total Xylenes (µg/kg)	Acenaphthene (µg/kg)	Anthracene (µg/kg)	Chrysene (µg/kg)	Fluoranthehe (µg/kg)	Fluorene (µg/kg)	Naphthalene (µg/kg)	Naphthalene Phenanthrene (198/Kg) (198/Kg)	Pyrene (µg/kg)	Carbon Disulfide (µg/kg)	Lead (mg/kg)	Acetone (µg/kg)	PCE" (IIB/KB)
	MDEQ Criteria	No	100	16,000	1,500	9,600	300,000	41,000	NLL.	720,000	390,000	17,000	12,000	470,000	16,000	316	15,000	100
Sample Location	Sample Depth (feet bgs)																	
Parsons ES (1996b) Data															:			
VWI-18	18 - 20	523	,	-	2,030	18,900	1	1	1	1	1	1,110	i	1	A N	NA	NA	Ϋ́
MPA-11	10 - 12	309	:	:	580	4,190	:	•	:	!	:	379	:	:	Ϋ́Z	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	Y Z
MPB-18	17 - 19	751	į	i	7,080	34.500	i	ŀ	i	:	;	1,170	;	•	۲×	Ν	Ν	Ϋ́
MPC-18	17 - 19	699	}	1	3,600	18,500	!	-	-	****	1	1,370		1	Y N	Ϋ́	NA	××
VW2-16	15 - 17	499	, f09	1091	2,680	12,900		-	-	228	78.3	828	425	1	٧X	N	Ν	Z
VW3-19	19 - 20	246	-	573	870	4,580	;	-	1	109		406	204		٧X	N	Ν	Ϋ́
VW4-19	18 - 20	535	1	-	9,630	41,800	;	87.8	į	172	47	2,910	332	i	NA	NA	NA	X
VW5-18	17 - 19	220	i	851	2,300	9.820	-		****			473	102	į	ΥN	Ϋ́	Y Y	Y X
VW7-21	20 - 22	746	ŧ	250	3,710	15,600	l	***	10.9	586	92.6	919	587	1	V :	Ý.	¥ ;	¥:
VW8-21	20 - 22	2,960	:	1	24.600	161,000	:		:	4/8	202	0/9'6	090'1	:	NA NA	٧ ٧	¥ Z	Y V
ICF (1995) Data																		
SULE SS-DB	4-4	V.	į	i		ļ									1.71			
100.0000	5 - 6	2 2	!		1 9											0 94		
	14 - 16	¥	į	3.01	:	i		1	i	1	į	1,300	320	1	7	1.2	1	l
SB06-002	11-6	X	:	:	**	016		!	\$		***	. ;	:			0.88	į	:
	14 - 16	Y.	i	:	1	3,900	1	1	:	:	-	1	110	011	***	0.87		}
	19 - 21	Y Z	i	i	i	830	!	1		1	:	1		1	;	1	:	1
SB06-003	4.6	Y Z	:	:	:	000	-	1	:	I	300	740	430	:	:	;	:	ì
	0-11	Z :	:	:	:	3,000	i	1	:	1	20	130	0	•	:	:	:	i
	14-16	Z :	į	i	:	18,000	1	1	1	ļ	240	040	300	ŀ	:	1 8	i	1
SB06-004	o -	K 2	1		1	: 2	1 8	1	******	İ	973	070	1	1	6 0 0	7.67		!
SB06:006	016	X X				2071	3 1				2 !	000				7 0		
	19.5 - 21.5	Y X	1	i	:	:	:		ļ	i	1	į	1	1	1	2.8	,i	ļ
SB06-007	4 - 6	NA	-	į	•	9.6		****	1	-	1	-	****	;	7.1	*		ł
:	9.11	NA	1	i	83	45.0	†	-	i	!	I	1	i	-	=	!	:	:
	14 - 16	V V		1		0.1	-			1 1 1	;		:	•	01	:	:	•
SB06-008	9-4	Y :	i		ŀ	13,000	!	!	:	i	270	099	270	:		: :	1	ŀ
	9-11	Y :	:	-	į	20,000	1	:	ì	:	260	520	061	;	!	7.7	i	i
		Y :	****	:		21,000		*	*	4	95	-	-		1 2 2	:	*	1
(Duplicate)	ate) 14-16	¥ ;	i	:	:	37,000	ŀ	!	i	ŀ	130	240	1	į	:	2.4	:	i
5000-0035	D 1	2 2			•	20,000	•	0 0 0 0	•	:	0,1	200,00	1 1 0 0		4	5.22	!	•
	14.16	2 2				23,000					190	3,300				36.0		
SB06-011	9-9	YZ.	1	-	-		****	:	***	:	: :		i	1		0	:	!
	9-11	AN	:	1	:		i	:	****	***	44	-	1 0 0	i	1 1 2	-	;	!
	19 - 21	NA A	:	•	1	1,400	!	l	1	1	;	1	1	!	1	1	:	:
SB06-012	4-6	NA NA		į	:	i	:	!	i	i	ļ	!	į	;	:	1.3	1	!
		YZ.	1	i	1	-	i	1	1	1	!	1	1	:	į	=	:	i
(Duplicate)	ate) 9 - 11	¥	:			-	!		****							6		

SUMMARY OF 1995 AND 1996 SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS SITES SS-06 AND ST-40 WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN TABLE 2.1 (Continued)

						Total									Carbon		-	
Detected Analytes		TEH	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	Acenaphthene Anthracene Chrysene Fluoranthene Fluorene Naphthalene Phenanthrene	Anthracene	Chrysene	Fluoranthene	Fluorene	Naphthalene	Phenanthrene	Pyrene	Disulfide	Lead	Acetone	PCE*
Units		(mg/kg) ^{b/}	(mg/kg)* (µg/kg) (µg/kg)	(µg/kg)	(µg/kg)	(HB/KB)	(µg/kg)	(µg/kg)	(µg/kg)	(µg/kg)	(µg/kg)	(µg/kg)	(µg/kg)	(µg/kg)	(µg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(ug/kg)	(FIE/RE)
W	MDEQ Criteria 6' No 4'	°, oʻ	001	16,000	1,500	9,600	300,000	41,000	NLL "	720,000	390,000	17,000	12,000	470,000	16,000	21 °	15,000	100
Sample Location	Sample Depth (feet bgs)																	
SITE ST-40		1																
SB40.001	4 - 6	NA	-	1	-	1		l	-	ł	ŀ	i	į	1	6.6	7.9	į	1
	9.11	¥Z	*	•		000'69	1	1	***	1	-	*	1	1	1	7.4	-	-
	14 - 16	Y.	****	4 2 4 4		2,200	-	-	*****			650	1	-	-	1.1		i
	19 - 21	Ϋ́	****	-	***	006'9	***	1	-	1	170	2,000	400		i	7.6	;	1
SB40-002	4-6	٧X	4 5 4	1	1		****	-	į	****	į	1	;	-		0.98	36J	6.3
	9-11	٧X	1	1	1	0.09	•	ļ	i	1	1	•	:	1	19,000	1.4	:	1
	14 - 16	××		1	1	35,000	1	1	1	-		870	110	****	9 6	1.0	-	-
	19 - 21	٧Z	:	1	*	6,200	1	1	-		011	920	210		-	0.87	:	1 9 9
SB40-003	9-+	Ϋ́	2.91	1	1	1	i	•	1	:	1	1		0 0 0	8.4	1.2	41	:
		٧Z	2.4]	:	****	*		:		*****		:	•	****	8 0	76.0	:	į
(Duplicate)	9 - 11	NA	2.73	1 1 1	*	•	1	1	1	i	:	1	+	1	31	13.6		!
Brown & Root (1995)																		
SITE SS-06																		
T2-5300	Unknown	:	į	1	1	:	1	:	1	!	i	1	1	1	NA		NA	NA A
T2-5407	Unknown	1	!	-		41.00	****		-	!	-	1		-	Ϋ́Z	:	NA	Y.
T3-5016	01	2,720 €.	:	550		29,000	1		ł	7,200		5,800	8,100	6,400	Ϋ́	21	Ϋ́	NA A
											- Christian							

Note. Analytical results that exceeded generic MDEQ and soil cleanup criteria have been outlined

* TEH = total extractable hydrocarbons; PCE = perchloroethene or tetrachloroethene.

nig:kg-milligrams per kilogram; µg/kg = micrograms per kilogram

◆ No MDEQ criterion has been established for this compound.

* Generic soil criteria for residential drinking water protection (MDEQ, 1998a, 1998c)

* NLL = Chemical is not likely to leach under most soil conditions (MDEQ, 1998a).

Value represents state-wide background level.

* = Sample result less than method detection limit. Vouttined results exceed MDEQ criteria shown.

7 NA = sample not analyzed for this compound.

Sample result is the sum of the diesel-range organic (DRO) fraction (1,900 mg/kg) and the gasoline-range organic (GRO) fraction (820 mg/kg). i J = Indicates a laboratory estimated value, compound was detected, but below the laboratory reporting limit,...

2.3.3 1996 and 1997 Investigations and Bioventing System Installation and Operation by Parsons ES

Between July 1996 and September 1997, Parsons ES (1996b and 1997) conducted a soil gas survey; installed and tested a pilot-scale bioventing system; designed, installed, and optimized a full-scale bioventing soil remediation system at Sites SS-06 and ST-40, and monitored the system for 1 year. Soil and soil gas sampling activities were performed during installation of the pilot- and full-scale bioventing systems. Additional soil gas sampling and *in situ* respiration testing were conducted in September 1997, following 1 year of full-scale bioventing system operation. A detailed description of the bioventing system design and initial site activities is provided in the *Bioventing Pilot Test Results and Full-Scale System Installation Report for POL Yard, Sites SS-06 and ST-40* (Parsons ES, 1996b), and 1-year testing results are described in the *1-Year Results Report for Full-Scale Bioventing at the POL Yard, Sites SS-06 and ST-40* (Parsons ES, 1997). Bioventing pilot testing and soil gas and soil sampling results are summarized in the following subsections.

2.3.3.1 Soil Gas Survey

A soil gas survey of the POL Yard was conducted by Parsons ES in July 1996, prior to conducting the bioventing pilot test, to determine the extent of soil contamination and determine the optimum locations for bioventing air injection vent wells (VWs) and vapor monitoring points (MPs). Soil contamination was evaluated in July 1996 by measuring oxygen and total volatile hydrocarbon (TVH) concentrations in soil gas samples collected from 26 locations (SG-1 through SG-5 and SG-7 through SG-27) in the vicinity of the former ASTs and USTs. A truck-mounted, direct-push Geoprobe® was used to collect soil gas samples. Soil gas survey results and sampling locations are shown on Figure 2.4.

The majority of soil gas samples were collected approximately 1 to 2 feet above the groundwater surface, at sampling depths ranging from 16 to 19 feet bgs. Soil gas samples collected from within the bermed areas surrounding the former ASTs and from locations immediately north and east of the bermed areas had depleted oxygen concentrations (< 3 percent), elevated carbon dioxide concentrations (> 5 percent), and TVH concentrations exceeding 2,000 parts per million, volume per volume (ppmv). Anoxic conditions in subsurface soil gas are indicative of significant soil contamination and increased biological activity. Figure 2.4 presents the results of the soil gas survey and delineates the approximate extent of source area soils designated for bioventing remediation. The full extent of "smear zone" soil contamination northeast of the site, in the direction of the Benzene Plant pump-and-treat system, was not determined by the soil gas survey.

2.3.3.2 Bioventing System

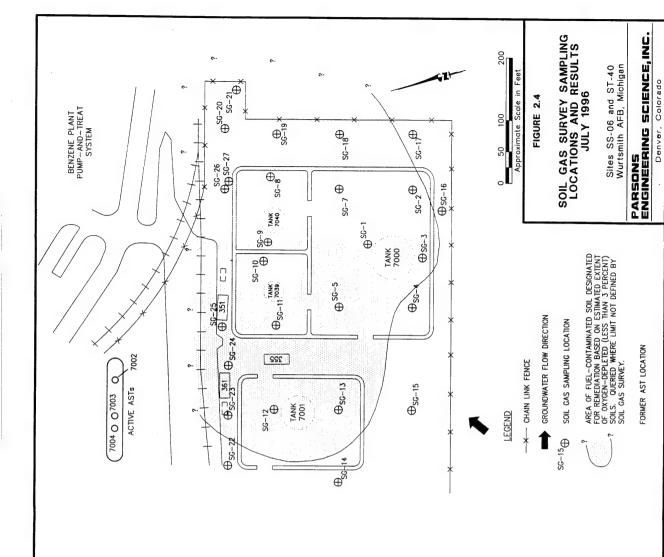
In July 1996, a pilot-scale bioventing system was installed and tested at Sites SS-06 and ST-40 by Parsons ES as part of the AFCEE Extended Bioventing program (Contract No. F41624-92-D-8036, Order 17). Under this program, Site SS-06 (including Site ST-40) was funded for pilot-scale bioventing system installation and testing, installation of a full-scale bioventing system, and 2 years of extended system

SOIL GAS SAMPLING RESULTS
PARSONS ENGINEERING SCIENCE – ULLY 22-23, 1996 INVESTIGATION
SITES SS-06 AND ST-40
WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN

	/d(vmqq)	11,600	12,800	10,400	400	0096	10,400	6,800	11,200	>20,000 c/	19,200	1,800	1,240	720	1,160	200	5,200	6,800	2,400	5,200	260	8,800	>20,000	20,000	10,000	1,480	The second second
MICHIGAN	CO ₂ (%)	12.0	9.5	12.0	4.5	12.9	13.2	13.0	12.7	9.0	12.5	13.0	6.3	1.2	11.5	12.0	13.5	11.0	14.0	16.0	6.8	14.0	11.5	13.0	13.0	5.0	100000
ArB,	02(%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	17.8	4.2	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.0	
MOLINON	DEPTH (ft bgs) ⁰ /	18	18	18	18	18	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	17	16	17	18	18	18	18	20	20	18	18	19	11	
	LOCATION	SG-1	SG-2	SG-3	SG-4	SG5	2C-7	8G-8	SG-10	SG-11	SG-12	SG-13	SG-14	SG-15	SG-16	SG-17	SG-18	SG-19	SG-20	SG-21	SG-22	SG-23	SG-24	SG-25	SG-26	SG-27	,
																										_	

- a/ APPROXIMATE DEPTH IN FEET BELOW GROUND SURFACE
- b/ TVH = TOTAL VOLATILE HYDROCARBONS; ppmv= PARTS PER MILLON, VOLUME, TNH CONCENTRATIONS OVER 10,000 ppmv WRRE MEASURED USING A DILUTION VALVE AT THE INLET OF THE TVH ANALYZER.
- c/ FIELD READING EXCEEDS DISPLAY LIMIT FOR METER OF 20,000 ppmv.

5-9



operation with maintenance and monitoring. In anticipation that 2 years of full-scale bioventing system operation would effectively reduce petroleum-hydrocarbon contamination in unsaturated soils, funding also was provided for confirmatory soil sampling and site closure documents.

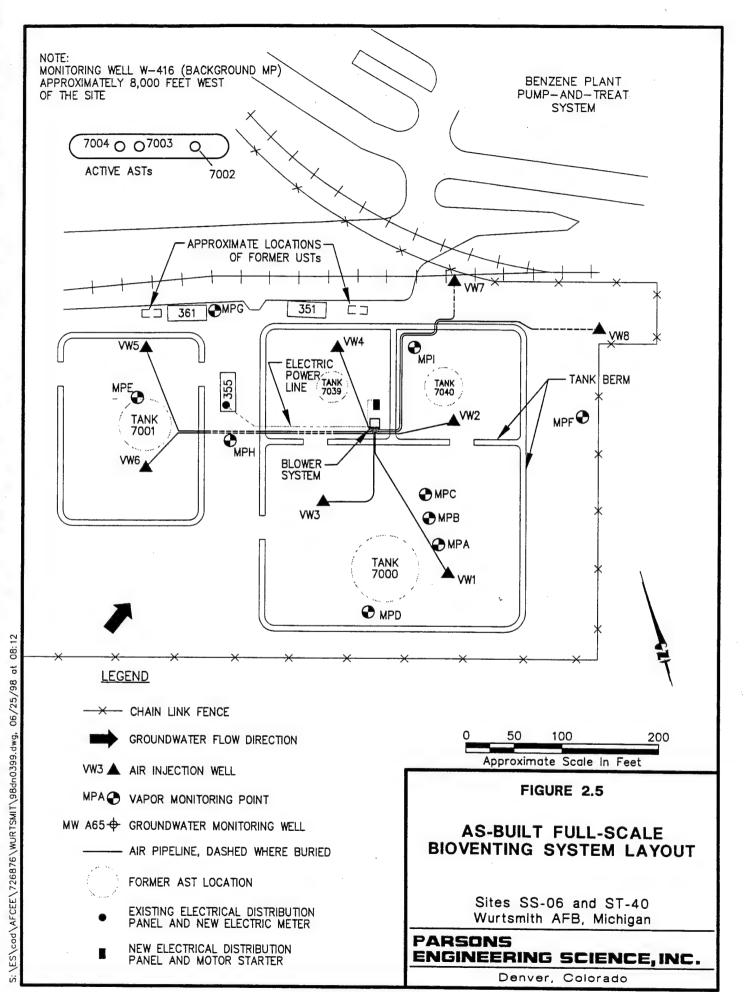
Following the successful testing of the pilot-scale bioventing system, a full-scale system was designed and installed in July and August 1996. The full-scale bioventing system is shown on Figure 2.5. The full-scale bioventing system consists of eight VWs, nine MPs, and a blower unit. During installation of the pilot-scale system, respiration and air permeability testing and soil and soil gas sampling were performed. Based on the results of the oxygen influence and air permeability test performed during installation of the pilot-scale system, the long-term radius of oxygen influence was expected to exceed 65 feet at depths between 5 and 14 feet bgs and 100 feet at depths between 14 and 20 feet bgs.

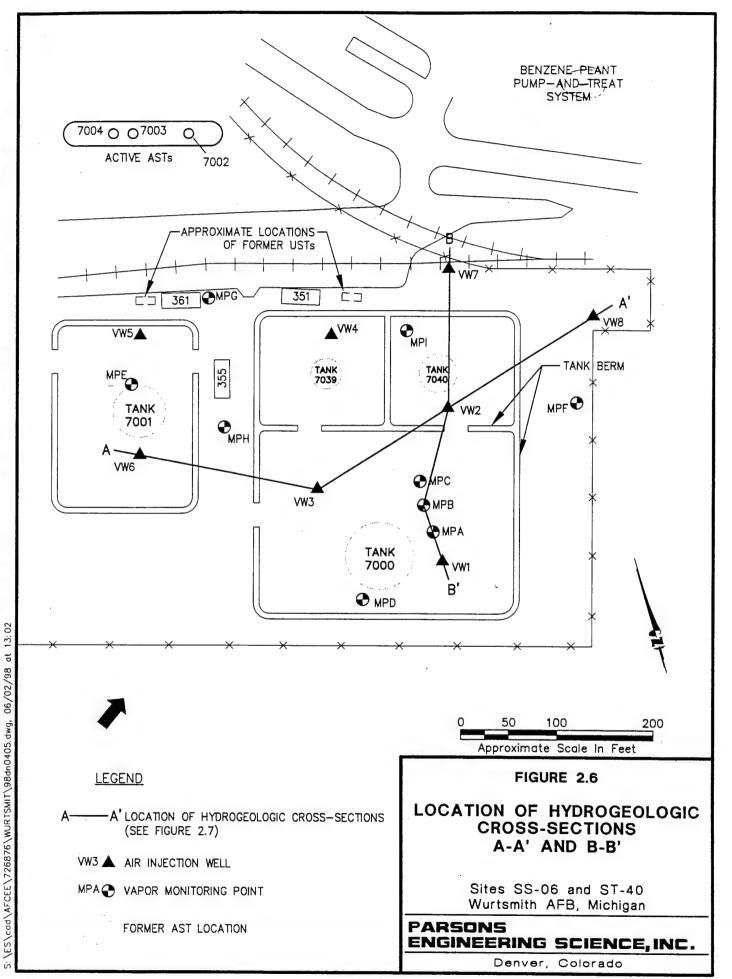
The full-scale bioventing system was started and optimized in September 1996, and was operated continuously from September 1996 until August 1997. In August 1997, the system was shut down for 36 days to allow soils and soil gas to return to equilibrium conditions in order to compare initial and 1-year site conditions. Following the 36-day shutdown period, soil gas samples were collected and *in situ* respiration testing was performed from 15 through 18 September 1997. The blower system was restarted following 1-year testing to continue bioventing treatment of site soils. Results of the initial soil sampling, initial and 1-year soil gas sampling, and initial and 1-year respiration testing are presented in the following subsections.

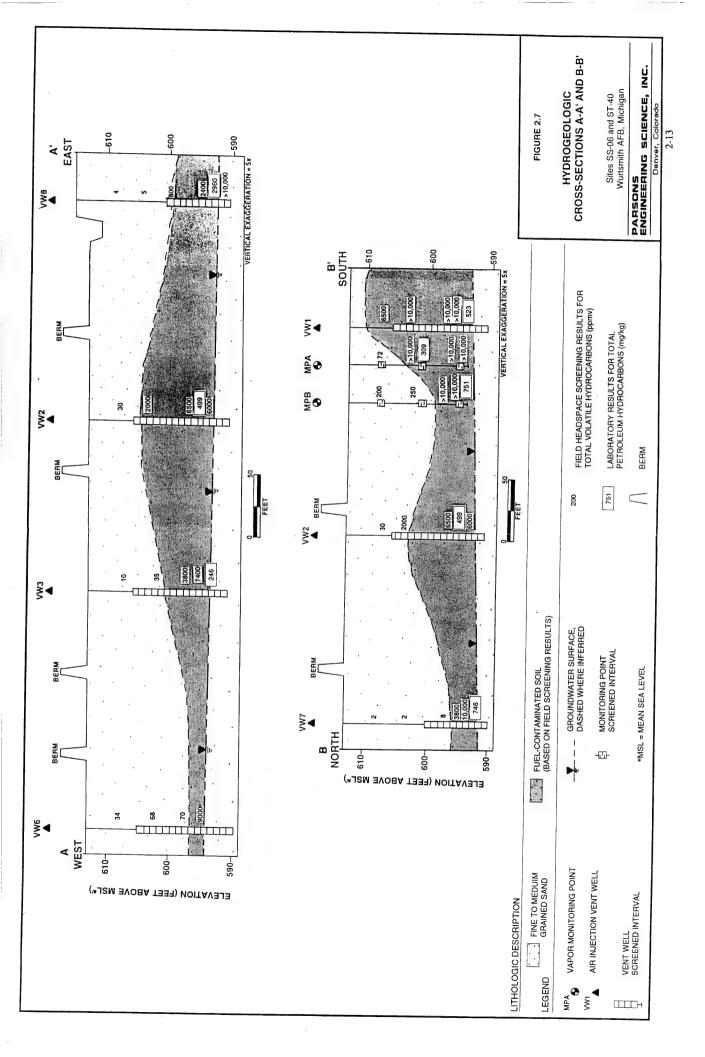
2.3.3.2.1 Initial Soil Sampling Results

Soil samples were collected from borings completed at 11 locations during installation of bioventing VWs and MPs. Soil samples were collected at 5-foot intervals during drilling and field-screened using a direct-reading TVH meter for headspace analysis. Headspace analysis results were used to determine the presence of contamination and to select soil samples for laboratory analysis. Contaminated soils were identified based on odor, staining, and headspace TVH field screening results. The locations of two hydrogeologic cross-sections for the full-scale bioventing system are shown on Figure 2.6, and the cross-sections are depicted on Figure 2.7.

Soil samples were analyzed for several parameters, including total extractable hydrocarbons (TEH), BTEX, and PAHs. Analytical results indicated significant fuel hydrocarbon contamination in all 10 samples submitted for laboratory analysis. Xylenes and ethylbenzene were the only compounds detected above MDEQ (1998a) generic cleanup criteria of 5,600 micrograms per kilogram (µg/kg) and 1,500 µg/kg, respectively. Table 2.1 summarizes the laboratory results and highlights those results that exceed MDEQ generic soil cleanup criteria for groundwater protection (i.e., the most stringent of the generic soil cleanup criteria). PAHs and other BTEX compounds also were detected, but at concentrations below MDEQ criteria. TEH results ranged







from 220 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) at VW5-18 to 2,960 mg/kg at VW8-21. Soil cleanup criteria for TEH have not been established by MDEQ.

2.3.3.2.2 Initial and 1-Year Soil Gas Chemistry Results

During bioventing system pilot testing and prior to starting the full-scale bioventing system, initial soil gas samples were collected from the VWs and MPs to establish baseline values. Soil gas oxygen, carbon dioxide, and TVH concentrations were measured using direct-reading field instruments, and samples from eight locations were submitted for laboratory analysis of TVH and BTEX. Table 2.2 presents the initial soil gas chemistry results at the full-scale MPs and VWs.

At all sampling locations, soil gas oxygen concentrations were below the atmospheric concentration of approximately 21 percent. Oxygen depletion was evident at VW7 and VW8, but not to the same degree as in the source area soils. The low oxygen concentrations observed at the full-scale system VWs and MPs correspond to high TVH concentrations (ranging from 2,400 to greater than 20,000 ppmv). Similarly, the results indicate significant soil contamination and biological activity in contaminated soils.

Field screening and collection of 1-year soil gas samples for laboratory analyses were performed from 15 through 17 September 1997, following approximately 1 year of system operation and 1 month of system shutdown. Soil gas samples were collected from the VWs, each MP screened interval, and groundwater monitoring wells MW-A64 and MW-A66. Samples were field-screened to assess soil gas concentrations of oxygen, carbon dioxide, and TVH. As can be seen from the results presented in Table 2.2, field TVH measurements and laboratory results indicate petroleum-hydrocarbon contamination in unsaturated soils decreased significantly at most locations as the result of the first year of full-scale bioventing system operation.

Static oxygen concentrations in soil gas samples collected from three of the VWs (VW2, VW3, and VW6) have increased considerably with continued bioventing at the site, while static oxygen concentrations have remained at or less than 0.5 percent at VW1, VW4, VW5, and all MPs (Table 2.2). One-year oxygen concentrations at VW7 and VW8 were 8.5 and 7.0 percent, respectively; these concentrations are basically the same as initial conditions and reflect the fact that fuel contamination in these locations is limited to a thin smear zone associated with the groundwater surface. Depleted soil gas oxygen concentrations measured at most locations indicate that aerobic hydrocarbon biodegradation rates remain relatively high and exceed the rate at which oxygen can naturally diffuse into the soils from the ground surface and adjacent uncontaminated areas. Natural diffusion of oxygen into the soils is greatly restricted at this site because of the impermeable liners covering most of the site. However, these results suggest that significant substrate (total fuel hydrocarbons) remained in unsaturated site soils at the end of the first year of full-scale bioventing.

Although soil gas field screening results for oxygen suggest that a significant mass of biodegradable fuel hydrocarbons remained in site soils, soil gas field TVH measurements and laboratory results for TVH and BTEX in soil gas indicated a substantial reduction of residual fuel hydrocarbons in soils at most locations following 1

TABLE 2.2
INITIAL AND 1-YEAR SOIL GAS FIELD AND LABORATORY ANALYTICAL RESULTS

SITES SS-06 AND ST-40 WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN

			Field	Field Screening Data	Data		Laborato	Laboratory Analytical Dataa	l Data ^{a/}		
	Screen			Carbon					Ethyl-		Total
Sampling	Depth	Sampling	Oxygen	Dioxide	$\mathrm{TVH}^{\mathrm{p}_{\prime}}$	TVH	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylenes	BTEX
Location	(ft bgs) ^{c/}	Event ^{d/}		(percent)	(ppmv) ^{e/}	(ppmv)	(hpmv)	(ppmv)	(vindd)	(nudd)	(vindd)
VWI	7-22	Initial	0.0		> 20,000	ß	1	-	1	9 9	1 2 2
		1-Year	0.0	10.8	17,000			:		!	i
VW2	7-22	Initial	0.0	14.2	8,000	į		;	!	ļ	1
		1-Year	1.8	0.6	A	ŀ	1	;	l		1
VW3	7-22	Initial	0.0	13.0	5,600	1	i) 	-	1	1
		1-Year	5.0	7.0	320	•	1	!	;	9 3 8 9	-
VW4	8-23	Initial		88.	> 20,000	•	-	-	į	***	1
		1-Year	0.5	4.5	340	i	:	-	-	i	1
VW5	8-23	Initial	0.0		> 20,000	!	•	į	1	l	1
		1-Year	0.0	9.5	2,000	!	!	:	!		
9MA	8-23	Initial	0.0	13.4	11,200			ł	Ì	1	l
		1-Year	8.9	3.5	400	-	!	1	1	!	!
VW7	13-23	Initial	7.8	7.5	4,600	1	ŀ		l	!	1
		I-Ycar	8.5	6.2	260	i	i	-	**	**	!
VW8	14-24	Initial	8.9	9.2	2,400	i	!	ļ	İ	1	.
		1-Year	7.0	9.2	1,120	-	1	:	:	!	!
MPA	5	Initial	0.0	12.2	17,200	1	3 8	ļ			į
		1-Year	0.0	10.8	440		2 9 8 8	1 1 1 1	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1
MPA	11	Initial	0.0		> 20,000	22,000	_{/4} W 69	100	31	65	265
		1-Year	0.0	-	2,000	1,500	< 0.11	.37	0.25 M	1.4 M	2.02
MPA	81	Initial	0.0		> 20,000	1	:	!	ł	ļ	-
		1-Year	0.0	10.6	6,800	1 1 2 4	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1		!	1
MPB	5	Initial	2.0	10.2	17,600	İ	į	1	į	ł	ļ
		I-Year	0.5	10.5	280	1	!	1	1 1 6	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	:
MPB	12	Initial	0.0		> 20,000	i	8 8 8	į	ļ	į	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		1-Year	0.0	11.4	1,780	1		1	i	-	
MPB	18	Initial 1-Year	0.0	12.1 > 11.5	> 20,000 16,000	25,000 7,100	70 < 0.53	110	33	76 130	289

TABLE 2.2 (Continued)
INITIAL AND 1-YEAR SOIL GAS FIELD AND LABORATORY ANALYTICAL RESULTS
SITES SS-06 AND ST-40
WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN

			Field	rield Screening Data	Data		Laborato	Laboratory Analytical Data"	Data"		
	Screen			Carbon					Ethyl-		Total
Sampling	Depth	Sampling	Oxygen	Dioxide	'TVHb/	TVH	Benzene	Toluene	benzene	Xylenes	BTEX
Location	(the pgs)	Event ^{d/}	(percent)	(percent)	(ppmv) ^{e/}	(hbmv)	(bpmv)	(bpmv)	(nudd)	(nudd)	(bpmv)
MPC	5	Initial	0.0		> 20,000	24,000	58	120	32	70	280
		1-Year	0.0	12.0	1,240	570	< 0.11	1.7	1.3	3.3	6.3
MPC	12	Initial	0.0	11.0	19,200		1	1	i	į	1
		1-Year	0.0	12.5	5,600	1,	!	i	!	ļ	
MPC	18	Initial	0.0	11.0	> 20,000	20,000	57	94	26	58	235
		1-Year	0.0	12.8	19,200	11,000	<1.1	25 M	12	64 M	101
MPD	12	Initial	0.0	13.1	6,000	1	1	1	!	;	!
		1-Year	0.0	14.5	10,400	11,000	<1.1	23 M	14	58	95
MPD	18	Initial	0.0	13.2	4,000	16,000	38	66	34	40	211
		1-Year	NS'	NS	NS			1		1	-
MPE	18	Initial	0.0		> 20,000	1	!	!	-	1	
		1-Year	0.0	10.7	4,000	6,300	< 2.66	12	20	130 M	162
MPF	20	Initial	0.0	13.8	3,600	!		!	-	į	}
		1-Year	SZ	SZ	SN	!	f		ļ	1 1 5 8	ļ
MPG	18	Initial	0.0	10.4	> 20,000	$38,000^{1/}$	145 ^j / M	/ _j 96	30,	541/	325
		1-Year	0.0	14.0	16,400	18,000	< 1.1	61 M	23 M	110 M	194
MPH	18	Initial	0.0	7.8	19,600	21,000	43	61	14	26	144
		1-Year	0.4	14.0	4,000	7 4 4	1	:	•		
MPI	18	Initial	0.0	13.8	008'6	15,000	55	81	20	34	190
		1-Year	0.0	15.0	19,200	32,000	< 5.4	41 M	76	130 M	197
MW-A64	N/A ^{k/}	Initial	1.0		> 20,000	İ		1	1	1	1
		1-Year	0.0	14.0	16,400	-	i	1	i	1	1
MW-A66	$N/A^{k'}$	Initial	SN		NS		1	ļ	ł	l	•
		I-Year	0.0	15.2	> 20,000		1	;	•	ļ	!
W-416	81-8	Initial	20.5	0.7	91	•	-	1	İ	1	İ
(Background)	(þi	1-Year	!	1	ŀ	!	:	-	į	i	

INITIAL AND 1-YEAR SOIL GAS FIELD AND LABORATORY ANALYTICAL RESULTS TABLE 2.2 (Continued)

SITES SS-06 AND ST-40

WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN

b' TVII = total volatile hydrocarbons.

c' ft bgs = feet below ground surface.

 u Soil gas sampling performed in July and August 1996 (Initial), and September 1997 (1-Year). u ppnnv = parts per million, volume per volume. u = not analyzed.

^B Field TVII measurement not documented in the field book.

 $^{\text{IV}}$ M = Laboratory reported value may be biased due to apparent matrix interferences.

V NS = No sample collected; MP was flooded.

 $^{J^{\prime}}$ Result averaged with duplicate sample result. M N/A = Information not available.

^{at} Laboratory analysis of soil gas performed using USEPA Method TO-3. Laboratory TVH referenced to jet fuel (MW=156).

year of bioventing system operation. Soil gas field TVH screening results presented in Table 2.2 indicate a 1 to 2 order of magnitude reduction at 9 of 24 VW and MP locations, less than 1 order of magnitude reduction at 10 locations, and an increase at 2 locations (MPD-12 and MPI-18). Comparison between initial and 1-year data for 3 locations (VW2, MPD-18, and MPF-20) could not be made due to insufficient data.

Soil gas samples for laboratory TVH and BTEX analyses were collected at eight locations before bioventing system startup (initial), and at eight locations following 1 year of system operation (1-year). Six of the eight sampling locations were the same for the initial and 1-year sampling events. As can be seen from the results at MPA-11, MPB-18, MPC-5, MPC-18, and MPG-18, total BTEX and TVH concentrations in soil gas were reduced between approximately 40 and 99 percent during the first year of system operation. The only exception to this trend was the soil gas sample for MPI-18, which showed an increase in TVH concentration (15,000 to 32,000 ppmv) and a slight increase in total BTEX concentration (190 to 197 ppmv) after 1 year of system operation. Although an overall decrease in total BTEX concentration was observed. results for xylenes indicate increased concentrations of this compound at 4 locations (MPB-18, MPC-18, MPG-18, and MPI-18). The apparent increase in xylenes at three of these locations may be the result of the 1-year laboratory-reported values being biased due to matrix interference. Field and analytical soil gas results suggested a significant degree of remediation of hydrocarbon contaminants in the unsaturated soils at Sites SS-06 and ST-40. However, these results also indicated that sufficient fuel hydrocarbons remained in unsaturated soils to warrant continued bioventing treatment.

2.3.3.2.3 In Situ Respiration Test Results

Initial and 1-year *in situ* respiration (oxygen utilization) testing was performed at the POL Yard in August 1996 and September 1997, respectively. Table 2.3 summarizes initial and 1-year respiration and fuel biodegradation rates at the site. Observed oxygen utilization and calculated fuel biodegradation rates decreased at two locations (MPA-11 and MPE-18) and increased at two locations (MPC-12 and MPC-18) following 1 year of full-scale bioventing system operation. Although the results were mixed, the average rates for these four locations decreased approximately 25 percent compared with the initial rates. Initial respiration testing was not performed at MPG and MPH, so comparisons with the 1-year rates cannot be made for these locations.

Oxygen utilization and fuel biodegradation rates typically decrease with continued bioventing as the lighter, more readily biodegraded hydrocarbons are preferentially destroyed over more biologically recalcitrant, higher-molecular-weight hydrocarbons. As demonstrated by the soil gas results presented in Table 2.2 and *in situ* respiration testing results presented in Table 2.3, fuel hydrocarbon concentrations have been significantly reduced, but sufficient hydrocarbons remained in the unsaturated soils to sustain moderate respiration rates.

2.4 SOIL SAMPLING RESULTS SUMMARY

Soil sampling results for the 1995 and 1996 investigations indicated significant petroleum-hydrocarbon contamination in vadose zone soils beneath Sites SS-06 and ST-40. The greatest extent and generally highest concentrations of soil contamination

1,080	1,000	930	1,910	1.680
0.19	0.18	0.19	0.40	0.35
1	1	-		1
0.15	0.15	0.44		1 1 2
MPC-12	MPC-18	MPE-18	MPG-18	MPH-18

³ Location-Depth gives screened interval location and depth below ground surface (bgs).

 $^{^{}b'}$ % O_2 /hr = percent oxygen per hour.

e Initial and 1-Year biodegradation rates based on moisture content of the soil during initial sampling. 1-year soil sampling was not performed.

 $^{^{\}omega}$ mg/kg/year = milligrams of hydrocarbons per kilogram of soil per year.

e' ---- = not measured or not calculated.

at Sites SS-06 and ST-40 have been detected in a smear zone located approximately between 17 and 21 feet bgs. In localized areas near VW5, VW1, SB06-008, and the former Site ST-40 UST the vertical extent of soil contamination is much greater, with contamination beginning between about 1 foot bgs (VW5) to 9 feet bgs (Site ST-40), and extending downward to the groundwater surface at depths between 18 and 21 feet bgs. The distribution of vadose zone contamination suggests that the areas near VW5, VW1/SB06-008, and the former Site ST-40 UST are locations of previous fuel releases. Petroleum hydrocarbons appear to have migrated vertically from these assumed release locations to the groundwater surface, then have become smeared through capillary fringe soils while migrating horizontally in the direction of groundwater flow (northeast).

Table 2.1 summarizes soil sampling results and highlights values exceeding MDEQ generic soil leaching cleanup criteria for protection of residential groundwater. Prebioventing ethylbenzene and total xylenes soil concentrations exceeded the residential soil leaching criteria at several locations, indicating that these petroleum constituents should be considered chemicals of potential concern (COPCs) at Sites SS-06 and ST-40. Based on the general reduction of BTEX concentrations observed during the 1-year soil gas sampling event, it is anticipated that ethylbenzene and xylenes concentrations in site soils will meet applicable MDEQ cleanup criteria after 2 years of full-scale air injection bioventing at the site. MDEQ cleanup criteria applicable to Sites SS-06 and ST-40 are further discussed in Section 3.

SITE CLEANUP REQUIREMENTS

3.1 SITE CHARACTERIZATION REQUIREMENTS

The objective of confirmatory soil sampling is to support a NFRAP recommendation for the soils contaminated by JP-4 jet fuel in the vicinity of the former ASTs and USTs. These soil sampling results will be used, as appropriate, to pursue formal closure of vadose zone soils at Sites SS-06 and ST-40 with MDEQ. This SAP targets unsaturated soils beneath and in the immediate vicinity of the POL Yard bermed areas.

3.2 STATE SOIL CLEANUP STANDARDS

MDEQ has adopted a tiered, risk-based approach to the remediation of petroleum-hydrocarbon contaminated sites that is similar to the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM, 1995) risk-based corrective action (RBCA) process and Air Force strategy outlined in the *Handbook for Remediation of Petroleum-Contaminated Sites* (AFCEE, 1998). This approach allows for the establishment of site-specific corrective action requirements based on an analysis of potential receptor exposures to chemical contamination at or migrating from the release site. Under the RBCA paradigm, both generic cleanup criteria (developed by MDEQ) and site-specific chemical fate and exposure data can be used to identify the most cost-effective remedial strategy for a particular site.

The first level of evaluation in MDEQ's (1998a) approach, a Tier 1 or screening-level assessment, involves comparing contaminant concentrations measured in site media to MDEQ-defined, nonsite-specific generic cleanup criteria. The generic cleanup criteria are based on conservative exposure assumptions and vary depending on current and foreseeable land use scenarios. MDEQ (1998a, 1998c, and 1998d) has defined generic cleanup criteria for unrestricted (i.e., residential) and industrial and commercial (I, II, III, and IV) land use. These criteria were developed by MDEQ (1998a) using standardized algorithms designed to be health protective of potential human receptors under each land use scenario.

The generic cleanup criteria are used to identify which, if any, contaminants and environmental medium may warrant additional evaluation or remediation to protect human receptors. If measured site concentrations do not exceed the applicable generic cleanup criteria, no additional remedial action is necessary. However, institutional controls such as deed restrictions may be appropriate if industrial/commercial cleanup criteria are used. In the event that measured site concentrations exceed the applicable

generic cleanup criteria, additional corrective action, or a more comprehensive evaluation (i.e., Tier 2), must be pursued.

A Tier 2 evaluation is more comprehensive than a Tier 1 analysis because it requires quantitative contaminant fate and transport calculations and development of site-specific cleanup criteria based on site-specific conditions. The Tier 2 evaluation is used to identify if any unacceptable exposures could occur at the site considering existing contaminant concentrations in site media, potentially completed exposure pathways, and possible receptor scenarios. Although Tier 2 evaluations usually involve a more rigorous analysis, they result in a more focused evaluation of those contaminants that actually pose a risk to potential receptors.

3.3 CLEANUP CRITERIA FOR THE POL YARD

3.3.1 Land Use, Migration and Exposure Routes, and Potential Receptors

The current and projected future land use of Sites SS-06 and ST-40 is industrial. A two-lane road and railroad tracks are located north of Sites SS-06 and ST-40, and vacant land is located adjacent to the east, west, and south sides of the site. The sites are planned to remain industrial, with the northwest portion of the site being used as an active bulk fuel storage area for the airport operations. The sites are surrounded by a chain-link fence and locked gates restrict access to only authorized personnel.

It is anticipated that the most significant contaminant migration pathway resulting from soil contamination at Sites SS-06 and ST-40 is leaching of contaminants from soil to groundwater. Currently, there is no on-base beneficial use of groundwater from the shallow aquifer. Wurtsmith AFB obtains its drinking water from the local municipality. As a result, exposure of onsite and off-site human receptors to site contaminants through ingestion of, inhalation of, or dermal contact with contaminants in groundwater extracted for potable use is unlikely. Chemicals in groundwater at Sites SS-06 and ST-40 do not reach surface water because groundwater in the vicinity is pumped and treated before it reaches any surface water body (ICF Kaiser, 1998).

Current and future onsite workers and future construction workers are likely to represent the primary human receptor populations. The potential exposure routes for these population groups include inhalation of fugitive dust, dermal contact with soil, and incidental ingestion of soil. Dermal contact with groundwater is not expected because of the typical depth of the water table at these sites (i.e., 17 to 21 feet bgs). However, the actual exposure potential for current and future onsite workers and future construction workers is expected to be minimal. Site access restrictions will limit exposure to onsite workers. Additionally, the unused USTs and ASTs have been removed, and the associated piping has been abandoned. Therefore, most construction/demolition activities at the site have been completed, and the potential for worker exposure to contaminated soil is minimal. Soil sampling results from previous investigations (Table 2.1) indicate that soil contamination appears to be significant only within soils located greater than 4 feet bgs (Table 2.1; Figure 2.7). No ecological receptors are likely to be exposed to contaminants in impacted site media under current or anticipated future land uses, because the site has been so highly disturbed that adequate permanent habitat does not exist.

3.3.2 Tier 1 Cleanup Criteria

Based on the land use assumptions and potential exposure pathways described in the previous section, the generic MDEQ cleanup criteria appropriate for Tier 1 screening of unsaturated soils at Sites SS-06 and ST-40 include the cleanup criteria for industrial and commercial (II, III, and IV) land uses (MDEQ, 1998d). Site contaminant concentrations measured in soil (maximum concentration, unless noted otherwise), as determined during the 1995 and 1996 sampling efforts are presented in Table 3.1 along with MDEQ-defined cleanup criteria. Generic cleanup criteria for soil that are protective of underlying groundwater and that are health-protective for the direct exposure pathways are provided. As discussed in the Final Feasibility Report for Sites SS-06, ST-40, SS-13, and OT-46 (ICF Kaiser, 1998), conditions in the POL Yard do not pose unacceptable risks to human health if the Benzene Plant pump-and-treat system continues to operate until generic industrial drinking water criteria are satisfied. However, because generic residential drinking water criteria must be met at the base boundary, soil cleanup criteria which are designed to ensure contaminants do not leach from site soils and cause groundwater to exceed residential drinking water protection criteria have been used as conservative screening criteria to determine the COPCs to be analyzed for during confirmation sampling.

As shown on Table 3.1, the only pre-bioventing contaminants detected in site soils at concentrations exceeding the most stringent cleanup criteria (i.e., soil leaching criteria that affords residential drinking water protection) are ethylbenzene and total xylenes at Site SS-06, and total xylenes and carbon disulfide at Site ST-40. Benzene, acetone, and tetrachloroethene (PCE) were not detected at concentrations above generic soil cleanup criteria; however, some sample reporting limits for these compounds exceeded the most stringent soil cleanup criteria (ICF Kaiser, 1998). The highest reporting limits for these compounds exceeded the MDEQ (1998c) generic residential drinking water protection criteria. The elevated reporting limits presumably are the result of sample dilution that was required due to high concentrations of other analytes (typically xylenes) in these soil samples. Based on this comparison, these nondetected compounds are conservatively considered COPCs. Consequently, benzene, acetone, and PCE, along with ethylbenzene, xylenes, and carbon disulfide, are targeted for the confirmation sampling event, as described in Section 5.

Lead and naphthalene have not been retained as COPCs for Sites SS-06 and ST-40. Although lead concentrations in three subsurface soil samples were at or exceeded the statewide default background level of 21,000 μ g/kg, lead was eliminated as a COPC following a statistical analysis of analytical results for lead (ICF Kaiser, 1998). MDEQ (1995a and 1995b) allows for the use of representative concentrations (such as the 95-percent upper confidence limit [UCL]) for comparison with Tier 1 criteria. The 95-percent UCL value for lead at the POL Yard was conservatively calculated in the Final Remedial Investigation report (ICF Kaiser, 1998) to be 5,400 μ g/kg, which is well below the state default background level. Naphthalene, which originally was considered a COPC for the site (MDEQ, 1998b), is not included for confirmation sampling because the pre-bioventing maximum site concentration (6,400 μ g/kg) is below the revised generic soil cleanup criterion of 17,000 μ g/kg for residential drinking water protection (MDEQ, 1998b and 1998c).

TABLE 3.1 IDENTIFICATION OF CHEMICALS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN FOR UNSATURATED SOILS SITES SS-06 AND ST-40 WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN

Compound	Units	Site Concentration [®]	MDEQ Generic Residential Drinking Water Protection Criteria	MDEQ Generic Industrial and Commercial Drinking Water Protection Criteria	MDEQ Generic Industrial Direct Contact Criteria ^d	Statewide Default Background Levels ^e	Concentration Exceeds
Compound	Unis	Concentiation	Water Flotection Cineria	Water Flotection Criteria	Contact Citteria	Levels	Criteria
SITE SS-06 Volatile Organic Compounds							
Benzene	μg∕kg ^t ′	6,800 ²	100	100	4.0E+05	NA ^h	Yes
Toluene	μg/kg	550	16,000	16,000	2.5E+05	NA	No
Ethylbenzene	μg/kg	24,600	1,500	1,500	1.4E+05	NA	Yes
Total Xylenes Carbon Disulfide	μg∕kg μg∕kg	161,000 14	5,600 16,000	5,600 46,000	1.5E+05 2.8E+05	NA NA	Yes
Tetrachloroethene	μg/kg	5.04'	100	100	8.8E+04	NA NA	No No
PAHs	HB/NB	3.0	100	100	8.82704	NA	NO
Acenaphthene	μg/kg	100	3.0E+05	8.7E+05	8.1E+08	NA	No
Acenaphthylene	μg/kg	130 [®]	2.900	8,500			
Anthracene	µg∕kg µg∕kg	87.8	41,000	41,000	1.6E+07 1.0E+09	NA NA	No No
Chrysene	μg/kg	10.9	NLL ^V	NLL NLL	2.1E+07	NA NA	No
Fluoranthene	μg/kg	7,200	7.2E+05	7.2E+05	5.4E+08	NA NA	No No
Fluorene	μg/kg	390	3.9E+05	8.9E+05	5.4E+08	NA NA	No
Naphthalene	μg/kg	6,400	17,000	50,000	1.6E+08	NA	No
Phenanthrene	μg/kg	1,060	12,000	34,000	1.6E+07	NA	No
Pyrene	μg/kg	6,400	4.70E+05	4.70E+05	3.4E+08	NA	No
Metals							
Lead	μg/kg	5,400 ^{i/}	NA	NA	9.00E+05	21,000	No
SITE ST-40 Volatile Organic Compounds							
Benzene	μg/kg	28,0002/	100	100	4.0E+05	NA	Yes
Toluene	μg/kg	1.01	16,000	16,000	2.5E+05	NA	No
Ethylbenzene	μg/kg	1.0 ^g ′	1,500	1,500	1.4E+05	NA.	No
Total Xylenes	μg/kg	69,000	5,600	5,600	1.5E+05	NA	Yes
Acetone	μg/kg	280,000*	15,000	42,000	7.4E+07	NA	Yes
Carbon Disulfide	μg/kg	19,000	16,000	46,000	. 2.8E+05	NA	Yes
Tetrachloroethene	μg/kg	28,000°	100	100	8.8E+04	NA	Yes
PAHs							
Acenaphthene	μg/kg	100€	3.0E+05	8.7E+05	8.1E+08	NA	No
Acenaphthylene	μg/kg	100*	2,900	8,500	1.6E+07	NA.	No
Anthracene	μg/kg	100 ^s /	41,000	41,000	1.0E+09	NA.	No
Chrysene	μg/kg	100°	NLL	NLL	2.1E+07	NA NA	
Fluoranthene	μg/kg	100°	7.2E+05				No
Fluorene	μg/kg μg/kg	170	7.2E+05 3.9E+05	7.2E+05 8.9E+05	5.4E+08 5.4E+08	NA NA	No
Naphthalene	μg/kg	920	17,000	50,000	1.6E+08	NA NA	No No
Phenanthrene	μg/kg	400	12,000	34,000	1.6E+07	'NA	No No
Pyrene	μg/kg	100"	4.70E+05	4.70E+05	3.4E+08	NA	No
Metals						1161	140
Lead	na/ka	5,400 ^{i/}	1.000	1 000	0.005.05	31.000	
Lead	μg/kg	3,400	1,000	1,000	9.00E+05	21,000	No

NOTE: Site maximum concentrations that exceed a MDEQ-defined soil cleanup criterion have been shaded for easy reference.

Maximum concentration detected during ICF Technology (1995), Brown & Root Environmental (1995), and Parsons ES (1996b) investigations except as noted.

b/ Soil leaching criterion that is protective of underlying groundwater for residential potable use (MDEQ, 1998a; 1998c).

c' Soil leaching criterion that is protective of underlying groundwater for industrial/commercial potable use (MDEQ, 1998a; 1998d).

Health-protective value to protect workers from long-term, systemic health effects from incidental ingestion and dermal absorption of chemicals in soil (MDEQ, 1998a; 1998d).

Statewide background default levels from Part 201 Training Manual (MDEQ, 1998a).

mg/kg = micrograms per kilogram.

ger Representative concentration is maximum detection limit for high nondetect value.

^{lν} NA = Not applicable.

NLL = Chemical is not likely to leach under most soil conditions (MDEQ, 1998a).

Fragmentative concentration is the 95 percent upper confidence limit (UCL) for this compound (ICF Kaiser, 1998).

3.3.3 Additional Evaluation and Actions

Following confirmation soil sampling (Section 5), soil sampling results will be compared to MDEQ (1998d) generic residential soil cleanup criteria. For those soil contaminants with site concentrations below the generic residential cleanup criteria, no further evaluation will be necessary. If some soil contaminants exceed the generic residential cleanup criteria, three options are available; 1) continue bioventing system operation until generic residential criteria are met; 2) develop Tier 2 site-specific cleanup criteria; and 3) pursue closure based on generic industrial cleanup criteria.

Continued operation of the bioventing system until generic residential criteria are met would be the preferable option because it would ultimately result in site closure without restrictions, and it is generally much easier to get regulatory concurrence on meeting generic criteria than with Tier 2 (site-specific) criteria. Pursuing site closure based on generic industrial criteria would involve establishing land-use restrictions, and performing a contaminant fate and transport evaluation and long-term groundwater monitoring to assure that residential groundwater criteria are met at the base boundary.

2-YEAR TESTING AND SOIL GAS SAMPLING FOR FULL-SCALE BIOVENTING

Prior to performing confirmation soil sampling, *in situ* respiration testing and soil gas sampling will be performed at Sites SS-06 and ST-40. Remediation progress as the result of 2 years of full-scale bioventing system operation will be evaluated by comparing the 2-year testing and soil gas sampling results to the initial and 1-year results. Approximately 30 days prior to soil gas sampling and respiration testing, the blower system will be shut down to allow subsurface conditions to return to equilibrium. Parsons ES will contact Wurtsmith AFB personnel to request that the blower be turned off at the appointed time. Soil gas sampling and *in situ* respiration testing procedures are described in detail in the *Draft Final Bioventing Pilot Test and Full-Scale System Installation Work Plan, Sites SS-06 and ST-40, Wurtsmith Air Force Base, Michigan* (Parsons ES, 1996a) and summarized in this section.

4.1 SOIL GAS SAMPLING

Soil gas samples will be collected from the VW and MPs for field and laboratory analyses. Soil gas from the VWs and all MP screened intervals will be analyzed using direct-reading field instruments for oxygen, carbon dioxide, and TVH. Soil gas samples from eight locations (MPA-11, MPB-18, MPC-5, MPC-18, MPD-12, MPE-18, MPG-18, and MPI-18) will be collected in 1-liter SUMMA® canisters in accordance with the *Field Sampling Plan for AFCEE Bioventing* (Engineering-Science, Inc. [ES], 1992) and the site-specific field sampling plan (Appendix B), and submitted for laboratory analysis of BTEX and TVH by US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Method TO-3, with TVH referenced to jet fuel. The soil gas sampling results will be used to determine reductions in BTEX and TVH concentrations during the 2-year period of operation of the full-scale bioventing system.

Soil gas sample canisters will be placed in a small cooler and packed with foam pellets or other material to prevent excessive movement during shipment. Samples will be shipped at ambient temperatures to prevent condensation of hydrocarbons. A chain-of-custody form will be filled out, and the cooler will be shipped to the laboratory for analysis.

4.2 IN SITU RESPIRATION TEST

The objective of the *in situ* respiration test is to determine the rate at which soil bacteria degrade petroleum hydrocarbons. To quantify the changes in respiration rates caused by 2 years of bioventing system operation, respiration tests will be performed at

MPA-11, MPC-12, MPC-18, MPE-18, MPG-18, and MPH-18. Soil gas sampling and respiration testing performed during previous pilot testing and system monitoring events at these six MP locations has provided the following evidence of bacterial biodegradation of petroleum hydrocarbons: depleted oxygen concentrations (0 percent), elevated carbon dioxide concentrations (> 10 percent), and estimated hydrocarbon biodegradation rates > 1,000 mg/kg/year (see Tables 2.2 and 2.3). Using 1-cubic-foot-per-minute (cfm) pumps, air will be injected into approximately six MP depth intervals containing low levels (< 2 percent) of oxygen. A 20-hour air injection period will be used to oxygenate contaminated soils in the vicinity of the MP intervals. At the end of the 20-hour air injection period, the air supply will be cut off, and oxygen, carbon dioxide, and TVH concentrations will be monitored for the following 48 to 72 hours. The decline in oxygen and increase in carbon dioxide concentrations over time will be used to estimate rates of bacterial degradation of fuel The 2-year testing results will be compared with previous results to determine changes in respiration rates resulting from decreases in residual hydrocarbons in unsaturated soils. Additional details on the in situ respiration test can be found in the bioventing protocol document (Hinchee et al., 1992).

CONFIRMATION SOIL SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PLAN

The following SAP describes the sampling locations and procedures and the analytical methods proposed to collect sufficient data to verify remediation of Sites SS-06 and ST-40 soils to MDEQ (1998c) generic residential cleanup criteria and support a NFRAP recommendation for the sites. The sampling strategy discussed in this section was developed using recommendations in the *Guidance Document for Verification of Soil Remediation* (Guidance Document) (Michigan Department of Natural Resources [MDNR], 1994).

As described in Section 2, soil contamination at Sites SS-06 and ST-40 was characterized during the 1995 and 1996 investigations. Based on results from these investigations, petroleum-hydrocarbon contamination exceeding one or more of MDEQ (1998c) generic residential cleanup criteria appear to have been confined to vadose zone soils between 1 and 21 feet bgs, but predominantly between 17 and 21 feet bgs. To verify that petroleum hydrocarbon contaminants in site soils have been remediated to within acceptable levels, Parsons ES proposes to sample subsurface soils within the area of soil contamination determined based on previous soil and soil gas sampling results.

5.1 SAMPLING STRATEGY

The sampling strategy presented in this SAP combines a statistically random strategy combined with a biased strategy that targets previously-identified hot spots. The statistically random strategy is described in the Guidance Document (MDNR, 1994) and employs the use of gridding to facilitate the unbiased selection of sampling locations, and statistical tools for evaluating the resulting data. Because of the relatively large size of the POL Yard site, the goal of the statistically random strategy is to provide a 95 percent confidence level of determining any hot spot concentrations of residual fuel hydrocarbons remaining in site soils after 2 years of bioventing remediation. In addition to the random strategy, four soil sampling locations are proposed for areas with previously identified high concentrations of fuel hydrocarbons to confirm that these former hot spots have been adequately remediated.

Sampling locations for the random strategy were determined, following procedures described in the Guidance Document (MDNR, 1994), by first establishing a grid for the site, then selecting a subset of grid stations using a random numbers table. Although greater than the calculated value suggested in the Guidance Document (MDNR, 1994), a 50-foot grid interval was selected for this site based on the relatively large size of the site and the continuity and relative consistency of the smear zone.

Only the grid stations within the area of previously detected contamination were included in the set used for selecting the sampling locations. The proposed sampling locations and grid are shown on Figure 5.1. Soil samples for laboratory analysis will be collected at 13 grid stations selected using a random numbers table and at four additional locations (25 percent of the 66 grid stations within the contaminated area) to allow a data pool large enough for statistical analysis. The four additional locations were selected in order to increase the confidence level of determining any hot spots remaining in site soils following remediation, by resampling locations where ethylbenzene and total xylenes previously exceeded their respective MDEQ (1998d) generic cleanup criterion. Supporting calculations for the random sampling strategy are presented in Appendix A.

Because the greatest extent and highest concentrations of fuel hydrocarbons were previously detected in the smear zone, the proposed sampling strategy focuses on this zone. Contamination was detected in soils above the smear zone only in a few areas, which are likely the original fuel release locations. Outside the suspected fuel release areas, vadose zone soil contamination is restricted to within approximately 5 feet of the groundwater surface. Therefore, the majority of soil samples submitted for laboratory analysis will be collected from the smear zone. Soil samples collected above the smear zone will be submitted for laboratory analysis only if field headspace screening results indicate the presence of hydrocarbon contamination, or if the samples are collected in areas where shallow contamination previously has been identified. The number of soil samples, soil sampling procedures, and the analytical methods proposed for the confirmation soil sampling event are described in the following sections.

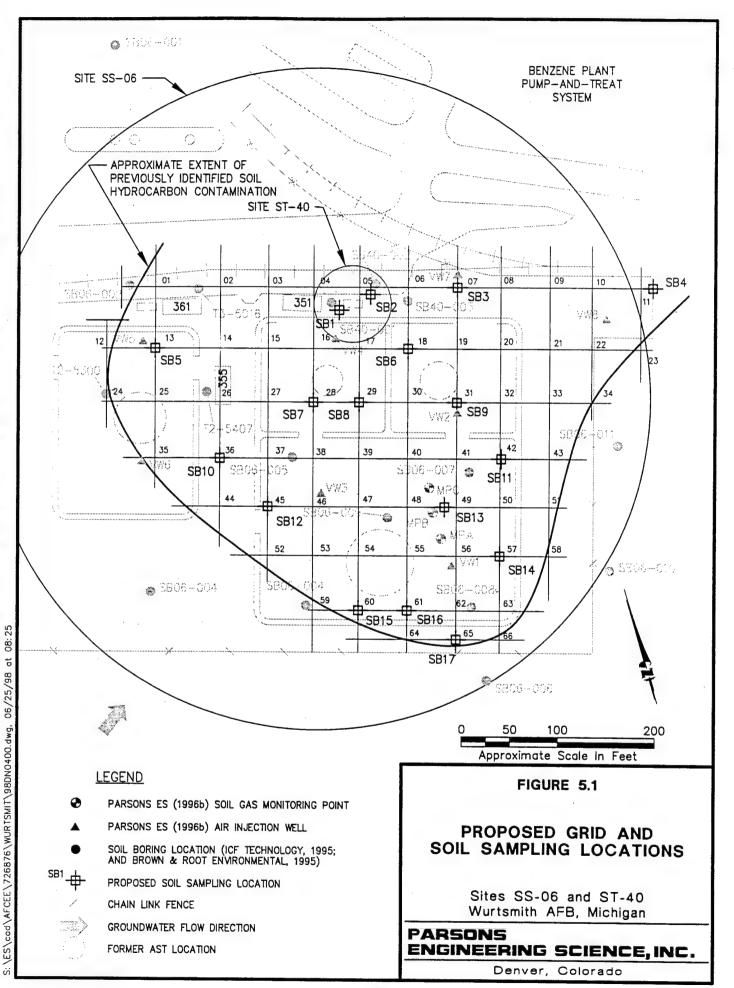
5.2 SOIL SAMPLING

This section describes the scope of work required for collecting confirmation soil samples at Sites SS-06 and ST-40. Soil samples will be collected at an estimated 17 locations. One or two soil samples will be collected at each location. A maximum of two additional locations may be sampled if field screening results indicate significant contamination extending beyond the proposed sampling area. Proposed borehole locations are shown on Figure 5.1.

Soil sampling will be conducted by qualified Parsons ES scientists and technicians trained in the conduct of soil sampling, records documentation, and chain-of-custody procedures. In order to provide complete documentation of the sampling event, detailed records will be maintained by the Parsons ES field hydrogeologist. In addition, sampling personnel will have thoroughly reviewed this SAP prior to sample collection and will have a copy available onsite for reference. Additional details of sampling procedures are presented in Appendix B, the FSP.

5.2.1 Sample Collection

Soil samples will be collected using a Geoprobe® system, a hydraulically powered percussion/probing machine capable of advancing sampling tools through unconsolidated soils. This system provides for the rapid collection of soil samples at



shallow depths while minimizing the generation of investigation-derived waste (IDW) materials.

For the confirmation sampling event, each borehole will be advanced to no less than 1 foot above the groundwater surface; maximum sampling depths are expected to be between 16 and 20 feet bgs. At soil borings where shallow contamination has been identified or is suspected due to the close proximity of former USTs or ASTs (proposed locations SB1, SB2, SB5, SB9, SB13, SB14, SB15 and SB16), soil samples will be collected at 5-foot intervals (5, 10 and 15 feet bgs) from ground surface to the top of the smear zone at 16 feet bgs. These samples will be field-screened for VOCs and examined for physical evidence of contamination. A sample also will be collected from the smear zone between 16 and 20 feet bgs. At soil borings where contamination is present in the smear zone only, based on results of previous investigations (SB3, SB4, SB6, SB7, SB8, SB10, SB11, SB12, and SB17), the probe will be driven to the smear zone, and only one sample will be collected between 16 and 20 feet bgs.

The majority of soil samples submitted for laboratory analysis will be collected from the smear zone (16 to 20 feet bgs). Soil samples collected above the smear zone (0 to 16 feet bgs) will be submitted for laboratory analysis only if field headspace screening results indicate the presence of hydrocarbon contamination or if the samples are collected in areas with previously identified shallow contamination. Based on field screening results, a minimum of one and maximum of two samples with the greatest apparent contamination from each borehole will be selected and submitted for laboratory analysis.

Discrete soil samples collected during the proposed confirmation sampling effort will be classified according to the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS) and described in accordance with the standard Parsons ES soil description format. However, continuous sampling will not be performed because soils at the site have been characterized in previous investigation efforts as uniform, well-sorted silica sands from beneath the berm liner to the groundwater surface. All soil samples will be visually examined and field screened for VOCs using a photoionization detector (PID) or a total volatile hydrocarbon analyzer (TVHA).

Samples selected for laboratory analysis will be transferred directly from the Geoprobe® core sampler to EnCore™ samplers and sealed according to manufacturer-recommended procedures. Soil samples for laboratory analysis will be immediately placed in an insulated cooler containing ice. The soil samples will be maintained in a chilled condition until delivered to the analytical laboratory. The remaining soil not included in the laboratory sample will be removed from the Geoprobe® sampler for field TVH screening and lithologic logging. In the laboratory, soil samples to be submitted for laboratory analysis will be transferred from the EnCore™ samplers to soil sample vials and preserved with methanol in the laboratory within 48 hours of sample collection as described in USEPA Method SW5035. Soil samples will be analyzed using USEPA Method SW8260B for BTEX, trimethylbenzenes, butylbenzenes, isopropylbenzenes, carbon disulfide, acetone, and PCE, as listed in Table 5.1. After the samples for laboratory analysis have been collected, chain-of-custody procedures

TABLE 5.1 PROPOSED SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL METHODS, REPORTING LIMITS, AND NUMBER OF SAMPLES

SITES SS-06 AND ST-40 WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN

	Maximum			Field or
	Number of	Reporting		Fixed-Base
Analytical Method	Samples ^{a/}	Limit ^{b/}	Units ^{c/}	Laboratory
USEPA Method SW8260B				
Benzene	23	2.0	μg/kg	Fixed-base
Toluene	23	5.0	μg/kg	Fixed-base
Ethylbenzene	23	3.0	μg/kg	Fixed-base
m-Xylene	23	3.0	μg/kg	Fixed-base
o-Xylene	23	5.0	μg/kg	Fixed-base
p-Xylene [.]	23	7.0	μg/kg	Fixed-base
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	23	7.0	μg/kg	Fixed-base
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	23	3.0	μg/kg	Fixed-base
n-Butylbenzene	23	5.0	μg/kg	Fixed-base
sec-Butylbenzene	23	7.0	μg/kg	Fixed-base
tert-Butylbenzene	23	7.0	μg/kg	Fixed-base
Isopropylbenzene	23	8.0	μg/kg	Fixed-base
n-Propylbenzene	23	2.0	μg/kg	Fixed-base
Carbon disulfide	4	1.4	μg/kg	Fixed-base
Acetone	4	8.8	μg/kg	Fixed-base
Tetrachloroethene	4	7.0	μg/kg	Fixed-base

^{a/} Excludes QC samples. If optional boreholes are required, additional soil samples per optional borehole will be collected and analyzed.

b/ Project reporting limit as specified in subcontract for analytical services.

c' μg/kg = micrograms per kilogram.

will be followed to establish a written record of sample handling and movement between the sampling site and the laboratory as described in the FSP (Appendix B).

5.2.2 Soil Analyses

The proposed soil analytical methods, estimated number of samples, and reporting limits are presented in Table 5.1. A maximum of 23 samples will be collected for laboratory analysis for BTEX and trimethylbenzenes by USEPA Methods SW5035 and SW8260B. The soil samples collected for BTEX analysis also will be analyzed for trimethylbenzene (TMB) isomers (1,2,4-TMB and 1,3,5-TMB), butylbenzenes and propylbenzenes at the request of MDEO. In addition, four of these samples (from SB-1 and SB-2 in the vicinity of Site ST-40) will be analyzed for PCE, acetone, and carbon disulfide by USEPA Method SW8260B. All samples will be analyzed by Specialized Assays, Inc., State of Michigan-certified, and AFCEE-approved laboratory. Quality control (QC) samples also will be analyzed to assess laboratory methods. The laboratory will perform analyses on a minimum of one matrix spike, one laboratory control, and one laboratory blank for each analytical method requested. Field QC samples will be collected and analyzed as described in Section 5.4. A discussion of laboratory quality assurance (QA)/QC procedures, including matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) samples is presented in the QAPP (Appendix D). Two MS/MSD samples will be collected (one pair for every group of 20 samples).

5.2.3 Equipment Decontamination

All sampling and downhole equipment will be decontaminated before use and between boreholes to prevent cross-contamination, as described in the FSP (Appendix B). All decontamination fluids will be stored in 55-gallon, US Department of Transportation (DOT) approved drums for proper disposal (see Section 5.4 and Appendix B).

5.3 FIELD QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES

Field QC for soil will include collection of field replicates, rinseate blanks, and trip blanks. Soil QC sampling will include three replicates (minimum frequency of 10 percent) for VOC analysis; one rinseate blank; and one trip blank for each cooler submitted to the laboratory. Additional field QA/QC procedures are described in the QAPP (Appendix D).

5.4 MANAGEMENT OF INVESTIGATION-DERIVED WASTES

Handling of IDW will follow the base-wide procedures established by ICF Technology, Inc. (1994) and approved by MDEQ and USEPA. Decontamination water will be containerized, transported to Building 5092, and discharged into the oil/water separator. The use of the Geoprobe for collecting soil samples will not generate significant amounts of soil cuttings, therefore disposal of contaminated soil will be limited to soils used for headspace screening and logging. Additional procedures for management of IDW are described in the FSP (Appendix B).

CONFIRMATION SAMPLING REPORT FORMAT

Following receipt of the laboratory soil gas analytical results, a letter report will be prepared and submitted to AFCEE and Wurtsmith AFBCA. The letter report will summarize soil gas sampling and respiration testing results, and compare them with previous results to estimate remedial progress over two years of air injection bioventing.

Following receipt of the laboratory soil analytical results, a draft confirmation soil sampling report will be prepared and submitted to Wurtsmith AFBCA and AFCEE.

The report will contain the following information for Sites SS-06 and ST-40:

- Site plot plan showing sampling locations;
- Summary of field activities;
- Assessment of analytical results in comparison to applicable MDEQ soil cleanup criteria for benzene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, PCE, carbon disulfide, and acetone.
- Analytical results for toluene, butylbenzenes, propylbenzenes, and TMBs;
- Laboratory analytical reports and chain-of-custody forms;
- Borehole logs; and
- Conclusions and recommendations. If soil confirmation sampling results demonstrate that MDEQ (1998c) generic residential drinking water protection criteria have been met for all analytes of concern, then the data will be used to support an NFRAP decision document for vadose zone soils at the POL Yard. However, if soil confirmation sampling results demonstrate that any analyte exceeds the MDEQ generic residential drinking water criteria, then Parsons ES will prepare a results report in which the recommendation will be made to continue operating the bioventing system.

If MDEQ approves the closure of vadose zone soils at Sites SS-06 and ST-40, then Wurtsmith AFBCA will need to decommission the bioventing system; the AFCEE Extended Bioventing project does not provide for system decommissioning (i.e., well abandonment, blower system, and shed removal).

WURTSMITH AFBCA SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS

The following Wurtsmith support is needed prior to the arrival of the drillers and the Parsons ES sampling team:

- · Assistance in obtaining drilling and digging permits;
- Provision of a potable water supply for drilling and decontamination activities;
 and
- Assistance in obtaining access to Building 5092 for disposal of decontamination water.

PROJECT SCHEDULE

The following schedule is contingent upon approval of this confirmation SAP and fulfillment of the Wurtsmith AFBCA support requirements outlined in Section 7.

Event	Date
Submit Draft Confirmation SAP to AFCEE, Wurtsmith AFBCA, USEPA, and MDEQ	June/July 1998
Receipt of AFCEE and Wurtsmith AFBCA, USEPA, and MDEQ Comments	August 1998
Submit Final SAP, to AFCEE, Wurtsmith AFBCA, USEPA, and MDEQ	September 1998
Perform Confirmation Sampling	October 1998
Submit Draft Confirmation Sampling Report to AFCEE and Wurtsmith AFBCA	December 1998
Receipt of AFCEE and Wurtsmith AFBCA Comments	January 1999
Submit Draft Final Confirmation Sampling Report to AFCEE, Wurtsmith AFBCA, and MDEQ	February 1999

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APPENDIX A SOIL SAMPLING GRID DETERMINATION

ES ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC.

Client AFCEE/ERT: AFBCA/OL-T Job No. 726876. Sheet of Subject Soil Cleanup Verification Sampling By JFH Date 4/22/98

Strategy Calculations - # & location of somples Checked CBS 5/18/98 Rev.

Procedure to determine number and location of soil samples - Using Guidance Document, Verification of Soil Remediation [DHR] DEQ Environmental Response Division, Waste Management Division, April 1994. Revision /

- Determine Site Size Cotegory

 Previously identified area of contomination

 480' x 380' = 182,000 ft' = approx 4.2 ac

 ... "Large Site"
- @ Determine arid Interval (GI): >30' for lorge sit

$$GI = \sqrt{\frac{A T}{SF}} = \sqrt{\frac{182,000 ft^{2} Tr}{480}} = 35'$$

$$A = areo$$

$$SF = grid longth$$

Because of continuous & relatively uniform smear zone contamination - use larger GI = 50'

- 3) Determine number of sample locations
 greater of 12 or 25% of grid nodes
 ... 25 × 66 nodes = 17 locations
 (see figure 5.1 for grid layout)
- 4) Select 13 grid stations plus 4 additional locations where previous investigations indicate generic cleanup critoria exceedances and with no rearby randomly-selected locations
- 5) Random selection of grid stations using column #2, row #1
 of random numbers table in Guidance Document & proceeding
 in a downward direction
 selected grid stations 11,60,07,05,42,57,61
 29,36,65,16,28,45
 4 additional locations station 13 (near VWS); existing boring \$840-our
 adjacent to MPB; station 31 (near VWZ)
 ... Total of 17 suil sampling locations

APPENDIX B FIELD SAMPLING PLAN

APPENDIX B

FIELD SAMPLING PLAN

B.1 FIELD OPERATIONS

This field sampling plan (FSP) provides guidance for the field procedures to be followed while conducting the activities specified in the Final Confirmation Sampling and Analysis Plan for POL Yard, Sites SS-06 and ST-40, at Wurtsmith AFB, Michigan.

B.1.1 Record Keeping

All field activity information will be recorded in a permanently bound notebook with sequentially numbered pages. The date, job number, and initials will be recorded at the top of each page. Minimum information required for each entry includes:

- Time (recorded in the column under the date),
- Ambient temperature (°F);
- Weather conditions during previous 24 hours;
- Persons performing the drilling, sampling, testing, or other activity;
- Drilling and well construction information;
- Site identification;
- Sampling location;
- Sample number;
- Sample medium (soil or air);
- Sample type (grab, composite, etc.);
- Sample description;
- Chemical analysis to be performed;
- Preservation method;

- Laboratory to which samples were sent and air bill numbers, if applicable;
- Photograph numbers and description;
- Equipment decontaminated and procedures utilized;
- Equipment serial numbers;
- Calibrations:
- Field measurements not recorded on other data sheets;
- Records of pertinent telephone conversations;
- · Names, titles, and organization of any visitors entering the site; and
- Comments (suitable for reconstructing incident without memory).

All entries will be made in waterproof ink. Any errors will be corrected by drawing a single line through the mistake, and all corrections will be initialed and dated.

B.1.2 Equipment Decontamination

All downhole equipment will be cleaned before use and between boreholes to prevent cross-contamination. The Geoprobe® drive rods and ancillary equipment will be cleaned using Alconox® detergent, followed by successive potable and distilled water rinses. Prior to sample collection and between each sampling location, the soil sampler(s) and sampling tools will be decontaminated using the following protocol:

- Clean with potable water and phosphate-free laboratory detergent (Alconox* or equivalent);
- Rinse with potable water;
- Rinse with distilled or deionized water; and
- Air dry the equipment prior to use.

All decontamination fluids will be stored in 55-gallon US Department of Transportation (DOT)-approved drums for proper disposal.

B.1.3 Borehole Abandonment

Geoprobe® sampling operations will produce boreholes that are a maximum of 2.5 inches in diameter. Boreholes that do not naturally collapse will be backfilled with bentonite.

B.1.4 Waste Handling

Handling of IDW will follow the base-wide procedures established by ICF Technology, Inc. (1994) and approved by MDEQ and USEPA. IDW will be handled in accordance with the procedures detailed below.

B.1.4.1 General Trash

The general trash that will be generated may include (but is not limited to) such items as packaging material, unused sample containers, cement bags, pallets, wood, and any other non-contaminated trash that may fall under this category. General trash will be disposed of in the same manner as other trash generated on base.

B.1.4.2 Contaminated Clothing, Filters, etc.

The used personal protective equipment and other material that will be generated may include, but are not limited to, such items as Tyvek, clothing, used sample containers, used preservation equipment, used filters, etc. This waste will be placed in heavy-duty plastic bags, removed from the site on a daily basis, and placed in a secured staging area to be designated by Wurtsmith AFB environmental compliance personnel.

B.1.4.2 Drill Cuttings

The use of the Geoprobe* for collecting soil samples will not generate soil cuttings; however, excess soil samples not submitted to the laboratory will be handled in accordance with procedures established by ICF Technology, Inc. (1994) for drill cuttings.

At sites where metal contamination is known or expected based on site history, drill cuttings will be drummed and stored at a central location to be determined by the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Environmental Coordinator (BEC) until procedures for proper disposal are determined. After site work is completed, results of the analysis of soil samples will be reviewed to determine proper disposal. All disposal activities will follow all current state and federal regulations and guidelines. Drums of drill cuttings will be marked with date, site ID, soil boring number, number, and depth interval of cuttings. At other sites, drill cuttings can be spread out at the site as long as they 1) do not have any organic vapor meter readings above background (less than 10 ppmv); 2) are not stained; and 3) do not exhibit any unusual odors. Cuttings which do not meet any one of the three criteria will be drummed and stored as mentioned above, until proper disposal is determined.

At Sites SS-06 and ST-40, soils are not expected to be contaminated with metals. Therefore, cuttings will be screened with an organic vapor meter and examined for physical evidence of contamination (e.g., staining and odors) to determine whether they should be drummed or spread out onsite.

B.1.4.3 Decontamination Water

Decontamination water will be containerized, transported to Building 5092, and discharged into the oil/water separator.

B.2 ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLING PROCEDURES

B.2.1 Soil Vapor Sampling Procedures

The purpose of soil vapor sampling and analysis is to determine the levels of oxygen (O_2) , carbon dioxide (CO_2) , and total volatile hydrocarbons (TVH) in the soil gas. These data will be used to estimate levels of contaminants remaining in site soils and to determine *in situ* microbe respiration rates. Soil vapor samples will be collected from all VWs and all MP screened intervals. Soil vapor sampling procedures are described in detail in the *Test Plan and Technical Protocol for a Field Treatability Test for Bioventing* (Hinchee et al., 1992) and summarized below.

Soil vapor samples for both field screening and laboratory analyses initially will be collected in new 3-liter Tedlar® bags. For each sample, the Tedlar® bag will be connected to the sampling point using new Tygon® tubing, and the soil vapor sample will be drawn directly into the bag utilizing a desiccator and vacuum pump. Field measurements for O₂, CO₂, and TVH will be made by connecting the appropriate field instrument to the Tedlar® bag. For laboratory analyses, the sample will be transferred to a 1-liter SUMMA® canister as described below.

Soil vapor samples for laboratory BTEX and TVH analyses will be transferred from a Tedlar® bag to a 1-liter, evacuated, stainless steel SUMMA® canister provided by the analytical laboratory. Because the canisters are evacuated, when they are opened, the sample is collected almost instantaneously by vacuum. According to the laboratory, one does not need to record pressure and temperature because the samples are brought to standard pressure and temperature at the laboratory. Once the sample transfer is complete, the valve on the cylinder will be closed immediately and sealed with tape to prevent reopening. Following is a detailed description of this sampling procedure.

Required Equipment:

Evacuated SUMMA® canisters

A 2-7 micron filter

A 1/2" open end wrench

A 9/16" open end wrench

A hose barb adapter to adapt the threaded fitting on the canister to 3/16" Tygon tubing.

Assembly of the sampling hardware:

- 1. Remove the brass cap from the canister.
- 2. Connect the filter to the canister. Tighten the filter on the canister using the 9/16" wrench.
- 3. Connect the hose barb to the filter.

4. Connect the well head or the Tedlar® bag to the hose barb using 3/16" Tygon* tubing (using as short a connector as possible).

The assembly is now complete, sampling will commence when the valve on the canister (green handle) is opened.

The Final Step

When the sample interval is complete, close the valve (green handle) on the canister and remove the filter. It is not necessary to over-tighten the valve upon closing. Replace the brass cap. Fill out the sample tracking tag. The canister may now be returned to the laboratory for analysis.

Field soil vapor analyses will be made using a TVH meter for TVH; and an O₂/CO₂ meter for oxygen and carbon dioxide. Laboratory soil vapor samples will be analyzed for specific BTEX and TVH using USEPA Method T0-3.

B.2.2 Field Headspace Screening

A portion of each Geoprobe core soil sample will be used for field screening for TVH using a TVH analyzer. The soil will be placed into a new, self-sealing plastic bag. After approximately 20 minutes, the TVH concentration in the headspace will be measured by inserting the probe from the TVH analyzer through the plastic bag. Soil samples for laboratory chemical analysis will be chosen based on headspace TVH screening.

B.2.3 Soil Sample Collection and Handling

The purpose of soil sampling and analysis is to determine the concentrations of BTEX and other VOCs in subsurface soils at the two sites. These data will be used to determine whether or not soils have been remediated to levels meeting generic residential criteria (MDEQ, 1998c).

Soil samples will be collected using a Large-Bore sampler to collect discrete subsurface samples. However, a Macro-Core sampler, which collects continuous sample cores, may be used in place of, or in addition to, the Large-Bore sampler, as necessary. The Large-Bore sampler serves as both the driving point and the sample collection device and is attached to the leading end of the probe rods. To collect a soil sample, the sampler will be pushed or driven to the desired sampling depth, the drive point is retracted to open the sampling barrel, and the sampler is subsequently pushed into the undisturbed soils. The soil cores are retained within clear acetate liners inside the sampling barrel. The probe rods are then retracted, bringing the sampler to the surface. Boreholes will be backfilled with granular bentonite from total depth to the ground surface following extraction of soil samples.

Soil samples for laboratory analysis will be transferred directly form the acetate liners to $EnCore^{TM}$ samplers in preparation for shipment to the laboratory. The following steps will be followed for collecting samples with the $EnCore^{TM}$ samplers:

- Fasten the coring body to the T-handle;
- Using T-handle push sampler into soil until coring body is completely filled;
- Cap coring body while it is still on the T-handle;
- Remove the capped sampler from the T-handle;
- Attach sample label to coring body;
- · Return sampler to zipper bag and seal bag; and
- · Store on ice.

Soil samples will be properly labeled, wrapped in plastic, placed in a cooler, and maintained at a temperature of approximately 4 degrees centigrade for shipment. A chain-of-custody form will be completed, and the cooler will be shipped to an AFCEE-approved laboratory for sample analysis (see Appendix D).

B.3 FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Typical field parameters that may be measured and the equipment that will be used for the measurements are described in Table B.1. The equipment calibration, maintenance, and decontamination also are described in Table B.1.

B.4 FIELD QA/QC PROGRAM

Field measurement parameters, control checks, control limits, and corrective actions are identified in Table B.2.

B.5 IN SITU RESPIRATION TESTING

The *in situ* respiration tests will be conducted as described in the work plan (Parsons ES, 1996a).

TABLE B.1 FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Parameter	Equipment	Calibration	Source of Calibration Standards	Equipment Maintenance
O ₂ /CO ₂	Gastech O ₂ /CO ₂ Meter	two-point calibration	Commercial vendor	Follow manufacturer's procedures
Total Volatile Hydrocarbons	Gastech TVH Meter	two-point calibration	Commercial vendor	Follow manufacturer's procedures

TABLE B.2 FIELD PARAMETERS, CONTROL LIMITS, AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

Parameter	Control Checks	Control Limits	Corrective Action a/
O ₂ /CO ₂	Calibrate meter	± 0.2 percent	Recalibrate daily, Check battery, Clean filter
Total Volatile Hydrocarbons	Calibrate TVH meter	± 1 ppmv b/	Recalibrate daily, Check battery, Clean filter

^{a/} Required if control limits not achieved ^{b/} ppmv = Parts per million, volume per volume

DRAFT

APPENDIX C

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES FOR USEPA METHOD SW8260 B

(SPECIALIZED ASSAYS, INC., NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE)

S.O.P No. 77 Rev Date: 10/8/97 Page C-1 of C-10

METHOD SW8260B

VOLATILE ORGANIC ANALYSIS BY GC/MS

C1.0 SCOPE AND APPLICATION

This method is suitable for the determination of volatile organics, boiling points less than 200 C, in water and various solid matrices including oils. The estimated quantitation limit will vary with each compound but is about 0.002 mg/L or 0.002 μ g/g. For applicable compounds with retention times see chromatogram at end of procedure. This procedure is restricted to use by analysts experienced in purge and trap GC/MS and skilled in the interpretation of mass spectra.

C2.0 SUMMMARY OF METHOD

Volatiles are purged from the matrix using an inert gas, trapped on a solid sorbent, thermally desorbed and quantitated by capillary GC/MS. Identification of targets is accomplished by comparing their mass spectra with the electron impact of spectra of authentic standards. Quantitation is accomplished by comparing the response of a major ion relative to an internal standard.

C3.0 INTERFERENCES

C3.1 Interferences usually consist of elevated SW-846 Method 8260 blanks due to volatiles used in the lab or carryover from a previous sample that was very concentrated. Do not blank subtract. Prep lab personnel are not allowed in volatile lab.

C4.0 APPARATUS AND MATERIALS

- C4.1 Gas Chromatograph/Mass Spectrometer Hewlett Packard 5971 or 5972 MSD. Hewlett Packard 5890-II programmable gas chromatograph. HP Chemstation and Enviroquant software used to control, acquire and process data. Column: DB-VRX 60 m x 0.25mm, 1.4um film thickness.
- C4.2 Purge and Trap Device Tekmar LSC 3000/ALS 2016 or Dynatech PTA30 with Teckmar 3000. Systems must be able to heat soils to 40 C and purge 5.0 ml or 5.0 g of sample.
- C4.3 Syringes, Hamilton or equivalent, 10 μ l, 25 μ l, 50 μ l, 100 μ l, 500 μ l, 1 ml and 5 ml.

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- C4.4 Balance, top-loading, 0.1 g accuracy, commercial source.
- C4.5 Glassware, class A, 10 ml and 100 ml.

C5.0 REAGENTS

- C5.1 Methanol Purge and trap grade or equivalent, commercial source.
- C5.2 Reagent Water Deionized or distilled water in which no interferences are noted at a level above the practical quantitation limit (PQL) for any parameter of interest.
- C5.3 Stock VOA Standard Stock standard solutions (200 μg/ml) may be prepared on a weight/volume basis in methanol using pure standard material, or may be purchased as certified solutions commercially (Ultra DWM-580 or equivalent). Store in amber bottle with a teflon-lined screw cap at -10 C or less. All certified standards are good for 6 months. Second Source Calibration Verification NSI -C-350, 200 μg/ml.
- C5.4 Working VOA Standard Dilute 500 μ l of stock VOA standard to 2.0 ml in MeOH for a 50 μ g/ml standard. Store at 10 C or less, good for one week.
- C5.5 Synthetic Soil, Sea Sand, precleaned, commercial source.
- C5.6 Working Internal and Surrogate Standard Obtain a 2000 μg/ml internal standard (Ultra STM-341N, chlorobenzene-d5, 1,4-difluorobenzene, 1,4-dichlorobenzene-d4 and pentafluorobenzene) and a 2000 μg/ml surrogate mix (Accustandard M8260A/B-SS, 4-bromofluorobenzene, dibromofluoromethane and toluene-d8). For the working IS/SS standard for the 2016 system dilute 30 μl each to 2.0 ml with MeOH-for a 30 μg/ml each standard. Add 5.0 μl to 5.0 ml water sample or to 5.0 g soil for a 30 μg/L or 30 μg/kg solution. For the PTA-30 dilute 2.0 ml of stock to 26.65 ml MeOH for a 150 μg/ml solution. Place in autosample standard syringe, 1.0 μl in 5 ml or 5 g equals 30 μg/L or 30 μg/kg each.
- C5.7 4-Bromofluorobenzene (BFB) standard, Accustandard CLP-004-10OX, 2500 μ g/ml or equivalent dilute 20 μ l to 2.0 ml with methanol for a 25 μ g/ml standard, use 10 μ l per 5.0 ml water for purging (50 μ g/L) or inject 2.0 μ l for 50 ng.
- C5.8 Safety Treat all chemicals as potential carcinogens. Minimize exposure, wear gloves and prepare all standards in a hood, if possible. MSDS's located in Client Services.

C6.0 SAMPLE COLLECTION, PRESERVATION AND HANDLING

C6.1 Aqueous samples should be collected in duplicate using pre-cleaned VOA vials with teflon-lined septa screw cap. Preserve to pH <2 with HCI. Refrigerate at

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- 4 + /- 2 C. Analyze within 14 days. (Non-preserved samples must be analyzed within 7 days).
- C6.2 All glassware should be Class A, clean per SOP # 32.

C7.0 PROCEDURE

C7.1 TUNING - The GC/MS system must be tuned to meet the Bromofluorobenzene (BFB) requirements every 12 hours. Inject 2.0 μ l of 25 μ g/ml BFB working standard onto the GC column and analyze using a 35C to 110 C temperature program ramping at 8 C /min. Display the scan of interest and generate a list of the masses and their percent relative abundances. Compare to the requirements stated below and if the requirements are met, generate a copy of the relevant data. No calibration or sample analysis may begin until a successful tune has been generated.

NOTE: Purging a 50 μ g/L BFB standard is acceptable for tuning.

MASS	ION ABUNDANCE CRITERIA
50	15 to 40 % of mass 95
75	30 to 60 % of mass 95
95	BASE PEAK, 100% RELATIVE ABUNDANCE
96	5 to 9 % of mass 95
173	less than 2% of mass 174
174	greater than 50 % of mass 95
175	5 to 9% of mass 174
176	greater than 95% but less than 101 % OF MASS 174
177	5 to 9% of mass 176

C7.2 INITIAL CALIBRATION - A 5 point calibration curve must be generated for every target compound and surrogates. The levels required for initial calibration are 10 ppb, 20 ppb, 50 ppb, 100 ppb and 200 ppb for all surrogates and target compounds. Prepare as follows using the 50 µg/ml working standards:

Each of the five analyses should contain 30 μ g/1 of each internal standard.

IS (μl)	SS (μl 50 μg/ml)	VOA Std. $(\mu l \text{ of } 50 \mu g/ml)$	final vol. (ml)	conc. $(\mu g/L)$
5	1 2	1 2	5	10 20
5	5	5	5	50
5 5	10 20	10 20	5 5	100 200

Analyze each standard and each sample under the same conditions i.e.,: Purge Time: 11.0 minutes; Trap Temp: <30 C; Desorb Time: 2.0 minutes; Desorb Temp: 225 C; Bake Time: 10 minutes; Bake Temp. 250 C; Jacketed Heater: soils to 40 C. Set GC as follows: Init. Temp: 45° C; Time 1: 6.0 minutes; Rate 1: 10.0 C/minute; Final Temp: 190 C; Final Time: 2.0 minutes.

The average response factor and relative standard deviation are calculated for each of the five concentrations, and the 5 point analysis is evaluated for the following:

- C7.2.1 The RSD of all target compounds must be less than 15%.
- C7.2.2 The 6 CCC compounds (1,1-Dichloroethene, Chloroform, Vinyl Chloride, 1,2-Dichloropropane, Toluene, and Ethylbenzene) must have a relative standard deviation of less than 30 %.
- C7.2.3 The 5 SPCC compounds (Chloromethane, 1,1-Dichloroethane, Bromoform, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, and Chlorobenzene) must have an minimum relative response factor as follows:

Chloromethane and 1,1 DCA	0.1
Bromoform	0.1
Chlorobenzene and TCA	0.3

If the 5 point calibration curve fails to meet these criteria, corrective actions should be taken and the calibration curve re-analyzed. All target compounds are quantitated using linear-regression, the correlation coefficient must be equal or greater than 0.99 or recalibrate. When using regression do not force the line through zero and do not incorporate a zero concentration standard as a sixth point. Verify initial calibration using a 50 ppb second source standard (NSI C-350). Results must be within 20 % or recalibrate.

C7.2.4 Calculate response factor as follows:

RF = (area of ion target x conc. int. std) / (area of ion int. std. x conc. target)

C7.2.5 Calculate final concentration as follows

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Conc. $(\mu g/L \text{ or } \mu g/kg) = (\text{area target x conc. IS x dilution factor}) / (\text{areas IS x RF})$

- C7.3 DAILY CALIBRATION After a satisfactory initial calibration curve has been established and verified, the system must be checked every 12 hours using a daily tune standard (50 ng BFB) and a continuing calibration verification standard containing 50 ppb of each target analyte (5 μ l of working VOA standard in 5 ml water). After quantitation of the standard, the CCC and SPCC compounds are checked against the 5 point calibration for the criteria described below.
 - C7.3.1 The 6 CCC compounds must have a relative percent difference of less than or equal to 20 as compared to the 5 point calibration.
 - C7.3.2 The response factor for the 5 SPCC compounds must be as specified in p.7.2.3.
 - C7.3.3 The % D ((true calibration.check conc.-measured conc.))(100)/true calibration check conc. of all targets must be equal or less than 20 except for oxygenated compounds which must be equal or less than 40.
 - C7.3.4 Evaluate the internal standard responses and the retention times. If the RT of any internal standard changes by more than 30 seconds or the area of any internal standard changes by a factor of two, correct problem and reanalyze all affected samples. (see chromatogram at end of SOP)
 - C7.3.5 If the daily standard does not meet the above criteria, re-prepare the 50 μ g/ml solution and re-analyze. If this does not correct the problem, a new 5 point calibration curve must be generated. All data relevant to the 5 point calibration standard and the daily calibration standard should be maintained in the OC data book.
- C7.4 METHOD BLANK Before analysis of each batch of samples, a method blank must be analyzed using 5 ml DI water or 5 g synthetic soil. Fill a 5.0 ml gas tight syringe with DI water, add 5.0 microliters of the IS/SS solution containing 30 μ g/ml of each to 5.0 ml of DI water. Fill position on autosampler to be purged. After quantitation, the method blank should not contain any of the analyses of interest at a level greater than the PQL. If any analyte is present at a level greater than the PQL, a new blank must be analyzed until the system is free from any interferences. Surrogate recovery in the blank must conform to at least the criteria listed below:

	WATER	SOIL
4-BFB	86 - 115	74 - 121
DBFM	86 - 118	80 - 120
Toluene-d8	88 - 110	81 - 117
1,2-DCA-d4	80 - 120	80 - 120

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If the recovery of the surrogates do not meet the specified criteria, the blank must be reanalyzed. All data relevant to the blank should be filed with other QC data for documentation.

- SAMPLE ANALYSIS Allow samples to reach room temperature before analysis. When using the Tekmar 2016 autosampler place 5.0 ml of the sample into the 5.0 ml gas tight syringe and transfer to open position on the 2016 autosampler. Add 5.0 µl of the IS/SS solution containing 30 µg/ml of each internal standard and surrogate standard to the unknown and purge the sample as described above. For soils weigh a 5.0 g aliquot, place in autosampler, place 5.0 ml of DI water in a 5 ml gas-tight syringe, add 5.0 μ l of the 30 μ g/ml IS/SS internal standard and surrogate standard, add to soil position in autosampler. heat to 40 C and purge as before. When using the Dynatrap PTA-30 autosampler, fill the standard syringe with 150 µg/ml internal standard and surrogates. 1.0 µl is automatically added to each sample for a final concentration of 30 ppb each. The recovery of the internal standards and surrogate standards are calculated and compared to the limits specified above. If recovery is not within the specified range, the sample must be reanalyzed. If reanalysis of the sample does not correct the situation, the system should be examined and action taken to correct the situation. If the concentration of any analyte is above the working range of the instrument (i.e., 200 μ g/L), an appropriate dilution of the sample must be analyzed. Use a second unopened VOA vial to repeat analysis or prepare a dilution. The operator's experience with both this method and with the instrument should weigh heavily on the dismissal or acceptance of the data generated. Check the pH of the sample with indicator paper. Note in logbook to nearest whole pH. Dilute water samples by injecting appropriate amount into 5 ml gas-tight syringe partially filled with DI water. For water-miscible liquids prepare a 50 X dilution by injecting 100 µl into a 5 ml DI water in a 5 ml syringe. For soils, dilutions may be made by reducing the amount purged i.e. min. of 1 g or extracting 5 g with 5.0 ml methanol and injecting 100 µl into 5 ml DI water in a 5 ml gas-tight syringe for a 50 X dilution. Do not inject more than 100 µl of methanol per 5 ml water.
- C7.6 Determine dilution factor as if 1 g was purged instead of 5 g the enter a dilution factor of 5. Enter in dilution field of LIMS which will multiply the integrated result times that factor. For methanol extractions when using 5 g sample to 5 ml methanol. If needed, determine dilution factor for solids as follows: 5 / ml MeOH purged.
- C7.7 All calculations must be performed by the analyst and indicated on the worklist prior to entry into the LIMS.

C8.0 QUALITY CONTROL

C8.1 MATRIX SPIKE / MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE/LCS - A matrix spike, matrix spike duplicate and LCS should be analyzed per batch, not to exceed 20 samples of a given matrix. Recovery ranges for matrix spikes shall be within statistically derived limits. After analysis of the original sample, 5.0 ml (water)

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or 5.0 g (soil) of the sample is reanalyzed after spiking with 5 μ l of working VOA standard (50 ppb) of the target compounds. Check % recovery and confirm that the following are within limits below: 1,1-dichloroethane, trichloroethene, benzene, toluene, and chlorobenzene. If the sample required dilution on the original run in order to bring all analyte concentrations into the calibration range of the instrument, the same dilution should be analyzed for the matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate. The percent recovery and RPD of the matrix spike and spike duplicate compounds is calculated and compared to the QC limits specified:

	%Recovery		%Recovery	RPD
<u>Compound</u>	Water	<u>RPD</u>	Soil	Soil
1,1 - DCE	61 - 145	0 - 14	59 - 172	0 - 22
TCE	71 - 120	0 - 14	62 - 137	0 - 24
Benzene	76 - 127	0 - 11	66 - 142	0 - 21
Toluene	76 - 125	0 - 13	59 - 139	0 - 21
Chlorobenzene	75 - 130	0 - 13	60 - 133	0 - 21

All relevant QC requirements as pertains to internal and surrogate standard recoveries is also evaluated. The amount of each of the matrix spike compounds present in the original sample should be subtracted from the values determined by the matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate analyses. The relative percent difference between the matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate is calculated as follows:

[matrix spike] - [matrix spike duplicate] * 100% [matrix spike + matrix spike duplicate/2]

For every batch, a 50 ppb LCS (laboratory control standard) using 5 μ l of working VOA standard containing all target compounds in 5 ml DI water or 5 g synthetic soil must be analyzed. Determine % recovery for each analyte. Recovery must be 70 - 130 % or repeat all affected samples. If any IS/SS fails repeat all samples in the batch.

All QA/QC data pertaining to the calibration procedures (both the initial 5 point calibration curve and all daily standards), all method blanks, and all matrix spike/matrix spike duplicates should be filed in a separate QA/QC file for documentation and quick reference to any sample analyses to which they pertain. All QA/QC data should be approved by the GC/MS supervisor or senior analyst before sample analysis begins.

- C8.2 MDL's must be determined yearly per 40 CFR 136 Appendix A. For waters use a $0.002~\mu g/ml$ concentration and for soils use $0.005~\mu g/g$. Calculate using the standard deviation of seven consecutive replicates, multiply std. deviation by 3.14. The result must be less than the reporting level.
- C8.3 Control charts will be used for trend analysis on the LCS, MS and MSD. These are generated monthly. Examples are attached.

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C9.0 REFERENCES

C9.1 SW-846 Method 8260B, Rev.2, Jan 1995

C10.0 CORRECTIVE ACTION

- C10.1 Each applicable section contains the required corrective action if specified criteria are outside limits.
- C10.2 Most problems may be corrected by changing traps, remaking a standard, performing column maintenance, etc. All maintenance is to be recorded in the maintenance log.
- C10.3 If routine maintenance does not correct the problem notify your supervisor immediately.

S.O.P No. 77 Rev Date: 10/8/97 Page C-9 of C-10

Operator: HP-1

Inst: 5971 - In

Multiplr: 1.00

QUANTITATION REPORT

Data File: C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\VS0709B.D

Acq Time: 10 Jul 97 9:04 am

Sample: CON CAL

Misc:

Quant Time: Jul 10 14:48 1997

Method: C:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\8260S.M

Title: 8260 VOLATILES

Last Update: Thu Jul 10 09:25:12 1997 Response via: Multiple Level Calibration

							•
Inter	nal Standards	R.T.	QIon	Response	Conc	Units	Dev(Min)
1)	Pentafluorobenzene	13.62	168	216659	30.00	μg/L	0.00
26)	1,4-Difluorobenzene	14.84	114	366683	30.00	$\mu g/L$	0.00
42)	Chlorobenzene-d5	19.31	119	90940	30.00	$\mu g/L$	0.01
55)	1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4	23.00	152	128657	30.00	$\mu g/L$	0.01
Syste	em Monitoring Compounds						% Recovery
21)	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	13.71	65	109739	30.61	$\mu g/L$	102.04%
22)	Dibromofluoromethane	13.06	111	110063	30.19	μg/L	100.64%
38)	Toluene-d8	17.34	98	376667	30.06	$\mu g/L$	100.19%
57)	Bromofluorobenzene	20.98	95	127750	28.49	μg/L	94.95%
	et Compounds						
2)	Dichlorodifluoromethane	6.12	85	186330	59.23	$\mu g/L$	82
3)	Chloromethane	14.54	50	376323	59.97	$\mu g/L$	95
4)	Vinyl Chloride	6.94	62	253476	49.71	μg/L #	1
5)	Bromomethane	7.78	96	156688	51.68	μg/L "	97
6)	Chloroethane	8.04	64	190451	48.63	μg/L μg/L #	81
7)	Trichlorofluoromethane	9.08	101	202234	40.88	μg/L # μg/L	96
8)	Acetone	9.24	43	31561	34.49	$\mu g/L$ $\mu g/L$	91
9)	1,1-Dichloroethene	10.01	96	187731	53.50	μg/L μg/L#	75
10)	Methylene Chloride	10.01	84	233754	56.48	μg/L # μg/L #	67
11)	Carbon Disulfide	10.23	76	460524	52.03		100
12)			61	387291	57.15	$\mu g/L$	80
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	11.33	73			$\mu g/L \#$	95
13)	Methyl-t-butyl ether	11.50		498449	52.12	$\mu g/L$	
14)	1,1-Dichloroethane	11.71	63	430885	57.19	$\mu g/L \#$	98
15)	2-Butanone	12.38	43	426491	50.47	$\mu g/L \#$	75
16)	Diisopropyl ether	12.38	45	854797	53.05	$\mu g/L \#$	85
17)	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	12.57	61	302936	56.80	$\mu g/L \#$	80
18)	Bromochloromethane	12.82	130	125616	54.13	$\mu g/L$	95
19)	Chloroform	12.88	83	368126	57.28	$\mu g/L$	99
20)	2,2-Dichloropropane	13.00	77	296867	54.47	$\mu g/L$	93
23)	1,2-Dichloroethane	13.83	62	246605	52.87	$\mu g/L \#$	95
24)	1, 1,1-Trichloroethane	13.97	97	289060	55.23	μ g/L #	92
25)	1,1-Dichloropropene	14.22	75	318538	57.63	$\mu g/L$	97
27)	Carbon Tetrachloride	14.49	117	234181	52.39	$\mu g/L$	97
28)	Benzene	14.55	78	870746	53.34	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	100
29)	Dibromomethane	15.33	174	106441	50.78	$\mu g/L \#$	82
30)	1,2-Dichloropropane	15.37	63	233236	52.90	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$ #	87
31)	Trichloroethene	15.43	130	226180	54.25	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	96
32)	2-Chloro vinyl ether	15.37	63	233236	49.65	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	89
33)	Bromodichloromethane	15.50	129	24602	50.11	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	84
34)	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	16.36	75	289025	48.93	$\mu g/L$	98
35)	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	16.49	43	196686	49.46	$\mu g/L \#$	83
36)	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	16.94	75	226488	46.36	$\mu g/L$	97
	(4) = analifica and af mana	- ()	1				

^{(#) =} qualifier out of range (m) = manual integration

S.O.P No. 77 Rev Date: 10/8/97 Page C-10 of C-10

Operator: HP-1

Inst: 5971 - In

Multiplr: 1.00

QUANTITATION REPORT

Data File: C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\VS0709B.D

Acq Time: 10 Jul 97 9:04 am

Sample: CON CAL

Misc:

Quant Time: Jul 10 14:48 1997

Method: C:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\8260S.M

Title: 8260 VOLATILES

Last Update: Thu Jul 10 09:25:12 1997 Response via: Multiple Level Calibration

Respon	Compound	R.T.	Qion	Response	Conc	Units	Dev(Min)
37)	1, 1,2-Trichloroethane	17.18	97	139522	50.70	$\mu g/L$	98
39)	Toluene	17.44	91	834146	55.24	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	100
40)	1,3-Dichloropropane	17.49	76	267446	49.95	μ g/L #	72
41)	2-Hexanone	17.67	43	116832	45.17	μg/L #	82
43)	Dibromochloromethane	17.89	129	152153	49.87	$\mu g/L$	97
44)	1,2-Dibromoethane	18.23	107	145042	50.82	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	97
45)	Tetrachloroethene	18.44	166	197234	55.13	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	91
46)	1, 1, 1,2-Tetrachloroethane	19.26	131	164922	53.47	$\mu g/L$	97
47)	Chlorobenzene	19.37	112	511402	54.28	$\mu g/L$	99
48)	Ethylbenzene	19.61	91	870818	54.35	$\mu \mathbf{g}/\mathbf{L}$	98
49)	m,p-Xylene	19.86	91	1285446	110.39	$\mu \mathbf{g}/\mathbf{L}$	97
50)	Bromoform	20.07	173	78002	45.02	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	99
- 51)	Styrene	20.32	104	535099	51.77	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	100
52)	o-Xylene	20.42	91	663923	56.39	$\mu \mathbf{g}/\mathbf{L}$	96
53)	1, 1, 2,2-Tetrachloroethane	19.25	133	155921	52.91	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	1
54)	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	20.61	110	45211	48.93	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	41
56)	Isopropylbenzene	20.91	105	878370	53.58	_ μg/L	97
58)	Bromobenzene	21.30	77	319968	52.14	μg/L #	82
59)	Propylbenzene	21.55	91	991631	52.99	μ g/L #	97
60)	2-Chlorotoluene	21.72	91	562722	54.05	μ g/L #	96
61)	4-Chlorotoluene	21.82	91	536284	51.16	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	97
62)	1, 3,5-Trimethylbenzene	21.96	105	652608	53.82	$\mu {f g}/{f L}$	98
63)	T-Butylbenzene	22.43	119	609721	55.11	$\mu { m g}/{ m L}$	98
64)	1, 2,4-Trimethylbenzene	22.59	105	637973	51.86	$\mu { m g}/{ m L}$	100
65)	Sec-Butylbenzene	22.78	105	968017	<i>55.79</i>	$\mu { m g}/{ m L}$	94
66)	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	22.94	146	343549	50.95	$\mu \mathrm{g/L}$	99
67)	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	23.05	146	333969	49.49	$\mu g/L$	100
68)	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	23.69	146	311233	50.69	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	100
69)	p-lsopropyltoluene	22.43	119	609721	55.03	μg/L #	60
70)	Butylbenzene	23.81	91	676473	51.85	$\mu \mathrm{g/L}$	92
72)	1, 2,4-Trichlorobenzene	27.57	180	159775	43.19	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	98
73)	Naphthalene	28.16	128	359466	44.32	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	100
74)	Hexachlorobutadiene	28.27	225	125832	51.70	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	96
75)	1, 2,3-Trichlorobenzene	28.63	180	139291	43.00	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{L}$	96

^{(#) =} qualifier out of range (m) = manual integration

APPENDIX D QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN

APPENDIX D

QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN

D1 PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND QUALITY ASSURANCE OBJECTIVES

D1.1 Introduction

This Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) has been prepared by Parsons Engineering Science, Inc. (Parsons ES) for the confirmation soil sampling, soil gas sampling, and *in situ* respiration testing at Sites SS-06 and ST-40, Wurtsmith AFB, Oscoda, Michigan. The QAPP will serve as a controlling mechanism during soil and soil gas sampling to ensure that all data collected are valid and reliable, and meet project data quality objectives (DQOs). The primary DQO is to ensure that data are of sufficient quality and quantity to allow an assessment of whether or not MDEQ cleanup criteria are met.

An effective QA program addresses quality objectives for both sampling and analytical methodologies. Field QA efforts are aimed primarily at ensuring that samples are representative of the conditions in the various environmental media at the rime of sampling. Analytical QA efforts are aimed primarily at ensuring that analytical procedures provide sufficient accuracy and precision for quantification of contaminant levels in environmental samples.

D1.2 Project Description

See Sections 1 and 2 of the Confirmation Sampling and Analysis Plan for POL Yard, Site SS-06 and ST-40, Wurtsmith AFB, Michigan.

D1.3 Data Quality Objectives

The primary objective of the quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) program is to ensure that the procedures followed and data obtained during the course of sampling and testing activities are adequate to determine the degree of cleanup achieved and determine if remaining soil contamination meet MDEQ generic residential cleanup criteria. Specific objectives of the QA/QC program include the following:

- Ensure the use of proper investigative procedures and equipment in the field and the analytical laboratory;
- Specify the responsibilities of contractor personnel under the QA/QC program and specify how the program will be implemented; and

• Maintain a high level of quality during the field testing, data analysis, and report writing phases of the project.

D2 LABORATORY TESTING QUALITY ASSURANCE OBJECTIVES FOR DATA MEASUREMENT

The QA objectives for all laboratory analyses include considerations of precision, accuracy, completeness, representativeness, and comparability.

D2.1 Precision

The precision of a measurement is an expression of mutual agreement of multiple measurement values of the same parameter conducted under prescribed similar conditions. Precision is evaluated most directly by recording and comparing multiple measurements of the same parameter on the same sample under the same conditions.

For laboratory analyses precision is expressed in terms of relative percent difference (RPD). The RPD is calculated as follows:

RPD =
$$(x_1 - x_2) 100$$

 $\overline{(x_1 + x_2)/2}$

where:

 x_1 = analyte concentration of primary sample; and x_2 = analyte concentration of duplicate sample.

Acceptable levels of precision will vary according to the sample matrix, the specific analytical method, and the analytical concentration relative to the method detection limit. Replicate standards and/or spiked samples will be used to estimate the precision of 5 percent (1 in 20) of the analytical test procedures for a known matrix. Precision criteria for the laboratory QC samples are defined by limits listed in Table D.1. An RPD within the control limits indicates satisfactory precision in a measurement system.

D2.2 Accuracy

The term accuracy refers to the correctness of the value obtained from analysis of a sample, and is determined by analyzing a sample and its corresponding matrix spike sample. Accuracy is expressed as percent recovery (PR) and is calculated using the following formula:

$$PR = \frac{(A-B)}{C} \times 100$$

where:

A = spiked sample result (SSR);

B = sample result (SR); and

C = spike added (SA).

TABLE D.1 QUALITY ASSURANCE OBJECTIVES PRECISION, ACCURACY AND QUANTITATION LIMITS FOR SOIL AND SOIL GAS ANALYSES

QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN

Parameter/		Reporting	Maximum	Accuracy	Precision
Method	Analyte	Units	PRL	(% R)	(% RPD)
Soil					
VOCs	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	mg/kg	0.007	65-135	< 30
SW8260B	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	mg/kg	0.003	62-135	< 30
	Acetone	mg/kg	0.0088	65-135	< 30
	Benzene	mg/kg	0.002	65-135	< 30
	Carbon disulfide	mg/kg	0.0007	65-135	< 30
	Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	0.003	65-135	< 30
	Isopropylbenzene	mg/kg	0.008	65-135	< 30
	m-Xylene	mg/kg	0.003	65-135	< 30
	n-Butylbenzene	mg/kg	0.005	65-135	< 30
	n-Propylbenzene	mg/kg	0.002	65-135	< 30
	o-Xylene	mg/kg	0.005	65-135	< 30
	p-Xylene	mg/kg	0.007	65-135	< 30
	Sec-Butylbenzene	mg/kg	0.007	65-135	< 30
	Tert-Butylbenzene	mg/kg	0.007	65-135	< 30
	Tetrachloroethene	mg/kg	0.007	61-135	< 30
	Toluene	mg/kg	0.005	64–135	< 30
Soil Gas					
TO-3	Benzene	ppbv	0.50	75-125	< 30
	Toluene	ppbv	0.50	75-125	< 30
	Ethylbenzene	ppbv	0.50	75-125	< 30
	Total Xylenes	ppbv	0.50	75-125	< 30
	TVH	ppbv	10.0	75-125	< 30

The degree of accuracy and the recovery of analyte to be expected for the analysis of QA samples and spiked samples is dependent upon the matrix, method of analysis, and compound or element being determined. The concentration of the analyte relative to the detection limit is also a major factor in determining the accuracy of the measurement. The practical quantitation limit (PQL) for most analyses is generally stated in the analytical method. Certified standards and/or spiked samples will be used to estimate analyte recovery for each test procedure for a known matrix. The accuracy of gas chromatography (GC) analyses is compound- and matrix-dependent. Thus matrix spike recovery is used to determine the effect of the matrix, and a laboratory control sample is used to determine accuracy of the analyses. The recovery of analytes in a soil matrix is often lower than that obtainable for liquid matrices. As for precision, replicate standards and/or spiked samples will be used to estimate the accuracy of 5 percent (1 in 20) of analytical test procedures for a known matrix. Accuracy criteria for the laboratory QC samples are defined by control limits listed in Table D.1.

D2.3 Completeness

The completeness of the data is the amount of valid data obtained from the measurement system (field and laboratory) versus the amount of data expected from the system. At the end of each sampling event, an assessment of the completeness of data will be performed and, if any sample omissions are apparent, an attempt will be made to resample if feasible. Resampling for laboratory analyses is not feasible, therefore, it is critical that holding times are met and that the laboratory inform the deputy project manager if any containers were broken during shipping. In addition, data completeness will be assessed prior to the preparation of data reports.

D2.4 Representativeness

Samples taken must be representative of the population. A random sampling grid system will be employed for soil samples to ensure they represent site conditions. To assess the representativeness of the samples, some samples will be collected in replicate. Comparisons of the results from the original sample and its field replicate will allow for an evaluation of the representativeness of the samples.

D2.5 Comparability

Where appropriate, the results of the analyses obtained during this effort may be compared with the results obtained in previous studies. Consistency in the acquisition, handling, and analysis of samples by US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) recommended procedures is necessary in order that the results may be compared. To this end, standard solutions and materials used in calibrating field and laboratory analytical instruments must be traceable to National Bureau of Standards (NBS) or USEPA standards, and published analytical methods will be followed. Any deviations from the specified analytical protocol will be documented by the laboratory.

D3 SAMPLE HANDLING

D3.1 Sample Handling, Packaging, and Shipment

D3.1.1 Sample Containers

Laboratory samples will be submitted in either EnCoreTM Samplers (soil) or SUMMA® canisters (soil gas) as listed on Table D.2. The samples will be carefully packed for shipment. The pre-cleaned SUMMA® canisters will be obtained from the analytical laboratory, and the EnCoreTM Samplers will be obtained from either the analytical laboratory or manufacturer. The soil samples will be placed into insulated shipping coolers with a plastic bag of ice. To prevent condensation, soil gas sample containers will not be packed with ice. A chain-of-custody record describing the contents of the cooler will be placed in a sealed plastic bag and taped to the upper lid of the cooler. When coolers are delivered to the shipping company, they will be taped shut with security labels taped over opposite ends of the lid.

D3.1.2 Sample Sealing and Labeling

Laboratory sample containers will be labeled and sealed with a clear adhesive tape. The label will include the sample numbers assigned according to the sample numbering system.

D3.1.3 Sample Numbering System

Each laboratory sample will be assigned a unique sample identification number that describes where the sample was collected. Each number will consist of a group of letters and numbers, separated by hyphens.

D3.1.4 Preservatives and Holding Times

After samples have been taken, they will be delivered to the laboratory for analysis as soon as possible after collection in order to ensure that the most reliable and accurate answers will be obtained as a result of the analysis. Holding times and preservation methods are specified in Table D.2. The holding time begins at the date and time of collection in the field.

D3.2 Shipping Requirements

Shipping containers will be secured by using nylon strapping tape and custody seals to ensure that the samples are not disturbed during transport. The custody seals will be placed such that the containers cannot be opened without breaking the seal.

Soil samples which must be kept cool will be shipped in insulated containers with either freezer forms or ice. If ice is used, it will be placed in a container so that the water will

SAMPLE CONTAINERS, SAMPLE PRESERVATION METHODS, AND HOLDING TIMES FOR SOIL AND SOIL GAS SAMPLES WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN

		Sample	Sample Containers			
Analytical Parameter	Analytical Method	Quantity	Type	Preservation Method	Holding Time	
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)	SW5035/SW8260B	3	EnCore® Sampler	4°C/ methanol extraction	4°C/ 48 hours from collection to extraction nethanol extraction 14 days from collection to analysis	
Total Volatile Hydrocarbons and BTEX	TO-3	-	1-liter Summa® canister	None	14 days	

not fill the cooler as the ice melts. The samples will be delivered as soon as possible after collection to allow the laboratory to meet holding times.

Copies of the signed chain-of-custody forms will be delivered to Parsons ES with the data packages. The originals will remain on file with the laboratory.

D3.3 Laboratories

All soil and soil vapor samples will be shipped to an approved laboratory. Soil samples will be analyzed by Specialized Assays, Inc. of Nashville, Tennessee, which is an AFCEE- and State of Michigan-approved laboratory. Soil gas samples will be analyzed by Air Toxics, Ltd. of Folsom, California; an AFCEE-approved laboratory.

D3.4 Sample Receipt

The laboratory will sign the chain-of-custody upon receipt, keep the original, and immediately send a signed copy, which describes sample conditions upon receipt, back to the Parsons ES site manager. The condition of the samples and temperature of the cooler will be documented in a signed, dated, and bound log book and on the chain-of-custody form with signature and date of person checking samples. If any breakage occurs or discrepancy arises between chain-of-custody, sample labels, and requested analysis, the sample custodian will notify the Parsons ES site manager immediately. Any breakage, discrepancy, or improper preservation will be noted by the laboratory on an out-of-control form with the corrective action taken. The out-of-control form will be signed and dated by the custodian and any other person responsible for corrective action.

D4 SAMPLE CUSTODY

All samples will be accompanied by a chain-of-custody record. A chain-of-custody record will accompany the sample during shipment to the laboratory and through the laboratory. The Parsons ES field sampler will deliver a copy of each chain-of-custody record to the study manager for tracking purposes.

The information provided on the chain-of-custody record will include:

- The project name and the site name;
- The signature of the samplers;
- The sampling station number or sample number;
- Date and time of collection;
- Grab or sample designation;
- A brief description of the type of sample and sampling location;
- Signature of individuals involved in the sample transfer;

- The time and date they received the sample;
- The type of matrix;
- The preservatives used; and
- The analytical methods required; and
- The number of containers of each sample.

Chain-of-custody records initiated in the field will be placed in a plastic cover and taped to the inside of the shipping containers used for sample transport from the field to the laboratory. This record will be used to document sample custody transfer from the field sampler to the laboratory or to a Parsons ES office.

D4.1 Sample Custody

A sample is under custody if:

- It is in an individual's actual possession; or
- It is in an individual's view, after being in your physical possession; or
- It was in physical possession and then locked up by the individual to prevent tampering; or
- It is in a designated and identified secure area.

D4.2 Transfer of Custody and Shipment

The following procedures will be used in transferring and shipping samples:

- Samples are accompanied by a chain-of-custody record. When transferring the possession of samples, the individuals relinquishing and receiving will sign, date, and note the time on the record. This record documents transfer of custody of samples from the field sampler to another person, or to the laboratory.
- Samples will be properly packaged for shipment and dispatched to the appropriate laboratory for analysis with a separate signed chain-of-custody record enclosed in each sample box or cooler. The chain-of-custody records will be numbered 1 of N, 2 of N, ..., where N is equal to the number of coolers shipped that day.
- Whenever samples are split with a facility or government agency, a separate chain-of-custody record will be prepared for those samples and marked to indicate with whom the samples are being split.
- All packages will be accompanied by the chain-of-custody record showing identification of the contents. The original record will accompany the shipment and copies will be retained by the field sampler and in the Parsons ES Denver office.

D4.3 Laboratory Custody Procedures

The analytical laboratory will, as a minimum, record the temperature of the shipping container, check all incoming samples for integrity, and note any observations on the original chain-of-custody record. Each sample will be logged into the laboratory system by assigning it a unique sample number. This number and the field sample identification number will be recorded on the laboratory report. Samples will be stored and analyzed according to specific USEPA methods. After the project is completed, the original chain-of-custody record will be returned to the project manager for permanent storage.

The following procedure will be used by the laboratory sample custodian in maintaining the chain-of-custody once the samples have arrived at the laboratory:

- The samples received by the laboratory will be cross-checked to verify that the information on the sample labels matches that on the chain-of-custody record included with the shipment;
- If all data and samples are correct, and there has been no tampering with the eustody seals, the "received by laboratory" box is signed and dated; and
- The samples will be distributed to the appropriate analysts, with names of individuals who receive samples to be recorded in internal laboratory records.

For data that are input by an analyst and processed using a computer, a copy of the input will be kept and identified with the project number and other information, as necessary.

If the data are directly acquired from instrumentation and processed, the analyst will verify that the following are correct:

- Project and sample numbers;
- Calibration constants and response factors;
- Output parameters such as units of measurement; and
- Numerical values used for detection limits if a value is reported as "less than".

D5 ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

Specific chemical parameters for the sampling program were selected based on chemicals of potential concern (COPCs) at Sites SS-06 and ST-40. The analytical program was designed to qualify and quantify the effect of bioventing on soil contaminants and levels of any contaminants remaining in site soils.

D5.1 Analyses for Organic Compounds

All analyses will be performed within the holding times recommended for the specific test procedure and sample matrix. Samples will be collected and shipped in USEPA recommended sample containers and preserved as required for specific tests as specified on Table D.2.

D5.2 Detection Limits

The project reporting limits (PRLs) for the soil and soil vapor analyses are listed on Table D.1.

D6 DATA REDUCTION, VALIDATION AND REPORTING

D6.1 Field Measurement Data

Field measurements will be made by the technician or the test engineer. The following standard reporting units will be used during all phases of the project:

- Soil sampling depths will be reported to the nearest 0.5 foot.
- TVH concentrations will be reported to the nearest 1.0 ppmv.
- Oxygen and carbon dioxide will be reported to the nearest 0.1 percent.

Field data will be validated using three different procedures:

- Routine checks will be made during the processing of data. An example is looking for errors in identification codes.
- Internal consistency of a data set will be evaluated. This step may involve plotting the data and testing for outliers.
- Checks may be made for consistency with parallel data sets, that is, data sets obtained presumably from the same population (for example, from the same volume of soil).

The purpose of these validation checks and tests is to identify outliers (i.e., an observation that does not conform to the pattern established by other observations). Outliers may be the result of transcription errors or instrumental breakdowns. Outliers may also be manifestations of a greater degree of spatial or temporal variability than expected.

After an outlier has been identified, a decision concerning its fate must be rendered. Obvious mistakes in data will be corrected when possible, and the correct value will be inserted. If the correct value cannot be obtained, the data may be excluded. An attempt will be made to explain the existence of the outlier. If no plausible explanation can be found for the outlier, it may be excluded, but a note to that effect will be included in the report.

D6.2 Data Analysis and Reporting

During data analysis and report preparation, the accuracy of numbers, calculations, tables, and figures will be reviewed and confirmed. In addition, the technical content of the report will be reviewed by the study manager and technical director, and the report will be edited for syntax, grammar, composition, and printed quality.

Data will be reported in AFCEE level 1 format. Data analysis reports will be issued to Parsons ES Denver within 30 days of receipt of samples. All data packages will be submitted to the deputy project manager and will include soil and soil gas analysis results. A copy of the chain-of-custody record will be submitted with the analysis results.

D7 FIELD AND LABORATORY CONTROL CHECKS

D7.1 Field Quality Control Samples

During each sampling effort, a number of QC samples must be collected and submitted for laboratory analysis. The number and frequency of the QC sample collection will be 5 percent (or 1 for every 20 samples). A list of the types of QC samples that will be collected along with a brief description of each sample type are outlined in the following sections.

D7.1.1. Field Replicates

Ten percent of all soil samples will be collected in replicate and submitted for laboratory analysis. For example, if 23 samples are collected, then 3 field replicates will be collected. Field replicates will be labeled in such a manner so that persons performing laboratory analyses are not able to distinguish replicates from other collected samples.

D7.2 Laboratory Quality Control Data

Laboratory QC data are necessary to determine the precision and accuracy of the analyses, confirm matrix interferences, and demonstrate target compound contamination of sample results. QC samples will be analyzed routinely by the analytical laboratory as part of the laboratory QC procedures. Contract laboratories performing definitive data quality analyses require a more stringent QC program than those performing screening-level data quality analyses. Definitions for QC samples are presented below. Frequency and acceptance requirements are defined in Table D.3.

TABLE D.3 SUMMARY OF CALIBRATION AND QC PROCEDURES QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN

Method	Applicable	QC Check	Minimum	Acceptance	Corrective
	Parameter	,	Frequency	Criteria	Action ²
SW8260B	Volatile Organics	Five-point initial calibration for all analytes	Initial calibration prior to sample analysis	SPCCs average RF $\geq 0.30^{b/}$ and %RSD for RFs for CCCs $\leq 30\%$ and one option below	Correct problem then repeat initial calibration
				option 1 linear- mean RSD for all analytes ≤ 15% with no individual analyte RSD > 30% option 2 linear - least squares regression r > 0.995 option 3 non-linear - COD ≥ 0.990 (6 points shall be used for	
		Second-source	Once per five-point	second order, 7 points shall be used for third order) All analytes within ±25% of	Correct problem then repeat initial
		calibration verification	initial calibration	expected value	calibration
		Retention time window calculated for each analyte	Each sample	Relative retention time (RRT) of the analyte within ± 0.06 RRT units of the RRT	Correct problem then reanalyze all samples analyzed since the last retention time check
		Calibration verification	Daily, before sample analysis and every 12 hours of analysis time	SPCCs average RF ≥ 0.30°; and CCCs ≤ 20% difference (when using RFs)or drift (when using least squares regression or non-linear calibration) All calibration analytes within ±20% of expected value	Correct problem then repeat initial calibration
		Demonstrate ability to generate acceptable accuracy and precision using four replicate analyzes of a QC check sample	Once per analyte	QC acceptance criteria, Table B.1	Recalculate results; locate and fix problem with system and then rerun demonstration for those analytes that did not meet criteria
		ISs	Immediately after or during data acquisition for each sample	Retention time ±30 seconds from retention time of the mid-point std. in the ICAL. EICP area within -50% to +100% of ICAL mid-point std.	Inspect mass spectrometer and GC for malfunctions; mandatory reanalysis of samples analyzed while system was malfunctioning

TABLE D.3 (Continued) SUMMARY OF CALIBRATION AND QC PROCEDURES QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN WURTSMITH AFB, MICHIGAN

Method	Applicable Parameter	QC Check	Minimum Frequency	Acceptance Criteria	Corrective Action
SW8260B (Cont.)	Volatile Organics	Method blank	One per analytical batch	No analytes detected ≥ PRL	Correct problem then reprep and analyze method blank and all samples processed with the contaminated blank
		LCS for all analytes	One LCS per analytical batch	QC acceptance criteria, Table D.1	Correct problem then reprep and analyze the LCS and all samples in the affected AFCEE analytical batch
		MS/MSD	One MS/MSD per every 20 Air Force project samples per matrix	QC acceptance criteria, Table D.1	none
		Check of mass spectral ion intensities using BFB	Prior to initial calibration and calibration verification	Refer to criteria listed in the method description	Retune instrument and verify
		Surrogate spike	Every sample, spiked sample, standard, and method blank	QC acceptance criteria, Table D.1	Correct problem then reextract and analyze sample
	0	MDL study	Once per 12 month period	Detection limits established shall be ≤ ½ the PRLs in Table D.1	none
		Results reported between MDL and PRL	none	none	none
TO-3	BTEX, TVH	Five-point initial calibration for all analytes	Initial calibration prior to sample analysis	RSDe' < 20% for CFse' or RFse' or >/= 0.995 correlation coefficient (RSD < 10% for E502.2)	Correct problem then repeat initial calibration
		Second-source calibration verification	Once per five-point initial calibration	All analytes within ±25% of expected value	Correct problem then repeat initial calibration
		Retention time window calculation for each analyte	Each initial calibration and calibration verifications	±3 times standard deviation for each analyte retention time from 72-hour study	Correct problem the reanalyze all samples analyzed since the last successful retention time check
		Calibration verification	Daily, before sample analysis, every 12 hours of analysis time	All analytes within ± 25% of expected value	Correct problem then repeat initial calibration
		Demonstrate ability to generate acceptable accuracy and precision using	Once per analyst	QC acceptance criteria, Table D.1	Recalculate results; locate and fix problem with system and then rerun demonstration for those analytes that did not meet criteria
		four replicate analyses of a QC check sample			

TABLE D.3(Concluded) SUMMARY OF CALIBRATION AND QC PROCEDURES FOR METHOD SW8260B QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN WURTSMITH AFB. MICHIGAN

Method	Applicable Parameter	QC Check	Minimum Frequency	Acceptance Criteria	Corrective Action*
TO-3 (Cont.)	Tural united	Check of mass spectral ion intensities using BFB ^{n/}	Prior to initial and calibration verification	Refer to criteria listed in the method description	Retune instrument and verify
	BTEX, TVH	IS [∞]	Every sample, spiked sample, standard, and method blank	Retention time ±30 seconds: IS area within -50% to +100% of last calibration verification (12 hours) for each	Inspect mass spectrometer or GCP/ for malfunctions; mandatory reanalysis of samples analyzed while system was malfunctioning
·		Method blank	One per analytical batch	No analytes detected > reporting limit	Correct problem then reprep and analyze method blank and all samples processed with the contaminated blank
	.	LCS for all analytes	One LCS per analytical batch	QC acceptance criteria, Table D.1	Correct problem then reprep and analyze the LCS and all samples in the affected analytical batch
		Surrogate spike	Every sample, spiked sample, standard, and method blank	QC acceptance criteria, Table D.1	Correct problem then re-extract and analyze sample
		MDL study	Once per 12 months	Detection limits established shall meet reporting limit requirements	Re-establish MDL

a/ All corrective actions associated with AFCEE project work shall be documented, and all records shall be maintained by the laboratory.

b/ Except > 0.10 for bromoform, and > 0.10 for chloromethane and 1,1-dichloroethane

D7.2.1 Holding Time

Holding times for sample extraction and/or analysis as required by the methods will be met for all samples. The holding time is calculated from the date and time of sample collection to the time of sample preparation and/or analysis. All sample analyses, including extractions, dilutions, and second-column confirmation, will meet the required holding times.

D7.2.2 Method Blanks

Method blanks are designed to detect contamination of the field samples in the laboratory environment. Method blanks verify that interferences caused by contaminants in solvents, reagents, glassware, or in other sample processing hardware are known and minimized. The method blank will be ASTM Type II water (or equivalent) for water samples, and a purified solid matrix (Ottawa sand or equivalent) for soil samples. The concentration of target compounds in the blanks must be less than or equal to one half the PRL. Exceptions are not made for common laboratory contaminants. If the blank contaminant concentration is not less than the specified limit, then the source of contamination will be identified, and corrective action will be taken. Sample quantitation limits (SQLs) and detection limits will not be raised because of blank contamination. Analytical data will not be corrected for presence of analytes in blanks.

D7.2.3 Laboratory Control Samples

Laboratory control samples (LCSs) are blank spikes made from clean laboratory-simulated matrices (reference method blank matrices) spiked with known concentrations of all target analytes of interest at levels approximately 10 times the method detection limits (MDLs). The LCS is carried through the complete sample preparation and analysis procedures. LCSs are designed to check the instrument and method accuracy. An LCS will be analyzed with every analytical batch. Failure of the LCS to meet PR criteria requires corrective action before any further analyses can continue. All sample results associated with the out-of-control LCS must be reanalyzed after control has been reestablished.

D7.2.4 Surrogate Spike Analyses

Surrogate spike analyses are used to determine the efficiency of analyte recovery in sample preparation and analysis in relation to sample matrix. Calculated PR of the spike is used to measure the accuracy of the analytical method for an individual sample. A surrogate spike is prepared by adding to an environmental sample (before extraction) a known concentration of a compound similar in type to the target analytes (i.e., a surrogate compound) to be analyzed for organic target compounds. Surrogate compounds as specified in the methods will be added to all samples analyzed, including method blanks, MS/MSDs, LCSs, field samples, and replicate samples. Failure of the surrogate to meet PR criteria requires corrective action.

D7.2.5 Matrix Spike/Duplicate Spike Analyses

This technique is used to determine the effect of matrix interference on the results for the GC/MS methods. Aliquots of the same sample are prepared in the laboratory and each aliquot is treated exactly the same throughout the analytical method. Spikes are added at concentrations specified in the method. The percent difference between the values of the duplicates is taken as a measure of the precision of the analytical method.

Selected samples will be spiked to determine accuracy as a percentage recovery of the analyte from the sample matrix. These matrix spikes will be prepared using reagent grade salts, pure compounds, or certified stock solutions whenever possible. Concentrated solutions will be used to minimize differences in the sample matrix resulting from dilution. Samples will be randomly selected and split into identical duplicates, one of which will then be spiked with a known mass of the analyte to be determined. The final concentration after spiking should be within the same range as the samples being analyzed to avoid the need for dilution, attenuation of instrument outputs, or other required alterations in the procedure which might affect the instrument response and determination of accuracy. A matrix spike duplicate sample is prepared in the same manner as the matrix spike sample.

D7.2.6 Analytical Batches

Analytical batches will be designated in the laboratory at a minimum of one batch per sample delivery group (SDG). Each SDG will be comprised of a maximum of 20 project samples of similar matrix collected within a 7-day period. Included in each SDG of 20 (or fewer) samples per analytical method will be an analytical batch identification number. This identification number will clearly allow a reviewer to determine the association between field samples and QC samples. Analytical batches also will be inclusive of preparation lots and calibration periods.

D7.2.7 Retention Times

Retention time (RT) is the amount of time required for a target compound to elute from the chromatographic column, and the instrument detector to record a signal response. The RT window is the allowable deviation from the true expected RT for any one compound. A peak response within this RT window will constitute a positive detection for that compound. RT windows are QC criteria for all GC and high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) methods. RT windows are determined through replicate analyses of a standard over multiple days. The calculation of RT windows is described in USEPA (1996) Method SW8000B. Corrective action is required when the RT windows are out of control.

D7.2.8 Internal Standards

Internal standards (ISs) are compounds of known concentrations used to quantitate the concentrations of target detections in field and QC samples. ISs are added to all samples after sample extraction or preparation. Because of this, ISs provide for the accurate quantitation of target detections by allowing for the effects of sample loss

through extraction, purging, and/or matrix effects. ISs are used for any method requiring an IS calibration. Corrective action is required when ISs are out of control.

D7.2.9 Second-Column Confirmation

Quantitative confirmation of results at or above the MDL for samples analyzed by GC or HPLC will be required and will be completed within the method-required holding times. For GC methods, a second column is used for confirmation. For HPLC methods, a second column or a different detector is used. The result of the first column/detector will be the result reported.

D7.2.10 Calibration Requirements

Analytical instruments will be calibrated in accordance with the analytical methods. All analytes reported will be present in the initial and continuing calibrations, and these calibrations must meet the acceptance criteria specified in Table D.1. Records of standard preparation and instrument calibration will be maintained by the contract laboratory. Records will unambiguously trace the preparation of standards and their use in calibration and quantitation of sample results. Calibration standards will be traceable to standard materials.

Analyte concentrations are determined with either calibration curves or response factors (RFs). For GC and GC/mass spectroscopy MS methods, when using RFs to determine analyte concentrations, the average RF from the initial five-point calibration will be used. The continuing calibration will not be used to update the RFs from the initial five-point calibration.

D7.2.11 Standard Materials

Standard materials used in calibration and to prepare samples will be traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology, USEPA, American Association of Laboratory Accreditation, or other equivalent approved source, if available. The standard materials will be current, in accordance with the following expiration policy: The expiration dates for ampulated solutions will not exceed the manufacturer's expiration date or 1 year from the date of receipt, whichever occurs first. Expiration dates for laboratory-prepared stock and diluted standards will be no later than the expiration date of the stock solution or material, or the date calculated from the holding time allowed by the applicable analytical method, whichever occurs first. The laboratory will label standard and QC materials with expiration dates.

D8 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

All field equipment, instruments, tools, gauges, and other items requiring preventive maintenance will be serviced in accordance with the manufacturer's specified recommendations. Maintenance records will be documented and traceable to specific equipment.

All laboratory instruments will be maintained in accordance with the standard operating procedures for each instrument. All maintenance will be documented for each analytical instrument.

D9 CORRECTIVE ACTION

The following procedures have been established to assure that conditions adverse to quality, including malfunctions, deficiencies, deviations, and errors, are promptly investigated, documented, evaluated, and corrected.

When a significant condition adverse to quality is noted at the project site, laboratory, or subcontractor locations, the cause of the condition will be determined, and corrective action will be taken to preclude repetition. Condition identification, cause, reference documents, and corrective action planned to be taken will be documented and reported to the study manager, QA manager, site investigation geologist, test engineer, and involved subcontractor management, as a minimum. Implementation of corrective action will be verified by documented follow-up action. All project personnel have the responsibility, as part of the normal work duties, to promptly identify, solicit approved correction, and report conditions adverse to quality.

Corrective actions may be initiated as a minimum:

- When predetermined acceptance standards are not attained (objectives for precision, accuracy, and completeness);
- When procedures or data compiled are determined to be faulty;
- When equipment or instrumentation is found faulty;
- When samples and test results cannot be traced with certainty;
- When QA requirements have been violated;
- When designated approvals have been circumvented;
- As a result of system and performance audits;
- As a result of a management assessment; or
- As a result of QA audits.

APPENDIX B FIELD BOREHOLE LOGS

BORING NO.	581	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD: 10/13/18 142e
CLIENT:	Wurtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Geopribe	DATE CMPL:10/13 /98
JOB NO.:	726876.69120	DRLG METHOD:		ELEVATION:
LOCATION:	ST 40	BORING DIA.:	2.5"	TEMP.:
GEOLOGIST:	JFH	DRLG FLUID		WEATHER:

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	@ ·			brn - brown	SAA - Same As Above					
	w -	- with		blk - black				Water	level d	rilled

BORING NO.	SBZ	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD: 10/13/55 1630
CLIENT:	Wurtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Geoprobe	DATE CMPL: 10/13
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LOCATION:	ST-40	BORING DIA.:	2.5"	TEMP.:
GEOLOGIST:	JFH	DRLG FLUID		WEATHER:
COMMENTS:		_		

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	@ -	at		brn - brown	SAA - Same As Above			_		
	w -	with		blk - black				Water le	aval dei	llad

BORING NO.	583	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD: 10/14/48 0845
CLIENT:	Wurtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Geoprabe	DATE CMPL: io/14
JOB NO.:	776876.69120	DRLG METHOD:		ELEVATION:
LOCATION:	5506	BORING DIA.:	1.5"	TEMP.:
GEOLOGIST:	JFH	DRLG FLUID		WEATHER:
COMMENTS:				

IMMC	•									
		Pro-	US					Sample		
(ft.)	(ft.)	file	CS	G	eologic Description	No.	Depth (ft)	Туре	Res.	TIP = Bkgrnd/Reading (ppm)
			SP	Sand, m	id-grainual, 14 binn			,		
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	sl – s	light		v · - very	f - fine		SAMPL	Е ТҮРЕ		
	tr - t	race	·	It - light	m - medium	•	D - DI		С	Core recovery
	sm -			dk - dark	c - coarse		C - C			
	& -			bf -buff	BH - Bore Hole		G - GI	RAB		Core lost
		at		brn - brown	SAA - Same As Above					
	w -	with		blk - black				Water l	aval dei	illed

BORING NO.	_534	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD: 10/14/48 0949
CLIENT:	Durtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Geopiebe	DATE CMPL: 10/14
JOB NO.:	726876.64130	DRLG METHOD:		ELEVATION:
LOCATION:	S50G	BORING DIA.:	11/2"	TEMP.:
GEOLOGIST:	JFH	DRLG FLUID		WEATHER:
COMMENTS:				

	Depth		US				Sample		Remarks
ft.)	(ft.)	file	CS	Geologic Description	No.	Depth (ft)	Type	Res.	TIP = Bkgrnd/Reading (ppm)
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	sl - s tr - t		,	v - very f - fine		SAMPL		-	0
		some		lt - light m - medium dk - dark c - coarse		D-D		С	Core recovery
	& -			bf - buff BH - Bore Hole		C - C G - G			Core lost
		at		brn - brown SAA - Same As Above		0-0	r/vp		Core lost
	-			OTOLIN DUTTE WY WHOLE					

BORING NO.	585	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD: 10/14/98
CLIENT:	Wurtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Geoprobe	DATE CMPL: 10/14
JOB NO.:	726876,64120	DRLG METHOD:		ELEVATION:
·LOCATION:	5306	BORING DIA.:	11/2 "	TEMP.:
GEOLOGIST:	JFH	DRLG FLUID		WEATHER:
COMMENTS:				

Elev.	Depth	Pro-	US			Sa	mples	Sample	Penet.	Remarks
(ft.)	(ft.)	file	cs	Geo	ologic Description	No.				TIP = Bkgmd/Reading (ppm)
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			SP	SAA 1	iel odor			`		
		1	15.				21-23	}		. /
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	sl -			v - very	f - fine		SAMPI		-	
	tr -1			lt - light	m - medium		D - D		С	Core recovery
		some		dk - dark	c - coarse		C - C			
	& -			bf - buff	BH - Bore Hole		G - G	RAB		Core lost
		at		brn - brown	SAA - Same As Above					.•
	w -	with		blk - black				Water	level di	filled

BORING NO.	586	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD: 14/5/48 0830
CLIENT:	Wurtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Cieoprobe	DATE CMPL: 10/15
JOB NO.:	726876.69120	DRLG METHOD:		ELEVATION:
LOCATION:	5.506	BORING DIA.:	1.5"	TEMP.:
GEOLOGIST:	JFH	DRLG FLUID		WEATHER:
COMMENTS				

	Depth		US					Sample		Remarks
ft.)	(ft.)	file	CS	Ge	cologic Description	No.	Depth (ft)	Type	Res.	TIP = Bkgmd/Reading (ppm)
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		some		dk - dark	m - medium c - coarse		D - D C - C		С	Core recovery
	& -			bf - buff	BH - Bore Hole		G - G			Core lost
	@ -			brn - brown	SAA - Same As Above		0-0	· CAD		core tost
	w -			blk - black	3.21 Jan 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10			Water		

BORING NO.	587	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD: 10/14/98 1650
CLENT:	Wurtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Geoprobe	DATE CMPL: 10/14
JOB NO.:	726876.64120	DRLG METHOD:		ELEVATION:
LOCATION:	5.506	BORING DIA.:	1,5"	TEMP.:
GEOLOGIST:	JFH	DRLG FLUID		WEATHER:
COMMENTS.		_		

lev. Depth		US					Sample		
ft.) (ft.)	file	CS	Geo	ologic Description	No.	Depth (ft)	Type	Res.	TIP = Bkgmd/Reading (ppm)
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sl - si tr - ti			v - very lt - light	f - fine m - medium		SAMPI		_	
sm			dk - dark	m - medium c - coarse		D - D C - C		С	Core recovery
& -			bi - buff	BH - Bore Hole		G - G			Core lost
	at		brn - brown	SAA - Same As Above		5 0			
w -	with		blk - black				Water	level d:	-illa-d

BORING NO.	SB8	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD: POPUL 98 1710
CLIENT:	Wuitsmith	RIG TYPE:	Cegorobe	DATE CMPL: 10/14
JOB NO.:	726876.69120	DRLG METHOD:		ELEVATION:
LOCATION:	5506	BORING DIA.:	1.5"	TEMP.:
GEOLOGIST:	JFH	DRLG FLUID		WEATHER:
COMMENTS	:			

ev. D			US	_				Sample		
ft.) (ft.)	file	CS	Geo	ologic Description	No.	Depth (ft)	Туре	Res.	TIP = Bkgrad/Reading (ppm)
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		some		lt - light dk - dark	m - medium c - coarse		D - D C - C		С	Core recovery
	& -			bf - buff	BH - Bore Hole		G - G			Core lost
		at		brn - brown	SAA - Same As Above		5 0			
v	w -	with		blk - black				Water	level dr	rilled

BORING NO.	SB 9	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD:	1415/48	0430
CLIENT:	Wurtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Gerprobe	DATE CMPL:	10/15	_
JOB NO.:	726876.69120	DRLG METHOD:		ELEVATION:		
LOCATION:	5506	BORING DIA.:	2.5"	TEMP.:		
GEOLOGIST:	JEH	DRLG FLUID		WEATHER:		
COMMENTS:						

lev.	Depth		US					Sample		
(ft.)	(ft.)	file	CS	Ge	cologic Description	No.	Depth (ft)	Турс	Res.	TIP = Ekgrad/Reading (ppm)
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	sl – s			v - very	f - fine		SAMPL	E TYPE	;	
	tr - t			lt - light	m - medium		D - D		С	Core recovery
	sm -			dk - dark	c - coarse		C - C	DRE		•
	& -			bf - buff	BH - Bore Hole		G - G	RAB		Core lost
		at		brn – brown	SAA - Same As Above					.*
	w -	with		blk - black				Water 1	evel dr	illed

BORING NO.	SBIO	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD: 6/15/98 1240
CLIENT:	Wurtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Geoprobe	DATE CMPL:10/15
JOB NO.:	726876.69120	DRLG METHOD:		ELEVATION:
LOCATION:	SSOC	BORING DIA:	1.5"	TEMP.:
GEOLOGIST:	JFH	DRLG FLUID		WEATHER:
COLOTENITE				

ev. I	Oepth	Pro-	US			Sa	mples	Sample	Penet.	Remarks
t.)	(ft.)	file	CS	Ge	ologic Description	No.				TTP = Bkgrnd/Reading (ppm)
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	sl - s	light		v - very	f - fine		SAMPI	LE TYP	Ε	
	tr - t	race		lt - light	m - medium			RIVE	С	Core recovery
	sm -			dk - dark	c - coarse		C - C			
	& -			bf - buff	BH - Bore Hole		G - C	RAB		Core lost
	@ -	at		brn - brown	SAA - Same As Above					

BORING NO.	5811	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD: 10/16/98
CLIENT:	Wurtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Geoprobe	DATE CMPL: 10/16/98
JOB NO.:	776876.69120	DRLG METHOD:		ELEVATION:
LOCATION:	5306	BORING DIA.:	1.5"	TEMP.:
GEOLOGIST:		DRLG FLUID		WEATHER:
COMMENTS				

lev.	Depth	Pro-	US					Sample		Remarks
ft.)	(ft.)	file	CS	Ge	ologic Description	No.	Depth (ft)	Туре	Res.	TIP = Ekgrad/Reading (ppm)
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		slight		v - very	f - fine		SAMPI		_	
	tr -	trace		lt - light	m - medium		D - D		С	Core recovery
		some		dk - dark	c - coarse		C - C			
	& -			bf -buff	BH - Bore Hole		G - G	RAB		Core lost
	@ -			brn – brown	SAA - Same As Above					•
	*** -	with		blk - black				Water	level di	rilled

	OFOL	VOIC BORTIN	<u>a roa</u>	
BORING NO. $5812$	CONTRACTOR:			DATE SPUD: 10/5/98 1410
CLIENT: Wurtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Geopiahe		DATE CMPL: 10/15
JOB NO .: 726 876.64120	DRLG METHOD:			ELEVATION:
LOCATION: SSOG	BORING DIA.:	1.5		TEMP.:
GEOLOGIST: JFH	DRLG FLUID			WEATHER:
COMMENTS:				
Elev. Depth Pro- US			Samples	Sample Penet   Damasles

Elev.	Depth	Pro-	US			mples	Sample	Penet.	Remarks
(ft.)	(ft.)	file	CS	Geologic Description	No.	Depth (ft)	Турс	Res.	TIP = Bkgmd/Reading (ppm)
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			26	SAND, md grainel. V. moist  1+ brn,		20-22			
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	sl – sl	ight		v - very f - fine					
	tr - tr	_		lt - light m - medium		SAMPLE			
	sm - s			dk - dark c - coarse		D - DR C - CO		С	Core recovery
	& - a			bf - buff BH - Bore Hole		G - GR			Core lost
	@ - E			brn - brown SAA - Same As Above		, ON			
	w - v	vith		blk - black			Water le	vel dei	iled

15.2	<u>GEOLO</u>	GIC BORING LOG	
BORING NO. SBIA3	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD: 10/16/48
CLIENT: Wurtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Geoprabe	DATE CMPL: 10/16/98
JUB NO .: 726876.69120	DRLG METHOD:		ELEVATION:
LOCATION: SJOG	BORING DIA.:	2.5	TEMP.:
GEOLOGIST: JFH	DRLG FLUID		WEATHER:
COMMENTS:			•

lev.	Depth	Pro-	US			Sa		Sample		
(ft.)	(ft.)	file	CS		ologic Description	No.	Depth (ft)	Type	Res.	TIP = Bkgrod/Reading (ppm)
			SP	SAND, H.	brn, no.3+					0/20
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	5			SAA						0/40
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	tr -			lt - light	m - medium		D - D		C	Core recovery
		some		dk - dark	c - coarse		C - C		_	3010 10001017
	& -			bf - buff	BH - Bore Hole		G - G			Core lost
	@ -			brn - brown	SAA - Same As Above					
	w -	with		blk - black				11/	level di	-ill-d

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BORING NO.	SBIZ4	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD: 10/15/98	
CLIENT:	Wurtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Geoprobe	DATE CMPL: 10/15/98	
ON BOL	726876.69120	DRLG METHOD:		ELEVATION:	
LOCATION:	5506	BORING DIA:	2.5	TEMP.:	
GEOLOGIST:	JEH	DRLG FLUID		WEATHER:	•
COMMENTS.					-

	Depth		US				umples	Sample		
(ft.)	(ft.)	file	CS		ologic Description	No.	Depth (ft)	Type	Res.	TIP = Bkgmd/Reading (ppm)
			SP	SAND, 1+ H	ora, moist					
							0-4			0/40
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:										
	5			SAA SI	fuel voler	<del></del>	+			
	3			SHP ST	TUEL USAUF		4-8			- /
							4-3			0/320
	$\vdash$									
				SAA si	fuel order					
	10						8-12			0/540
					•					
				SAA SI	fuel oder		12-			0/380
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	sm -			dk - dark	m - medium		D - D C - C		С	Core recovery
	& -			bf - buff	BH - Bore Hole		G = G			Core lost
	@ -	at		brn - brown	SAA - Same As Above		J 3			,
		with		blk - black					level dr	

BORING NO.	SB15	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD: 10/15/98	
CLIENT:	Wurtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Geopribe	DATE CMPL: 10/15	
JOB NO.:	726876.69120	DRLG METHOD:		ELEVATION:	
LOCATION:	2005	BORING DIA.:	2.5"	TEMP.:	
GEOLOGIST:	JFH	DRLG FLUID		WEATHER:	
COMMENTS				•	

OMM	ENTS:										
Elev.	Depth	Pro-	US						Sample		
(ft.)	(ft.)	file	CS	Geo	logic Description		No.	Depth (ft)	Type	Res.	TIP = Bkgrnd/Reading (ppm)
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	sm -	- some		dk - dark	c - coarse			C - C	ORE		
	& -	- and		bf - buff	BH - Bore Hole			G - G	RAB		Core lost
	@	- at		brn - brown	SAA - Same As Above	;					
	_	- with		blk - black					Water	level d	rilled
	w -	- with		blk - black					Water	level d	пшеа

BORING NO. SB16	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD: 10/15/48	
CLIENT: Wurtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Cooprobe	DATE CMPL: 10/15	
JOB NO .: 726876,69120	DRLG METHOD:		ELEVATION:	
LOCATION: SSOG	BORING DIA.:	2.5"	TEMP.:	
GEOLOGIST: JFH	DRLG FLUID		WEATHER:	
COMMENTS.				

	Depth		US				Sample		Remarks
(ft.)	(ft.)	file	CS	Geologic Description	No.	Depth (ft)	Туре	Res.	TIP = Bkgrnd/Reading (ppm)
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						0-4			
=						-			0/140
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						4-8			
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		- some		dk - dark c - coarse		C - C	ORE		
	& -	- and		bf - buff BH - Bore Hole		G - C	GRAB		Core lost
	-	- at		brn - brown SAA - Same As Above					1
	w -	- with		blk - black			Water	level d	nued

Sheet / of /

BORING NO.	5817	CONTRACTOR:		DATE SPUD: 10/15/98 1330
CLIENT:	Wurtsmith	RIG TYPE:	Ciecorobe	DATE CMPL: 10/15
JOB NO.:	726876.69120	DRLG METHOD:		ELEVATION:
LOCATION:	5506	BORING DIA:	1.5"	TEMP.:
GEOLOGIST:	JFH	DRLG FLUID	_	WEATHER:
COLUENTS				

ev. Depth		US					Sample		
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sm - some	dk - dark	c - coarse	C - CORE		
& - and	bf - buff	BH - Bore Hole	G - GRAB	Core lost	
@ - at	brn - brown	SAA - Same As Above		.•	
w - with	blk - black		Water level drilled		

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# APPENDIX C LABORATORY ANALYTICAL RESULTS AND COC FORMS



615-726-0177 • 1-800-765-0980 • Fax 615-726-3404

#### CASE NARRATIVE

Client: Parsons Engineering Science

Attn: Lynnea Peterson 1700 Broadway, Suite 900 Denver, CO 80290

Client Project: WURTSMITH BIOVENTING

Matrix: SOIL

Laboratory Project: 117018

Number samples: 6

Date Received: 10/15/98

Date Collected: 10/13/98

Sample Receipt Notes: All samples were received in good condition, properly preserved. All analyses were performed within method specified holding times.

QA/QC Summary:

Volatile Organic Method 8260B - Soil:

1. All surrogate, matrix spikes, matrix spike duplicate, and laboratory control sample recoveries were within acceptable quality control limits. The relative percent difference for Chlorobenzene on the MS/MSD pair was above QC limits at 16 % (upper limit = 14 %). The sample used for MS/MSD analysis for this analytical batch was not part of this sample delivery group. Samples SB1-19, SB2-20, and SB4-22 required dilution in order to bring all analytes into the calibration range of the instrument. Quantitation on unknown concentrations were determined from the initial calibration curve using the average response factor when the % RSD was less than or equal to 15%. All other analytes were calculated using linear regression.

Johnny A. Mitchell

Director of Technical Services

Johnny a. Mitchell

Specialized Assays, Inc.

**Enclosures** 

### SPECIALIZED ASSAYS ENVIRONMENTAL

7A-059006

REFERRING CLIENT

Parisons Co



2960 Foster Creighton Drive Nashville, TN 37204 615-726-0177, 800-765-0980 FAX 615/726-3404

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# Cooler Receipt Form

Client: Paresons:	· , 7 ·
Cooler Received On: 10/15/58 And Opened On: 10/15/58 By: PAU RV	Bukinghan
PURUJE.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(Signature)	
1. Temperature of Cooler when opened	
2. Were custody seals on outside of cooler and intact?	Yes No
a. If yes, what kind and where:	
b. Were the signature and date correct?	Yes No
3. Were custody papers inside cooler?	Yes No
4. Were custody papers properly filled out (ink, signed, etc)?	YES No.
5. Did you sign the custody papers in the appropriate place?	Yes No
6. What kind of packing material was used? bubble unip	
7. Was sufficient ice used (if appropriate)?	Yes No
8. Did all bottles arrive in good condition (unbroken)?	Yes No
9. Were all bottle labels complete (#, date, signed, pres, etc)?	Yes No
10. Did all bottle labels and tags agree with custody papers?	Xes No
11. Were correct bottles used for the analysis requested?	Yes No
12. If present, were VOA vials checked for absence of air bubbles and noted if for	ound? (Yes) No
13. Was sufficient amount of sample sent in each bottle?	No.
14. Were correct preservatives used?	© No
15. Corrective action taken, if necessary:	·
a. Name of person contacted:	
b. Date	
	000002

4-16-99 ; 8:06 ; SPECIALIZED ASSAYS→ 8-13038318208;# 4/ 4 SENT BY:

TCH NO.: 117018



PAGE NO:

	SAMPLE 10	SAMPLE WEIGHT (g)	DILUTION	METHOD	WORKLIST	REMARKS
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C. State IN 2.1. C. State IN 2.	

# SUMMARY DATA VOC

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

#### Sample Identification

SB1-16

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: Units: ug/kg dry weight

Dilution Factor: 1.

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117018

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A126223 Date Sampled: 10/13/98 Date Received: 10/15/98 Analysis Date: 10/22/98 Analysis Time: 18:35

Sample QC Group: 3395

67-64-1         Acetone         9.2         U           71-43-2         Benzene         2.1         U           108-86-1         Bromobenzene         2.1         U           124-48-1         Bromochloromethane         2.1         U           75-25-2         Bromoform         6.2         U           74-83-9         Bromomethane         5.2         U           104-51-8         n-Butylbenzene         5.2         U           135-98-8         sec-Butylbenzene         7.3         U           75-15-0         Carbon disulfide         1.5         U           56-23-5         Carbon disulfide         1.5         U           56-23-5         Carbon tetrachloride         10.4         U           108-90-7         Chlorobenzene         2.1         U           75-00-3         Chloroform         2.1         U           75-48-3         Chloroform         2.1         U           75-49-8         2-Chlorotoluene         3.1         U           106-43-4         4-Chlorotoluene         3.1         U           104-48-1         Dibromochloromethane         3.1         U           74-95-3         1,2-Dirchomochane					
67-64-1         Acetone         9.2         U           71-43-2         Benzene         2.1         U           108-86-1         Bromobenzene         2.1         U           124-48-1         Bromochloromethane         2.1         U           75-25-2         Bromonmethane         2.1         U           75-25-2         Bromomethane         5.2         U           104-51-8         n-Butylbenzene         5.2         U           135-98-8         sec-Butylbenzene         7.3         U           75-15-0         Carbon disulfide         1.5         U           56-23-5         Carbon tetrachloride         10.4         U           108-90-7         Chlorobenzene         2.1         U           75-00-3         Chloroform         2.1         U           75-00-3         Chloroform         2.1         U           75-48-3         Chloroform         2.1         U           75-49-8         2-Chlorotoluene         3.1         U           95-49-8         2-Chlorotoluene         3.1         U           106-43-4         4-Chlorotoluene         3.1         U           106-43-4         4-Chlorotoluene	CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FL	.AG
71-43-2 Benzene 2.1 U 108-84-1 Bromobenzene 2.1 U 124-48-1 Bromochloromethane 2.1 U 75-25-2 Bromoform 6.2 U 74-83-9 Bromomethane 5.2 U 104-51-8 n-Butylbenzene 5.2 U 135-98-8 sec-Butylbenzene 7.3 U 98-06-6 t-Butylbenzene 7.3 U 75-15-0 Carbon disulfide 1.5 U 108-90-7 Chlorobenzene 2.1 U 75-00-3 Chloroform 2.1 U 75-00-3 Chloroform 2.1 U 74-87-3 Chloromethane 7.3 U 95-49-8 2-Chlorotoluene 2.1 U 96-12-8 1,2-Dibromochloromethane 3.1 U 74-95-3 1,2-Dibromoethane 3.1 U 74-95-3 Dibromomethane 3.1 U 74-95-3 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 2.1 U 75-71-8 Dichlorodenzene 2.1 U 75-71-8 Dichlorodethane 3.1 U 75-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,3-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,3-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,3-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,3-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 107-06-2 1,3-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 10061-01-5 1.1 U 10061-01-5 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-01-6 1.1 U 10061-0	144-10-5	1-Chlorohexane	2.6		υ
108-86-1   Bromochloromethane	67-64-1	Acetone	9.2		U
108-86-1       Bromobenzene       2. 1       U         124-48-1       Bromochloromethane       2. 1       U         75-25-2       Bromoform       6. 2       U         74-83-9       Bromomethane       5. 2       U         104-51-8       n-Butylbenzene       5. 2       U         135-98-8       sec-Butylbenzene       7. 3       U         98-06-6       t-Butylbenzene       7. 3       U         75-15-0       Carbon disulfide       1. 5       U         56-23-5       Carbon tetrachloride       10. 4       U         108-90-7       Chlorobenzene       2. 1       U         75-00-3       Chloroform       2. 1       U         75-49-8       2-Chlorotoluene       2. 1       U         95-49-8       2-Chlorotoluene       2. 1       U         95-49-8       2-Chlorotoluene       3. 1       U         96-12-8       1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane       1. 0       U         104-43-4       4-Chlorotoluene       3. 1       U         94-12-8       1,2-Dibromoethane       3. 1       U         74-95-3       1,2-Dichlorobenzene       2. 1       U         124-48-1       <					U
124-48-1 Bromochloromethane					υ
75-25-2 Bromoform					U
74-83-9         Bromomethane         5. 2         U           104-51-8         n-Butylbenzene         5. 2         U           135-98-8         sec-Butylbenzene         7. 3         U           98-06-6         t-Butylbenzene         7. 3         U           75-15-0         Carbon disulfide         10. 4         U           108-90-7         Chlorobenzene         2. 1         U           75-00-3         Chlorobenzene         2. 1         U           67-66-3         Chloroform         2. 1         U           74-87-3         Chloroform         2. 1         U           95-49-8         2-Chlorotoluene         3. 1         U           95-49-8         2-Chlorotoluene         3. 1         U           95-49-8         1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane         1. 0         U           95-49-8         1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane         1. 0         U           95-49-8         1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane         1. 0         U           95-49-8         1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane         1. 0         U           95-19-9         1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane         1. 0         U           94-12-8         1,2-Dibromoethane         3. 1         U					U
104-51-8					υ
135-98-8   sec-Butylbenzene				<i>.</i> .	U
98-06-6 t-Butylbenzene 7.3 U 75-15-0 Carbon disulfide 1.5 U 56-23-5 Carbon tetrachloride 10.4 U 108-90-7 Chlorobenzene 2.1 U 67-66-3 Chloroethane 5.2 U 67-66-3 Chloroethane 7.3 U 95-49-8 2-Chlorotoluene 2.1 U 106-43-4 4-Chlorotoluene 3.1 U 96-12-8 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane 1.0 U 124-48-1 Dibromoethane 3.1 U 74-95-3 1,2-Dibromoethane 3.1 U 74-95-3 1,2-Dibromoethane 10.4 U 95-50-1 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 2.1 U 541-73-1 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 2.1 U 541-73-1 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 2.1 U 55-34-3 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 75-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 75-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 75-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 75-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 75-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 75-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 75-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 75-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 75-35-6 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 75-35-6 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 75-35-6 1,1-Dichloropropane 2.1 U 142-28-9 1,3-Dichloropropane 2.1 U 1594-20-7 2,2-Dichloropropane 2.1 U 594-20-7 2,2-Dichloropropane 5.2 U 10061-01-5 cis-1,3-Dichloropropane 5.2 U 10061-02-6 trans-1,3-Dichloropropane 5.2 U 10061-02-6 trans-1,3-Dichloropropane 5.2 U 10061-02-6 trans-1,3-Dichloropropane 5.2 U 10061-04-4 Ethylbenzene 3.1 U					υ
75-15-0 Carbon disulfide 1.5 U 56-23-5 Carbon tetrachloride 10.4 U 108-90-7 Chlorobenzene 2.1 U 75-00-3 Chloroethane 5.2 U 75-00-3 Chloroethane 5.2 U 74-87-3 Chloroform 2.1 U 74-87-3 Chloroform 2.1 U 74-87-3 Chloromethane 7.3 U 95-49-8 2-Chlorotoluene 2.1 U 106-43-4 4-Chlorotoluene 3.1 U 74-95-8 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane 1.0 U 124-48-1 Dibromochloromethane 3.1 U 74-95-3 1,2-Dibromoethane 3.1 U 74-95-3 1,2-Dibromoethane 3.1 U 74-95-3 Dibromomethane 10.4 U 95-50-1 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 2.1 U 106-46-7 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 2.1 U 106-46-7 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 2.1 U 107-06-2 1,2-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 175-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 175-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 175-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 175-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 175-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 175-35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloroethene 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 2.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 2.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 2.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.1 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane 3.2 U 178-87-5 1,2-Dichlo			• •		Ü
56-23-5       Carbon tetrachloride       10.4         108-90-7       Chlorobenzene       2.1         75-00-3       Chlorotethane       5.2         67-66-3       Chloroform       2.1         74-87-3       Chloromethane       7.3         95-49-8       2-Chlorotoluene       2.1         106-43-4       4-Chlorotoluene       3.1         106-48-1       1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane       1.0         124-48-1       Dibromochloromethane       3.1         74-95-3       1,2-Dibromoethane       3.1         74-95-3       1,2-Dibromoethane       3.1         74-95-3       Dibromomethane       10.4         95-50-1       1,2-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         541-73-1       1,3-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         104-46-7       1,4-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         75-31-8       Dichlorodifluoromethane       5.2         75-34-3       1,1-Dichloroethane       3.1         75-35-4       1,1-Dichloroethane       3.1         75-35-4       1,1-Dichloropropane       2.1         156-60-5       trans-1,2-Dichloropropane       2.1         142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2.1         1594-20-7	75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	1. 5		Ū
108-90-7					Ü
75-00-3       Chloroethane       5. 2         67-66-3       Chloroform       2. 1         74-87-3       Chloromethane       7. 3         95-49-8       2-Chlorotoluene       2. 1         106-43-4       4-Chlorotoluene       3. 1         96-12-8       1, 2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane       1. 0         124-48-1       Dibromochloromethane       3. 1         74-95-3       1, 2-Dibromoethane       3. 1         74-95-3       Dibromomethane       10. 4         95-50-1       1, 2-Dichlorobenzene       2. 1         541-73-1       1, 3-Dichlorobenzene       2. 1         106-46-7       1, 4-Dichlorobenzene       2. 1         75-71-8       Dichlorodifluoromethane       5. 2         75-34-3       1, 1-Dichloroethane       3. 1         107-06-2       1, 2-Dichloroethane       3. 1         156-59-2       cis-1, 2-Dichloroethene       6. 2         156-60-5       trans-1, 2-Dichloroethene       3. 1         142-28-9       1, 3-Dichloropropane       2. 1         142-28-9       1, 3-Dichloropropane       2. 1         563-58-6       1, 1-Dichloropropane       5. 2         10061-01-5       cis-1, 3-Dichloropropene       5. 2					Ũ
67-66-3       Chloroform       2. 1       U         74-87-3       Chloromethane       7. 3       U         95-49-8       2-Chlorotoluene       2. 1       U         106-43-4       4-Chlorotoluene       3. 1       U         96-12-8       1, 2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane       1. 0       U         124-48-1       Dibromochloromethane       3. 1       U         74-95-3       1, 2-Dibromoethane       3. 1       U         74-95-3       Dibromomethane       10. 4       U         95-50-1       1, 2-Dichlorobenzene       2. 1       U         541-73-1       1, 3-Dichlorobenzene       2. 1       U         106-46-7       1, 4-Dichlorobenzene       2. 1       U         75-71-8       Dichlorodifluoromethane       5. 2       U         75-34-3       1, 1-Dichloroethane       3. 1       U         107-06-2       1, 2-Dichloroethane       3. 1       U         156-59-2       cis-1, 2-Dichloroethene       6. 2       U         156-59-2       cis-1, 2-Dichloropropane       2. 1       U         142-28-9       1, 3-Dichloropropane       2. 1       U         142-28-9       1, 3-Dichloropropane       2. 2					Ü
74-87-3       Chloromethane       7.3       U         95-49-8       2-Chlorotoluene       2.1       U         106-43-4       4-Chlorotoluene       3.1       U         96-12-8       1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane       1.0       U         124-48-1       Dibromochloromethane       3.1       U         74-95-3       1,2-Dibromoethane       3.1       U         74-95-3       Dibromomethane       10.4       U         95-50-1       1,2-Dichlorobenzene       2.1       U         541-73-1       1,3-Dichlorobenzene       2.1       U         541-73-1       1,3-Dichlorobenzene       2.1       U         106-46-7       1,4-Dichlorobenzene       2.1       U         75-71-8       Dichlorodifluoromethane       5.2       U         75-34-3       1,1-Dichloroethane       3.1       U         107-06-2       1,2-Dichloroethane       3.1       U         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethane       3.1       U         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethane       3.1       U         156-60-5       trans-1,2-Dichloropropane       2.1       U         1594-20-7       2,2-Dichloropropane       2.1       U </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td>					_
95-49-8       2-Chlorotoluene       2. 1         106-43-4       4-Chlorotoluene       3. 1         96-12-8       1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane       1. 0         124-48-1       Dibromochloromethane       3. 1         74-95-3       1,2-Dibromoethane       3. 1         74-95-3       Dibromomethane       10. 4         95-50-1       1,2-Dichlorobenzene       2. 1         541-73-1       1,3-Dichlorobenzene       2. 1         106-46-7       1,4-Dichlorobenzene       2. 1         75-71-8       Dichlorodifluoromethane       5. 2         75-34-3       1,1-Dichloroethane       3. 1         107-06-2       1,2-Dichloroethane       3. 1         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethene       6. 2         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethene       3. 1         158-87-5       1,2-Dichloropropane       2. 1         142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2. 1         154-20-7       2,2-Dichloropropane       2. 2         563-58-6       1,1-Dichloropropane       5. 2         10061-01-5       cis-1,3-Dichloropropane       5. 2         10061-02-6       trans-1,3-Dichloropropane       5. 2         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene					_
106-43-4       4-Chlorotoluene       3.1         96-12-8       1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane       1.0         124-48-1       Dibromochloromethane       3.1         74-95-3       1,2-Dibromoethane       3.1         74-95-3       Dibromomethane       10.4         95-50-1       1,2-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         541-73-1       1,3-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         106-46-7       1,4-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         75-71-8       Dichlorodifluoromethane       5.2         75-34-3       1,1-Dichloroethane       2.1         107-06-2       1,2-Dichloroethane       3.1         75-35-4       1,1-Dichloroethene       6.2         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethene       6.2         156-60-5       trans-1,2-Dichloroethene       3.1         78-87-5       1,2-Dichloropropane       2.1         142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2.1         563-58-6       1,1-Dichloropropane       5.2         10061-01-5       cis-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         10061-02-6       trans-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene       3.1					_
96-12-8       1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane       1.0         124-48-1       Dibromochloromethane       3.1         74-95-3       1,2-Dibromoethane       3.1         74-95-3       Dibromomethane       10.4         95-50-1       1,2-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         541-73-1       1,3-Dichlorobenzene       6.2         106-46-7       1,4-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         75-71-8       Dichlorodifluoromethane       5.2         75-34-3       1,1-Dichloroethane       3.1         107-06-2       1,2-Dichloroethane       3.1         75-35-4       1,1-Dichloroethene       6.2         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethene       6.2         156-60-5       trans-1,2-Dichloroethene       3.1         78-87-5       1,2-Dichloropropane       2.1         142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2.1         563-58-6       1,1-Dichloropropene       5.2         10061-01-5       cis-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         10061-02-6       trans-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene       3.1					_
124-48-1       Dibromochloromethane       3.1         74-95-3       1,2-Dibromoethane       3.1         74-95-3       Dibromomethane       10.4         95-50-1       1,2-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         541-73-1       1,3-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         106-46-7       1,4-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         75-71-8       Dichlorodifluoromethane       5.2         75-34-3       1,1-Dichloroethane       3.1         107-06-2       1,2-Dichloroethane       3.1         75-35-4       1,1-Dichloroethene       6.2         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethene       3.1         156-60-5       trans-1,2-Dichloroethene       3.1         78-87-5       1,2-Dichloropropane       2.1         142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2.1         563-58-6       1,1-Dichloropropane       5.2         10061-01-5       cis-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         10061-02-6       trans-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene       3.1					_
74-95-3       1,2-Dibromoethane       3.1         74-95-3       Dibromomethane       10.4         95-50-1       1,2-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         541-73-1       1,3-Dichlorobenzene       6.2         106-46-7       1,4-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         75-71-8       Dichlorodifluoromethane       5.2         75-34-3       1,1-Dichloroethane       2.1         107-06-2       1,2-Dichloroethane       3.1         75-35-4       1,1-Dichloroethane       6.2         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethene       6.2         156-60-5       trans-1,2-Dichloroethene       3.1         78-87-5       1,2-Dichloropropane       2.1         142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2.1         594-20-7       2,2-Dichloropropane       5.2         10061-01-5       cis-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         10061-02-6       trans-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene       3.1					_
74-95-3       Dibromomethane       10.4         95-50-1       1,2-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         541-73-1       1,3-Dichlorobenzene       6.2         106-46-7       1,4-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         75-71-8       Dichlorodifluoromethane       5.2         75-34-3       1,1-Dichloroethane       2.1         107-06-2       1,2-Dichloroethane       3.1         75-35-4       1,1-Dichloroethene       6.2         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethene       6.2         156-60-5       trans-1,2-Dichloroethene       3.1         78-87-5       1,2-Dichloropropane       2.1         142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2.1         594-20-7       2,2-Dichloropropane       5.2         10061-01-5       cis-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         10061-02-6       trans-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene       3.1					_
95-50-1       1,2-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         541-73-1       1,3-Dichlorobenzene       6.2         106-46-7       1,4-Dichlorobenzene       2.1         75-71-8       Dichlorodifluoromethane       5.2         75-34-3       1,1-Dichloroethane       2.1         107-06-2       1,2-Dichloroethane       3.1         75-35-4       1,1-Dichloroethene       6.2         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethene       6.2         156-60-5       trans-1,2-Dichloroethene       3.1         78-87-5       1,2-Dichloropropane       2.1         142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2.1         543-58-6       1,1-Dichloropropene       5.2         10061-01-5       cis-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         10061-02-6       trans-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene       3.1					_
541-73-1       1,3-Dichlorobenzene       6.2       0.2         106-46-7       1,4-Dichlorobenzene       2.1       0.2         75-71-8       Dichlorodifluoromethane       5.2       0.2         75-34-3       1,1-Dichloroethane       2.1       0.2         107-06-2       1,2-Dichloroethane       3.1       0.2         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethene       6.2       0.2         156-60-5       trans-1,2-Dichloroethene       3.1       0.2         158-87-5       1,2-Dichloropropane       2.1       0.2         142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2.1       0.2         563-58-6       1,1-Dichloropropane       5.2       0.8         10061-01-5       cis-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2       0.2         10061-02-6       trans-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2       0.2         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene       3.1       0.2					-
106-46-7       1,4-Dichlorobenzene       2.1       0         75-71-8       Dichlorodifluoromethane       5.2       0         75-34-3       1,1-Dichloroethane       2.1       0         107-06-2       1,2-Dichloroethane       3.1       0         75-35-4       1,1-Dichloroethene       6.2       0         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethene       6.2       0         156-60-5       trans-1,2-Dichloroethene       3.1       0         78-87-5       1,2-Dichloropropane       2.1       0         142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2.1       0         563-58-6       1,1-Dichloropropane       5.2       0         10061-01-5       cis-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2       0         10061-02-6       trans-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2       0         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene       3.1       0					_
75-71-8       Dichlorodifluoromethane       5.2       0         75-34-3       1,1-Dichloroethane       2.1       0         107-06-2       1,2-Dichloroethane       3.1       0         75-35-4       1,1-Dichloroethene       6.2       0         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethene       3.1       0         156-60-5       trans-1,2-Dichloroethene       3.1       0         78-87-5       1,2-Dichloropropane       2.1       0         142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2.1       0         594-20-7       2,2-Dichloropropane       20.8       0         563-58-6       1,1-Dichloropropene       5.2       0         10061-01-5       cis-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2       0         10041-02-6       trans-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2       0         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene       3.1       0					_
75-34-3       1,1-Dichloroethane       2.1         107-06-2       1,2-Dichloroethane       3.1         75-35-4       1,1-Dichloroethene       6.2         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethene       3.1         156-60-5       trans-1,2-Dichloroethene       3.1         78-87-5       1,2-Dichloropropane       2.1         142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2.1         594-20-7       2,2-Dichloropropane       20.8         563-58-6       1,1-Dichloropropene       5.2         10061-01-5       cis-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         10061-02-6       trans-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene       3.1					_
107-06-2       1,2-Dichloroethane       3.1       0         75-35-4       1,1-Dichloroethene       6.2       0         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethene       6.2       0         156-60-5       trans-1,2-Dichloroethene       3.1       0         78-87-5       1,2-Dichloropropane       2.1       0         142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2.1       0         594-20-7       2,2-Dichloropropane       20.8       0         563-58-6       1,1-Dichloropropene       5.2       0         10061-01-5       cis-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2       0         10041-02-6       trans-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2       0         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene       3.1       0					_
75-35-4       1,1-Dichloroethene       6.2       0         156-59-2       cis-1,2-Dichloroethene       6.2       0         156-60-5       trans-1,2-Dichloroethene       3.1       0         78-87-5       1,2-Dichloropropane       2.1       0         142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2.1       0         594-20-7       2,2-Dichloropropane       20.8       0         563-58-6       1,1-Dichloropropene       5.2       0         10061-01-5       cis-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2       0         10061-02-6       trans-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2       0         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene       3.1       0					U
156-59-2 cis-1, 2-Dichloroethene 6. 2 U 156-60-5 trans-1, 2-Dichloroethene 3. 1 U 78-87-5 1, 2-Dichloropropane 2. 1 U 142-28-9 1, 3-Dichloropropane 2. 1 U 594-20-7 2, 2-Dichloropropane 20. 8 U 563-58-6 1, 1-Dichloropropene 5. 2 U 10061-01-5 cis-1, 3-Dichloropropene 5. 2 U 10061-02-6 trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene 5. 2 U 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 3. 1 U					U
156-60-5       trans-1, 2-Dichloroethene       3.1       0.1         78-87-5       1, 2-Dichloropropane       2.1       0.1         142-28-9       1, 3-Dichloropropane       2.1       0.2         594-20-7       2, 2-Dichloropropane       20.8       0.8         563-58-6       1, 1-Dichloropropene       5.2       0.2         10061-01-5       cis-1, 3-Dichloropropene       5.2       0.2         10061-02-6       trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene       5.2       0.2         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene       3.1       0.2					U
78-87-5       1,2-Dichloropropane       2.1       142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2.1       1         594-20-7       2,2-Dichloropropane       20.8       1         563-58-6       1,1-Dichloropropene       5.2       1         10061-01-5       cis-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2       1         10061-02-6       trans-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2       1         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene       3.1       1					U
142-28-9       1,3-Dichloropropane       2.1       594-20-7       20.8       594-20-7       20.8       563-58-6       1,1-Dichloropropene       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2       5.2<					U
594-20-72,2-Dichloropropane 20.8 563-58-61,1-Dichloropropene 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5	78-87-5	.1,2-Dichloropropane	2.1		U
594-20-7       2,2-Dichloropropane       20.8         563-58-6       1,1-Dichloropropene       5.2         10061-01-5       cis-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         10061-02-6       trans-1,3-Dichloropropene       5.2         100-41-4       Ethylbenzene       3.1					U
563-58-6 1,1-Dichloropropene					U
10061-01-5 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene 5.2 \\ 10061-02-6 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene . 5.2 \\ 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 3.1 \\					U
10061-02-6 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene . 5.2 \ 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 3.1 \					U
100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 3.1 \					Ū
87-68-3 Hexachlorobutadiene 5.2	100-41-4	Ethulhenzene	3.1		Ū
O, DO O HEXACIITOI DOUBLIENE	87-48-3	Havarhlorohutadiana	5 2		ŭ
	٠٠ ١٠٠ ١٠٠٠ ١٠٠٠	. HE ABENION DO COUTENE	0. E		_

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

#### Sample Identification

SB1-16

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 96. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A126223 Date Sampled: 10/13/98 Date Received: 10/15/98

 CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCEN	ITRATION	F	LAG
	Isopropylbenzene	• • •			
	4-Isopropyltoluene	-			
	Methylene chloride				
91-20-3	Naphthalene				
103-65-1	n-Propylbenzene				
100-42-5	Styrene	• •			
630-20-6	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane	. 3			
79-34-5	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane	. 2	2. 1		υ
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	7	7. 3		υ
108-88-3	Toluene		5. 2		υ
87-61-6	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene	2	2. 1		υ
	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		2. 1		υ
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane		1. 2		U
	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		5. 2		U
	Trichloroethene		0. 4		U
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		20. 8		U
	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		7. 3		υ
	1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene		3. 1		υ
	Vinyl chloride		7. 4		U
	Bromodichloromethane		1.42		υ
	o-Xylene		5. 2		U
	m, p-Xylene		3. 1		U
	Trichlorofluoromethane		1. 2		U



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

#### Sample Identification

SB1-19

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 96. Units: ug/kg dry weight

Dilution Factor: 1.

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117018

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A126224 Date Sampled: 10/13/98 Date Received: 10/15/98 Analysis Date: 10/22/98 Analysis Time: 19:12

Sample QC Group: 3395

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	ENTRATION	F	LAG
144-10-5	.1-Chlorohexane				U
67-64-1	.Acetone		9. 2		U
71-43-2	Benzene		2. 1		U
108-86-1	Bromobenzene		2. 1		U
124-48-1	Bromochloromethane		2. 1		U
75-25-2	Bromoform		6. 2		U
74-83-9	Bromomethane		5. 2		U
104-51-8	n-Butylbenzene		5. 2		U
135-98-8	sec-Butylbenzene		7. 3		U
98-06-6	t-Butylbenzene		7. 3		U
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide		1. 5		U
56-23-5	.Carbon tetrachloride		10.4		U
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene		2. 1		U
75-00-3	Chloroethane		5. 2		U
67-66-3	.Chloroform		2. 1		U
74-87-3	.Chloromethane		73		U
95-49-8	.2-Chlorotoluene				U
106-43-4	.4-Chlorotoluene		3. 1		U
96-12-8	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa	∍ne	1. 0		U
124-48-1	.Dibromochloromethane		3. 1		U
74-95-3	.1,2-Dibromoethane				U
74-95-3	Dibromomethane		10. 4		U
	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene		2. 1		U
	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene		6. 2		U
	.1,4-Dichlorobenzene		2. 1		U
	.Dichlorodifluoromethane .		5. 2		U
	.1,1-Dichloroethane		2. 1		U
	.1,2-Dichloroethane				U
	.1,1-Dichloroethene				U
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene				U
			3. 1		U
	.1,2-Dichloropropane		2. 1		U
	.1,3-Dichloropropane		2. 1		U
	.2,2-Dichloropropane		20.8		U
	.1,1-Dichloropropene		5. 2		U
			5. 2		U
	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropen		5. 2		U
	.Ethylbenzene		3. 1		U
87-68-3	.Hexachlorobutadiene		5. 2		U



Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight:

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Units: ug/kg dry weight

Sample Identification

SB1-19

Lab Sample ID: 98-A126224 Date Sampled: 10/13/98 Date Received: 10/15/98

	,			
CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATIO	N FLA	≯G
	. Isopropylbenzene		٠ ن	J
99-87-6	.4-Isopropyltoluene	26.0		
75-09-2	. Methylene chloride	2. 1		J
	. Naphthalene		٠ ن	j
	.n-Propylbenzene		٠ ن	j
	.Styrene		٠ ن	3
630-20-6	. 1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane	. 3.1	٠ ن	3
	. 1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		L	j
	. Tetrachloroethene		٠ ن	j
	. Toluene		L	j
	. 1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		L	j
	. 1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		L	j
	. 1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		٠ ٤	3
	. 1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		٠ ن	3
79-01-6	.Trichloroethene	10.4	L	J
	.1,2,3-Trichloropropane		٠ ز	J
	. 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		L	)
	. 1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene		E	Ξ
	. Vinyl chloride		U	)
	. Bromodichloromethane		L	J
	.o-Xylene		٠ ١	3
	.m,p-Xylene		L	J
	. Trichlorofluoromethane		٠ ١	3



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

SB1-19

Matrix: Soil
% Dry Weight: 96.
Units: ug/kg dry weight
Dilution Factor: 50.

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117018

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A126224 Date Sampled: 10/13/98 Date Received: 10/15/98 Analysis Date: 10/21/98 Analysis Time: 14:55 Sample QC Group: 3395

FORM I

 CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
	1-Chlorohexane		U
	Acetone		U
	Benzene		U
	Bromobenzene		U
	Bromochloromethane		υ
	Bromoform		U
74-83-9	Bromomethane		U
	n-Butylbenzene		υ
135-98-8	sec-Butylbenzene	365.	U
	t-Butylbenzene		υ
	Carbon disulfide		υ
	Carbon tetrachloride		U
	Chlorobenzene		U
	Chloroethane		U
	Chloroform		υ
	. Chloromethane		υ
	.2-Chlorotoluene		υ
	.4-Chlorotoluene		υ
	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa		U
	Dibromochloromethane		U
74-95-3	.1,2-Dibromoethane		U
	.Dibromomethane		υ
95-50-1	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene	104.	υ
	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene		υ
106-46-7	.1,4-Dichlorobenzene	104.	υ
75-71-8	.Dichlorodifluoromethane .	260.	υ
75-34-3	.1,1-Dichloroethane		U
107-06-2	.1,2-Dichloroethane		U
	.1,1-Dichloroethene		υ
156-59-2	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		· U
156-60-5	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156.	U
78-87-5	.1,2-Dichloropropane		U
142-28-9	.1,3-Dichloropropane	104.	U
594-20-7	.2,2-Dichloropropane	1040	U
	.1,1-Dichloropropene		υ
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	260.	υ
	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropen	e . 260.	υ
	. Ethylbenzene		υ
	. Hexachlorobutadiene		υ

000009

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

### Sample Identification

SB1-19

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 96. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A126224 Date Sampled: 10/13/98 Date Received: 10/15/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	1	FLAG
99-92-9	Isopropylbenzene		417.		υ
	4-Isopropyltoluene		260.		J
	Methylene chloride				υ
	Naphthalene				
	n-Propylbenzene				
	Styrene		***		
	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane				
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane				
	Tetrachloroethene				
108-88-3	Toluene	• •			
	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		_		
	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene				
	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane				
	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane				
	Trichloroethene				
96-18-4	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane				
95-63-6	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		365.		U
	1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene		2450		
	Vinyl chloride		469.		U
	Bromodichloromethane		208.		U
	o-Xylene		260.		υ
	m, p-Xylene		125.		J
	Trichlorofluoromethane		208.		υ

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

SB2-16

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 96

Units: ug/kg dry weight Dilution Factor: 1.

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117018

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A126225 Date Sampled: 10/13/98 Date Received: 10/15/98 Analysis Date: 10/22/98 Analysis Time: 19:48

Sample QC Group: 3395

 CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	F	LAG
	.1-Chlorohexane			υ
	.Acetone			υ
	.Benzene			υ
	.Bromobenzene			υ
	.Bromochloromethane			υ
	.Bromoform			U
	.Bromomethane			U
	.n-Butylbenzene			U
	.sec-Butylbenzene			U
	.t-Butylbenzene			υ
	.Carbon disulfide			υ
	.Carbon tetrachloride			υ
	. Chlorobenzene	• • — • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		υ
	.Chloroethane			υ
	.Chloroform		• • •	υ
	.Chloromethane			υ
	.2-Chlorotoluene			υ
	.4-Chlorotoluene			υ
	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa			υ
	.Dibromochloromethane			υ
	.1,2-Dibromoethane			υ
	.Dibromomethane			U
	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene			υ
	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene			U
	.1,4-Dichlorobenzene			U
	. Dichlorodifluoromethane .			U
	.1,1-Dichloroethane			U
	.1,2-Dichloroethane			υ
	.1,1-Dichloroethene			υ
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene			υ
	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene			U
	.1,2-Dichloropropane			U
	.1,3-Dichloropropane			υ
	.2,2-Dichloropropane		•	υ
	. 1, 1-Dichloropropene			υ
				υ
	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropen			U
	. Ethylbenzene			υ
87-68-3	.Hexachlorobutadiene	5. 2 .		υ
	•			

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

### Sample Identification

SB2-16

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 96. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A126225 Date Sampled: 10/13/98 Date Received: 10/15/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	1	FL	AG
98-82-8	Isopropylbenzene		3. 3			
99-87-6	4-Isopropyltoluene	(	5. 2			
	Methylene chloride		2. 1			υ
	Naphthalene		2. 1			U
	n-Propylbenzene		2. 1			U
	Styrene		2. 1			U
630-20-6	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane		3. 1			U
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		2. 1			U
	Tetrachloroethene		7. 3			U
	Toluene		5. 2			U
	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		2. 1			U
	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		2. 1			U
	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		4. 2			U
	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		5. 2			U
	Trichloroethene		10. 4			υ
	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane		20. 8			U
	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		7. 3			U
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		3. <b>1</b>			U
	Vinyl chloride		7. 4			U
	Bromodichloromethane		4. 2			U
	o-Xylene		5. 2			U
	m, p-Xylene		3. 1			U
	Trichlorofluoromethane		4. 2			U



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### Sample Identification

SB2-20

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: Units: ug/kg dry weight Dilution Factor: 500. Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117018

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A126226 Date Sampled: 10/13/98 Date Received: 10/15/98 Analysis Date: 10/21/98 Analysis Time: 16:08 Sample QC Group: 3395

				•
CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG	•
	1-Chlorohexane		υ	
	.Acetone		U	
	Benzene		U	
108-86-1	Bromobenzene	1090 .	U	
	Bromochloromethane		υ	,
	Bromoform		υ	
74-83-9	Bromomethane	2720 .	υ	
	n-Butylbenzene		U	
135-98-8	sec-Butylbenzene	3800 .	U	
98-06-6	t-Butylbenzene	3800 .	υ	
75-15-0	.Carbon disulfide	761	υ	
56-23-5	.Carbon tetrachloride		υ	
	.Chlorobenzene		U	
	. Chloroethane		υ	
	.Chloroform		υ	
	.Chloromethane		υ	
	.2-Chlorotoluene		U	
	.4-Chlorotoluene		υ	
96-12-8	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa	ane 543	υ	
	.Dibromochloromethane		υ	
	.1,2-Dibromoethane		U	•
	.Dibromomethane		υ	
	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene		υ	
541-73-1	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene	3260 .	U	
	.1,4-Dichlorobenzene		υ	
	.Dichlorodifluoromethane .		υ	
	.1,1-Dichloroethane		υ	•
	.1,2-Dichloroethane		U	
	.1,1-Dichloroethene		υ	
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		υ	
	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		υ	
	.1,2-Dichloropropane		υ	•
	.1,3-Dichloropropane		υ	
	.2,2-Dichloropropane		υ	
	.1,1-Dichloropropene		U	
	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .		υ	
	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropen		υ	
	.Ethylbenzene			000013
87-68-3	.Hexachlorobutadiene	2720	U	000013

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

SB2-20

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 92. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A126226 Date Sampled: 10/13/98 Date Received: 10/15/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	F	LAG
98-82-8	Isopropylbenzene	4350		
99-87-6	4-Isopropyltoluene	7610		
	Methylene chloride			U
	Naphthalene			
	n-Propylbenzene			
	Styrene			υ
	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane			υ
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane			U
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	3800		υ
108-88-3	Toluene	2720		υ
87-61-6	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene	1090		υ
	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene			υ
71-55-6	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane	2170		υ
	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane			υ
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	5430		υ
96-18-4	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane	10900		υ
95-63-6	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene	120000		E
	1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene			
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	4890		υ
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	2170		υ
6615	o-Xylene	62000		
6616	m, p-Xylene	222000		E
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	2170		·U

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### Sample Identification

SB2-20

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 92. Units: ug/kg dry weight Dilution Factor: 1000 Analysis Method: SW8260B

Delivery Group: 117018

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A126226 Date Sampled: 10/13/98 Date Received: 10/15/98 Analysis Date: 10/22/98 Analysis Time: 21:01 Sample QC Group: 3395

FORM I

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
	.1-Chlorohexane		U
	.Acetone		· U
	.Benzene		U
	.Bromobenzene		U
	.Bromochloromethane		U
75-25-2	.Bromoform	6520 .	U
	. Bromomethane		U
104-51-8	.n-Butylbenzene	5430 .	U
135-98-8	.sec-ButyIbenzene	7610 .	U
98-06-6	. t-Butylbenzene	7610 .	U
75-15-0	.Carbon disulfide	1520 .	U
56-23-5	.Carbon tetrachloride	10900 .	U
108-90-7	. Chlorobenzene	2170 .	U
75-00-3	. Chloroethane	5430 .	U
67-66-3	. Chloroform	2170 .	U
74-87-3	. Chloromethane	7610	U
95-49-8	.2-Chlorotoluene	2170 .	U
	.4-Chlorotoluene		U
	. 1, 2-Dibromo-3-chloroprop		U
	. Dibromochloromethane		U
74-95-3	. 1, 2-Dibromoethane	3260	U
74-95-3	. Dibromomethane	10900	U
95-50-1	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene	2170 .	U
	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene	*	บ
106-46-7	. 1, 4-Dichlorobenzene	2170	U
	. Dichlorodifluoromethane		U
	.1,1-Dichloroethane		U
	.1,2-Dichloroethane	3260	U
	.1,1-Dichloroethene	6520	U
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene .		U
	. trans-1, 2-Dichloroethene		U
	.1,2-Dichloropropane		U
	.1.3-Dichloropropane		U
	.2,2-Dichloropropane	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	U
	. 1, 1-Dichloropropene		Ū
	•		U
	. trans-1,3-Dichloropropen	• • •	U
	Ethylbenzene		
	.Hexachlorobutadiene		U
07-00-3	. He Adeli Torou Garrelle	0700	

000015

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

SB2-20

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 92. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A126226 Date Sampled: 10/13/98 Date Received: 10/15/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	FL	AG
	Isopropylbenzene		3260		J
	4-Isopropyltoluene				
75-09-2	Methylene chloride		2170		U
91-20-3	Naphthalene		8700		
103-65-1	n-Propylbenzene		3260		
100-42-5	Styrene		2170		U
630-20-6	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		3260		U
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethans		2170		U
	Tetrachloroethene		7610		U
108-88-3	Toluene		5430		U
87-61-6	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		2170		U
	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		2170		U
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane		4350		U
	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		5430		U
	Trichloroethene		10900		U
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		21700		U
	. 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		117000		
	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		42400		
	Vinyl chloride		9780		U
	Bromodichloromethane		4350		U
	o-Xylene		47800		
	m, p-Xylene		175000		
	Trichlorofluoromethane		4350		U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

### Sample Identification

SB3-22

Matrix: Soil
% Dry Weight: 97.
Units: ug/kg dry weight
Dilution Factor: 1.

Analysis Method: SW8260B

Delivery Group: 117018

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A126227 Date Sampled: 10/14/98 Date Received: 10/15/98 Analysis Date: 10/22/98 Analysis Time: 20:24 Sample QC Group: 3395

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
144-10-5	1-Chlorohexane	2.6 .	υ
67-64-1	Acetone	<b>9</b> .1 .	υ
	Benzene		υ
	Bromobenzene		บ
124-48-1	Bromochloromethane	2. 1 .	U
75-25-2	Bromoform	გ. 2 .	U
	Bromomethane		υ
	n-Butylbenzene		υ
	sec-Butylbenzene		υ
	t-Butylbenzene		υ
	Carbon disulfide		υ
	Carbon tetrachloride		υ
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	2.1 .	υ
	Chloroethane		<b>U</b>
67-66-3	Chloroform	2.1 .	U
	Chloromethane		υ
– . –	2-Chlorotoluene		υ
	4-Chlorotoluene		υ
	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa		υ
	Dibromochloromethane		Ū
	1,2-Dibromoethane		U
	Dibromomethane		· · · ·
	1,2-Dichlorobenzene		U
	1,3-Dichlorobenzene		U
	1,4-Dichlorobenzene		U
	Dichlorodifluoromethane .		U
	1,1-Dichloroethane		U
	1,2-Dichloroethane		U
	1,2-bichloroethane	_	U
	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		
	1,2-Dichloropropane		U
	1,3-Dichloropropane		U
	2,2-Dichloropropane		U
	1,1-Dichloropropene		U
	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .		U
	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		U
	Ethylbenzene		υ
87-48-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	5. 2	υ

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

SB3-22

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 97. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A126227 Date Sampled: 10/14/98 Date Received: 10/15/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATIO	N FLAG
98-82-8	Isopropylbenzene	8.2	υ
	4-Isopropyltoluene		· U
	Methylene chloride		υ
	Naphthalene		υ
	n-Propulbenzene		υ
	Styrene		U
	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethans	·	υ
			U
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		
	Tetrachloroethene	–	U
	Toluene		U
	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		υ
	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		υ
71-55-6	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		U
79-00-5	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane	5. 2	υ
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	10.3	U
96-18-4	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane	20.6	U
95-63-6	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene	7. 2	υ
	1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene		υ
	Vinyl chloride		υ
	Bromodichloromethane		U
	o-Xylene		U
	m, p-Xylene		U
	Trichlorofluoromethane		υ
/J-07-4		7. 1	🗸



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

### Sample Identification

SB4-22

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: Units: ug/kg dry weight Dilution Factor: 100. Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117018

Lab Sample ID: 98-A126228 Date Sampled: 10/14/98 Date Received: 10/15/98 Analysis Date: 10/22/98 Analysis Time: 21:37 Sample QC Group: 3395

Instrument: HP-2

FORM I

					_
	CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLA	G
	144-10-5	.1-Chlorohexane	278.	υ	)
	67-64-1	. Acetone	978.	υ	<del>)</del>
	71-43-2	. Benzene	222.	U	j .
		.Bromobenzene		υ	j
		Bromochloromethane		υ	j
		Bromoform		υ	j
		. Bromomethane		Ü	J
•		n-Butylbenzene		Ū	)
		.sec-Butylbenzene		<del>.</del> .	
	88-04-4	. t-Butylbenzene	778.	U	
		.Carbon disulfide		U	
		.Carbon disolfide .Carbon tetrachloride		U	
		.Carbon tetrachibride .Chlorobenzene		U	
		.Chlorobenzene .Chloroethane	-	U	
		.Chloroethane		U	
		.Chloroform		U	
		.Cnlorometnane .2-Chlorotoluene		U	
		.4-Chlorotoluene		U	
		.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa		U	
		. Dibromochloromethane		U	
		.1,2-Dibromoethane		U	
		.Dibromomethane		υ	,
		.1,2-Dichlorobenzene		υ	
		.1,3-Dichlorobenzene		U	)
		.1,4-Dichlorobenzene		υ	1
		.Dichlorodifluoromethane .		U	)
	75-34-3	.1,1-Dichloroethane	222.	U	}
	107-06-2	.1,2-Dichloroethane	333.	U	)
	75-35-4	. 1, 1-Dichloroethene	667.	υ	1
	156-59-2	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	667.	υ	}
	156-60-5	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	333.	υ	,
	78-87-5	.1,2-Dichloropropane	222.	υ	}
	142-28-9	.1,3-Dichloropropane	222.	υ	}
	594-20-7	.2,2-Dichloropropane	2220	υ	,
		. 1, 1-Dichloropropene		U	,
		.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .		Ū	
	10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropens	556.	<del>.</del>	
		. Ethylbenzene			•
		. Hexachlorobutadiene	-	u	3
	o, oo o	· HEYOCHTO! ODOCOTTEHE			•

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

SB4-22

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 90. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A126228 Date Sampled: 10/14/98 Date Received: 10/15/98

	CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	F	LAG
		Isopropylbenzene				
	99-87-6	4-Isopropyltoluene		8780 .		
	75-09-2	Methylene chloride		222		U
	91-20-3	Naphthalene		5560 .		
	103-65-1	n-Propulbenzene		6110 .		
	100-42-5	Styrene		222		υ
		1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane		333		U
		1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		222		U
		Tetrachloroethene		778		U
		Toluene		222		J
	87-61-6	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		222		υ
		1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		222		υ
٠		1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		444		υ
	79-00-5	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		556.		U
	79-01-6	Trichloroethene		1110 .		U
		1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane		2220 .		υ
		1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		7890 .		
		1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene		36700 .		E
		Vinyl chloride		1000 .		υ
		Bromodichloromethane		444		υ
		o-Xylene		10400 .		
		m, p-Xylene		95100 .		E
		Trichlorofluoromethane		444		U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

SB4-22

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 90. Units: ug/kg dry weight Dilution Factor: 1000 Analysis Method: SW8260B

Delivery Group: 117018

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A126228
Date Sampled: 10/14/98
Date Received: 10/15/98
Analysis Date: 10/25/98
Analysis Time: 5:01

Sample QC Group: 3395

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCI	ENTRATION	F	LAG
144-10-5	.i-Chlorohexane		2780 .		U
67-64-1	.Acetone		9780 .		U
71-43-2	. Benzene		2220 .		U
108-86-1	.Bromobenzene		2220 .		U
124-48-1	.Bromochloromethane		2220 .		U
75-25-2	.Bromoform		6670 .		U
74-83-9	.Bromomethane		5560 .		U
104-51-8	.n-Butylbenzene		5560 .		U
135-98-8	.sec-Butylbenzene		7780 .		U
98-06-6	.t-Butylbenzene		7780 .		U
	.Carbon disulfide		1560 .		U
	.Carbon tetrachloride				U
	.Chlorobenzene		2220 .		U
	.Chloroethane		5560 .		U
	.Chloroform				U
	.Chloromethane				U
	.2-Chlorotoluene				U
	.4-Chlorotoluene				U
	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa				U
	.Dibromochloromethane				U
	.1,2-Dibromoethane				U
	.Dibromomethane				U
	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene				U
	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene				U
	.1,4-Dichlorobenzene				U
	.Dichlorodifluoromethane .				U
	.1,1-Dichloroethane				U
	.1,2-Dichloroethane	-			U
	.1,1-Dichloroethene				U
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene				U
	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene				U
	.1,2-Dichloropropane				U
142-28-9	.1,3-Dichloropropane				U
	.2,2-Dichloropropane				U
	.1,1-Dichloropropene				U
	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .				U
	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropene				U
	.Ethylbenzene				
87-68-3	.Hexachlorobutadiene		5560 .		U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

SB4-22

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 90. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A126228
Date Sampled: 10/14/98
Date Received: 10/15/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	F	FLAG
98-82-8	Isopropylbenzene	5560		J
99-87-6	4-Isopropyltoluene	7780		
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	2220		U
	Naphthalene			
	n-Propylbenzene			
	Styrene			U
630-20-6	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane	. 3330		U
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane			U
	Tetrachloroethene			U
	Toluene			U
	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene			U
	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene			U
	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane			U
	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane			U
	Trichloroethene			U
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane			U
	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene			
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	34400		
	.Vinyl chloride			U
	Bromodichloromethane			U
	o-Xylene			
	.m.p-Xylene			
	Trichlorofluoromethane			U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

### Sample Identification

BLANK

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 100

Units: UG/KG

Dilution Factor: 1

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117018

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: BLANK
Date Sampled: 10/13/98
Date Received: 10/15/98
Analysis Date: 10/21/98
Analysis Time: 6:26
Sample QC Group: 3395

 CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATIO	NC	FLAG
71-43-2	Benzene	2.0 .		U
	Acetone			U
108-86-1	Bromobenzene	2.0 .		U
124-48-1	Bromochloromethane	2.0 .		U
75-25-2	Bromoform	6.0		U
74-83-9	Bromomethane	5.0 .		U
104-51-8	n-Butylbenzene	5.0 .		U
	sec-Butylbenzene			υ
98-06-6	t-Butylbenzene	7.0 .		U
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide			U
54-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	10.0 .		U
108-90-7	. Chlorobenzene	2.0 .		U
75-00-3	.Chloroethane	5.0.		υ
67-66-3	.Chloroform	2.0 .		U
74-87-3	.Chloromethane	7.0.		υ
95-49-8	.2-Chlorotoluene	2:0 .		υ
106-43-4	.4-Chlorotoluene	3.0 .		U
96-12-8	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa	ane 1.0 .		U
124-48-1	. Dibromochloromethane	3.0 .		U
74-95-3	. 1, 2-Dibromoethane	3.0 .		U
74-95-3	. Dibromomethane	10.0 .		U
95-50-1	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene	2.0 .		U
541-73-1	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene	6.0 .		υ
	.1,4-Dichlorobenzene			υ
75-71-8	.Dichlorodifluoromethane .	<b>5</b> .0 .		U
	.1,1-Dichloroethane			U
107-06-2	.1,2-Dichloroethane	3.0 .		U
	.1,1-Dichloroethene			υ
156-59-2	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene			U
156-60-5	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	3.0		U
78-87-5	.1,2-Dichloropropane	2.0		U
142-28-9	.1,3-Dichloropropane	2.0 .		U
594-20-7	.2,2-Dichloropropane	20.0		U
563-58-6	. 1, 1-Dichloropropene	5.0 .		U
	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene			U
10061-02-6	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropen	e. 5.0		υ
	. Ethylbenzene			U
	.Hexachlorobutadiene			U
78-82-8	. Isopropylbenzene	8. 0		U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 100

Units: UG/KG

Sample Identification

BLANK

Lab Sample ID: BLANK

Date Sampled: 10/13/98

Date Received: 10/15/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	ENTRAT	ON	FLAG
99-87-6	.4-Isopropyltoluene		6. 0		U
75-09-2	Methylene chloride		20.0		
	Naphthalene		2. 0		U
	n-Propylbenzene		2.0		U
	Styrene		2. 0		υ
	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		3. 0		U
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		2. 0		U
	. Tetrachloroethene		7. 0		υ
	. Toluene		5. 0		υ
	. 1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		2.0		Ū
	. 1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		2. 0		Ū
	. 1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		4. 0		Ū
	. 1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		5. 0		ŭ
			10.0		ΰ
	. Trichloroethene				ΰ
	. 1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane		20.0		Ü
	. 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		7. 0		_
	. 1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene		3. 0		U
	.Vinyl chloride			· · · ·	U
	.Bromodichloromethane		4. 0		U
	.o-Xylene		50		U
	.m,p-Xylene		3. 0		U
75-69-4	.Trichlorofluoromethane		4. O		U

### 2B SOIL VOLATILE SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUND RECOVERY

Lab Name:	SPECIALIZED	ASSAYS	Contract:		
	SASSAYS	Case No.:	SAS No.:	_ SDG No.:	117018

Level: (low/med) LOW

	EPA	SMC1	SMC2	SMC3	TOT
	SAMPLE NO.	#	#	#	OUT
01	VBLK04	112	98	105	0
02	127173	102	102	100	0
03	VBLK02	105	101	106	0
04	127173MS	82	97	91	0
05	127173MSD	83	96	90	0
06	CONTROL	82	98	92	0
07	SB1-19	83	97	89	0
08	SB2-20	83	95	79	0
09	SB4-22	83	96	85	0
10	VBLK03	113	100	102	0
11	SB1-16	101	104	101	0
12	SB1-19	93	99	90	0
13		101	92	103	0
14	SB3-22	95	101	105	0
15		87	104	96	0
16		85	97	100	0
17		98	106	101	0

	•		QC LIMITS
SMC1	=	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	(62-147)
SMC2	=	Toluene-d8	(84-117)
SMC3	=	Bromofluorobenzene	(64-126)

# Column to be used to flag recovery values

- * Values outside of contract required QC limits
- D System Monitoring Compound diluted out

FORM 3B VOLATILE MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE RECOVERY

Lap: Specialized Assays, Inc. Project: WURTSMITH BIOVENTING

Matrix Spike Sample:

SDG: 117018

QC Group: 3395

Compound	Spike Added 	Sample Conc	Spike Conc	% Rec	QC Limits
Benzene	50.0	0.0	58.0	116	58 - 135
Chlorobenzene	50.0	0.0	58.0	116	54 - 136
1,1-Dichloroethene	50.0	0.0	63.0	126	58 - 138
Toluene	50.0	0.0	55.0	110	56 - 135
Trichloroethene	50.0	0.0	54.0	108	52 - 143

Compound	Spike Added	MSD Conc	% Rec	RPD	RPD Limit	Recovery Limits
Benzene Chlorobenzene 1,1-Dichloroethene Toluene Trichloroethene	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	134 136 136 126 126	14 16# 8 14 15	17 14 19 18	58 - 135 54 - 136 58 - 138 56 - 135 52 - 143

Concentration Units: ug/kg

RFD: 1 out of 5 outside QC limits.

Spike Recoveries: O out of 10 outside QC limits.

### FORM SBa

### VOLATILE LABORATORY CONTROL RECOVERY

Lap: Specialized Assays, Inc. Project: WURTSMITH BIOVENTING

SDG: 117018

20 Group: 3375

K	(nown			©C
Compound	/alue	Conc	% Rec	Limits
Acetone	50	55	110	47-150
Berzene	50	61	122	37-151
Bromobenzene	50	54	108	74-122
Bromochloromethane	50	47	94	68-134
Bromoform	50	54	108	31-144
Bromomethame	50	42	84	51-135
n-Butylbenzene	50	47	94	45-127
sec-Butylbenzene	50	58	116	68-129
t-Butyloenzene	50	55	110	68-128
Carbon disulfice	50	61	122	61-128
Carbon tetrachloride	50	56	112	53-144
Chlorobenzene	50	64	159	62-130
Chloroethane	50	55	110	56-138
Chloroform	50	45	130	71-132
Chloromethane	50	54	108	65-134
2-Chlorotoluene	50	55	110	72-123
4-Chlorotoluene	50	52	104	70-123
1,2-Dibromo-Stchloropropane	50	37	73	70-130
Dibromochloromethane	50	59	118	41-133
1,8-Dibromoethane	50	54	108	47-136
Dibromomethane	50	49	98	60-141
1,2-Dichlorosenzene	50	47	94	651-66
1,3-Dichloropenzene	50	46	92	65-128
1,4-Dichloropenzene	50 -	45	90	66-129
Dichlorodifluoromethane	50	64	128	50-140
1,1-Dichlorosthane	50	64	123	70-132
1,2-Dichloroethane	50	55	110	58-135
1,:-Dichlorosthene	50	64	128	69-130
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	50	64	158	59-140
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	50	56	112	72-128
1,2-Dichloropropane	50	63	126	45-149
1,3-Dichloropropane	50	52	104	58-138
2,2-Dichloropropane	50	46	72	43-146
1,1-Dichloropropene	50	58	116	56-132
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	50	54	108	69-130
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	50	51	102	56-126
Ethylbenzene	50	64	128	61-129
Hexachloroputaciene	50	60	120	59-136
Isopropyipenzene	50	51	102	70-127
4-Isopropyltoluene	50	39	78	70-127
Methylene chlorice	50	50	100	68-142

VOLATILE LABORATORY CONTROL RECOVERY

FORM SBa

Las: Specialized Assays, I	nc.	Projec	t: WURTS	BNITHBYOIG HTIM
Nachthalene	50	45	90	54-146
n-Propyloenzene	50	58	116	67-128
Styrene	50	60	120	65-128
1,1,1,2-Tetrachlorostnans	50	58	116	53-130
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	50	54	108	37-149
Tetrachloroethene	50	62	124	55-128
Toiuene	50	63	126	65-i3i
1,8,3-Trichlorobenzene	50	35	70	55-137
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	50	52	104	48-141
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	50	46 .	92	60-136
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	50	53	106	56-137
Trichloroethene	50	62	124	61-141
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	50	50	100	39-146
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	50	55	110	72-126
1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	50	58	116	22-125
Visyl chloride	50	58	116	57-138
Bromodichioromethane	50	63	126	60-133
a-Xylene	50	59	118	64-126
m.p-Xyiene	100	129	129	59-131
Trichlorofluoromethane	50	53	106	56-142

Concentration Units: ug/kg

Recoveries: O out of 61 outside GC limits.



615-726-0177 • 1-800-765-0980 • Fax 615-726-3404

### CASE NARRATIVE

Client: Parsons Engineering Science

Attn: Lynnea Peterson 1700 Broadway, Suite 900 Denver, CO 80290

Client Project: WURTSMITH BIOVENTING

Matrix: SOIL/WATER

Laboratory Project: 117229

Number samples: 10/3

Date Received: 10/16/98

Date Collected: 10/15/98 - 10/15/98

Sample Receipt Notes: All samples were received in good condition, properly preserved. All analyses were performed within method specified holding times.

QA/QC Summary:

Volatile Organic Method 8260B - Water:

All surrogate, matrix spikes, matrix spike duplicate, and laboratory control sample recoveries for this analytical batch (#4751) were within acceptable quality control limits. The sample used for MS/MSD analysis for this analytical batch was not part of this sample delivery group. All water samples in this delivery group are reported as not detected for all analytes. Quantitation on unknown concentrations were determined from the initial calibration curve using the average response factor when the % RSD was less than or equal to 15%. All other analytes were calculated using linear regression.

Volatile Organic Method 8260B - Soil:

All surrogate and laboratory control sample recoveries were within acceptable quality control limits. The relative percent difference for Benzene and Chlorobenzene on the MS/MSD pair was above QC limits, as was the recovery for benzene on the MSD sample. The sample used for MS/MSD analysis for this analytical batch was SB9-14. Due to sample matrix issues, all soil samples in this batch (#4754) required dilution for analysis.. Quantitation on unknown concentrations were determined from the initial calibration curve using the average response factor when the % RSD was less than or equal to 15%. All other analytes were calculated using linear regression.

Johnny A. Mitchell
Director of Technical Services
Specialized Assays, Inc.

## SPECIALIZED ASSAYS ENVIRONMENTAL

### REFERRING CLIENT

Account: 8185

Parsons Engineering/AFCEE Exte

Doug Scott

1700 Broadway Ste 900

Denver, CO 80290

Ph: 303-831-8100 Fax: 303-831-8208

Page 1 of 2

7A-059007



2960 Foster Creighton Drive Nashville, TN 37204 615-726-0177, 800-765-0980 FAX 615/726-3404

Specialized Assays: (800) 765-098

CONTROL NUMBER (FOR LAB USE ONLY) PROJECT # 7229 726876.69120 PROJECT NAME S (Signature-Please Print) Wurtsmith Biquenting AB USE ONLY ACC# ANALYSIS REQUESTED TIME SAMPLE DESCRIPTION DATE 8260 9127165 10/14/48 1430 5825-23 11 1127166 585-23 3 15cc 4 11 A127167 11 3 1520 585-12 ·A127168 11 3 SB18A-20 1620 ہد 127169 1/ 587-20 ? Hw 1 ( 11 9127170 3 1720 5828-21 11 A127171 3 1745 9127172 1/ 10/15/98 586-22 190c 3 11 2127173 589-14 , ( 3 1015 11 3 11 11 SB9-14 MS Received by: (Signature) Received for Laboratory by: W/5/88 1300 shed by: (Signature) Received by: (Signature) shed by: (Signature) Date / Time Received by: (Signature) 000001 ished by: (Signature) Date / Time Received by: (Signature) SAI Project #:

## SPECIALIZED ASSAYS ENVIRONMENTAL

### REFERRING CLIENT

Account: 8185

Parsons Engineering/AFCEE Exte

Doug Scott

1700 Broadway Ste 900

Denver, CO 80290

CONTROL NUMBER (FOR LAB USE ONLY)

Ph: 303-831-8100 Fax: 303-831-8208

117226

Received by: (Signature)

Received by: (Signature)

Received by: (Signature)

Received by: (Signature)

Date / Time

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Date / Time

1300

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Page 2 of 2



27/876 69/10

Received for Laboratory by:

SAI Project #:

7A-059008

2960 Foster Creighton Drive Nashville, TN 37204 615-726-0177, 800-765-0980 FAX 615/726-3404

Specialized Assays: (800) 765-098

P.O. #

1 (/ (/ ) 1				78070101100					
S (Signature-Please Print)				Wurtsmith Biduen			Biduenting		
AB USE ONLY	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DATE	TIME	COMP	GRAB	e OF COM	ANALYSIS REQUESTED		
17173	SB9-14 MSD	10/15/48	1015		+	3	8260		
1127174	589-22	11'	1030		~	3			
d 27175	EB-1	,,	1050		×	2	8260		
127176	EB-2	''	1100		*	2	•		
<u></u> 9127177	TB-1		-			1	8260		
		-							
	3						-		
			_	+	1	$\top$	<del>-</del>		

PROJECT .

## Cooler Receipt Form

lient: Parsous : 0
Hient: 12/08 By: PAn R Buckingham
Cooler Received On: 10/16/98 And Opened On: 10/16/98 By: PAn R. Buckingham
(Signature)
4°
1. Temperature of Cooler when opened
2. Were custody seals on outside of cooler and intact?
a. If yes, what kind and where:
b. Were the signature and date correct?
3. Were custody papers inside cooler?
: 4. Were custody papers properly filled out (ink, signed, etc)?
5. Did you sign the custody papers in the appropriate place?
5. Did you sign the custody papers in the appropriate proble wing
6. What kind of packing material was used:
7. Was sufficient ice used (if appropriate)?
8. Did all bottles arrive in good condition (unbroken)?
9. Were all bottle labels complete (#, date, signed, pres, etc)?
10. Did all bottle labels and tags agree with custody papers?
11 Were correct bottles used for the analysis requested?
No. 15 were VOA vials checked for absence of air bubbles and noted if found?(Yes) No.
12. If present, were vort that the last of sample sent in each bottle?  (Yes) No.
14. Were correct preservatives used?
15. Corrective action taken, if necessary:
·
a. Name of person contacted:
b. Date

SENT BY: 4-16-99; 8:05; SPECIALIZED ASSAYS→ 8-13038318208;# 2/ 4

SPECIALIZED ASSAYS, INC.

PAGE NO:		
	Soil	
ANALYST'		

ATCH NO.: 1/7-229

10/16/98

BTX SOIL PREP LOG

SAMPLEID	SAMPLE WEIGHT (g)	DILUTION	METHOD	WORKLIST	REMARK
					Plojed #
127165	4.32		5035	4564	117229
127/66	4.97		+ - }		1
127/67	5.02		<del>                                     </del>		+
127168	5.47				-
127169	5.15	5			
127170	5.25	•		-	
12717/	4.85				
127172	472		-		
127173	5.35				+
127174	5.61		<b>-</b>	L L	<b>─ ↓</b>
			5035	4510	1172
127148	4.95				
127149	4.42				+
127150	4.89				
127151	5.33				<del>                                     </del>
127152	5.41		<u> </u>	+	¥-
17028	5,26		5-35	4446	1719
	5.09				
127029	5.37		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	· · · ·	V
					-
			REAGENTS:		

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Figure 1700 Broadway Ste 900	Your Internal Billing Reference Information  To Phone (5.15) 72.6-0177	SPECIALIZED ASSAYS ENVIRON  Thess 2960 FOSTER CREIGHTON DR DEPLROSSMENTON  NASHVILLE  For WEIKEN Delivery  Hold Weekday  Hold Schurday Hear weeken and bestoon the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to the state to th	The Blaza

## VOLATILE ORGANICS - WATER SUMMARY

## SPECIALIZED ASSAYS, INC. 2960 Foster Creighton Dr.

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

EB-1

Matrix: Water

pH:

Units: ug/l

Dilution Factor: 1.

Analysis Method: SW8260B

Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-8

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127175 Date Sampled:: 10/15/98

Date Received: 10/16/98 Analysis Date: 10/20/98

Analysis Time: 22:33 Sample GC Group: 4751

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
144-10-5	i-Chlorohexane		υ
71-43-2	Benzene	0.4 .	υ
108-86-1	Bromobenzene	0.3 .	υ
74-97-5	Bromochloromethane	0.4 .	υ
75-25-2	Bromoform	1.2 .	U
74-83-9	Bromomethane	1.1	U
104-51-8	n-Butylbenzene	1.1 .	U
	sec-Butylbenzene		υ
	t-Butylbenzene		U
	Carbon tetrachloride		ΰ
	Chlorobenzene		U
	Chloroethane		U
	Chloroform		υ
	Chloromethane :		U
	2-Chlorotoluene		υ
	4-Chlorotoluene	• •	υ
	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa		υ
	Dibromochloromethane		υ
			Ū
	Dibromomethane		υ
	1,2-Dichlorobenzene		U
	3-Dichlorobenzene		U
	, 4-Dichlorobenzene		<b>u</b>
	Dichlorodifluoromethane .		U
	1, 1—Dichloroethane		U
	. 1, 2-Dichloroethane		U
	1,1-Dichloroethene		U
	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	1,2-Dichloropropane		U
	1,3-Dichloropropane	• •	U
	2,2-Dichloropropane		U
	1,1-Dichloropropene		U
	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .		· · ·
			U
	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		U
	Ethylbenzene		U
	Hexachlorobutadiene		
	Isopropylbenzene 4-Isopropyltoluene		
	4 T	1.2	5 %

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

EB-1

Matrix: Water

pH:

Units: ug/l

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127175 Date Sampled:: 10/15/98

Date Received: 10/16/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	1	FLAG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	0.3		U
	Naphthalene			U
	n-Propylbenzene			υ
	Styrene			υ
630-20-6	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane	. 0.5		υ
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane			· U
	Tetrachloroethene			U
	Toluene			U
	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene			U
	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene			υ
	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane			υ
	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane			υ
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	1.0		U
	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane			U
	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene	1.3		
	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.5		
	Vinyl chloride			
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane			
	o-Xylene			
108-38-3	m, p-Xylene			
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	0.8		. U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

### Sample Identification

EB-2

Matrix: Water

pH:

Units: ug/l -

Dilution Factor: 1.

Analysis Method: SW82608

Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-8

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127176 Date Sampled:: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/16/98 Analysis Date: 10/20/98 Analysis Time: 23:10

Sample QC Group: 4751

 CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
4.0.0 4.0 E	.1-Chlorohexane	2. 5	υ
	.i-Chioronexame .Benzene		U
			U
	.Bromobenzene		U
	.Bromochloromethane		
	.Bromoform		
	.Bromomethane		U
	.n-Butylbenzene		U
	.sec-Butylbenzene		U
	.t-Butylbenzene		υ
	.Carbon tetrachloride		U
	. Chlorobenzene		υ
	.Chloroethane		U
67-66-3	. Chloroform	0. 3	U
74-87-3	. Chloromethane	1. 3	U
95-49-8	.2-Chlorotoluene	0. 4	U
106-43-4	.4-Chlorotoluene	0.6	U
76-12-8	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloroprop	ane 2.6	U
	. Dibromochloromethane		U
	.1,2-Dibromoethane		U
	. Dibromomethane		· · ·
	. 1, 2-Dichlorobenzene		U
	. 1,3-Dichlorobenzene		U
	. 1, 4-Dichlorobenzene		U
	. Dichlorodifluoromethane		U
	. 1, 1-Dichloroethane		U
	.1,1-Dichloroethane		U
	. 1, 1-Dichloroethene		
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene .		U
	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	.1,2-Dichloropropane		U
	.1,3-Dichloropropane		U
	.2,2-Dichloropropane		υ
	.1,1-Dichloropropene		υ
10061-01-5	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1. 0	U
10061-02-6	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropen	e. 1.0	U
100-41-4	. Ethylbenzene	0. 6	U
	. Hexachlorobutadiene		υ
	. Isopropylbenzene		υ
	.4-Isopropyltoluene		Ū
,, 0, 0	Isopropyrootome		

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

EB-2

Matrix: Water

pH:

Units: ug/l

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127176 Date Sampled:: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/16/98

 CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
the Monden			
75-09-2	Methylene chloride		
91-20-3	Naphthalene	O. 4	 . υ
103-65-1	n-Propylbenzene	0.4	
100-42-5	Styrene	0.4	
630-20-6	. 1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane	. 0.5	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	. 0.4	
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	1.4	
108-88-3	Toluene		
	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		
120-82-1	. 1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene	0.4	
71-55-6	. 1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane	0.8	
	. 1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		
	Trichloroethene		
96-18-4	. 1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane	3. 2	
95-63-6	. 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene	1.3	 
108-67-8	. 1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene	0. 5	
	.Vinyl chloride		
	Bromodichloromethane		
	.o-Xylene		
	.m.p-Xylene		
75-49-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	O. 8	 . U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

### Sample Identification

TB-1

Matrix: Water

pH:

Units: ug/l

Dilution Factor: 1.

Analysis Method: SW8260B

Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-8

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127177

Date Sampled::

Date Received: 10/16/98 Analysis Date: 10/20/98 Analysis Time: 23:47 Sample QC Group: 4751

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
144-10-5	.1-Chlorohexane	2.5	· υ
	. Benzene	• •	U
	.Bromobenzene		U
	.Bromochloromethane		· · ·
	.Bromoform		U
	.Bromomethane		U
	.n-Butylbenzene		U
	.sec-Butylbenzene		U
	. t-Butylbenzene		U
			U
			U
	. Chloroethane		U
	. Chloroform		· · ·
	. Chloromethane		U
	.2-Chlorotoluene		U
	.4-Chlorotoluene		
			U
	Dibromochloromethane		U
	. 1,2-Dibromoethane		U
	. Dibromomethane		0
	. 1,2-Dichlorobenzene		U
	3-Dichlorobenzene		U
	,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene		U
			U
	1,1-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane		
	, 1-Dichloroethene		
	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		
	1,2-Dichloropropane		U
	3-Dichloropropane		U
	2,2-Dichloropropane		U
	1,1-Dichloropropene		U
	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .		U
	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		U
	. Ethylbenzene		υ
	Hexachlorobutadiene		· U
	Isopropylbenzene		U
99-87-6	4-Isopropyltoluene	1.2	003
			003

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

TB-1

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127177

Date Sampled::

Date Received: 10/16/98

Matrix: Water pH: Units: ug/l

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTR	ATION	FLAG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	0.3		
	Naphthalene			. υ
	n-Propylbenzene			. υ
100-42-5	Styrene	0.4		. υ
630-20-6	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane	. 0.5		. υ
79-34-5	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane	. 0.4		. υ
	Tetrachloroethene			. υ
	Toluene			. υ
	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene			
	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			
	. 1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane			. υ
	. 1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane			. Ū
		• •		. υ
	. Trichloroethene	• •		. υ
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	1.3		. Ŭ
95-63-6	. 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene	* *		. U
108-67-8	. 1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene	0.5		
75-01-4	.Vinyl chloride	1. 1		
	.Bromodichloromethane			. υ
95-47-6	o-Xylene	0. 5		. υ
	.m.p-Xylene			. U
75-69-4	.Trichlorofluoromethane	0.8		. U

# SPECIALIZED ASSAYS, INC. 2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

BLANK

Matrix: Water % Dry Weight:

Units: UG/L

Dilution Factor: 1

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-8

Lab Sample ID: BLANK

Date Sampled:

Date Received: 10/16/98 Analysis Date: 10/20/98 Analysis Time: 15:36 Sample QC Group: 4751

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
71-43-2 108-86-1 74-97-5 75-25-2 74-83-9 104-51-8 135-98-8 98-06-6 56-23-5 108-90-7 75-00-3 67-66-3 74-87-3 95-49-8 106-43-4 96-12-8 124-48-1 74-95-3 74-95-3 74-95-3 75-50-1 541-73-1 106-46-7 75-71-8 75-34-3 107-06-2 75-35-4 156-59-2 156-60-5 78-87-5 142-28-9 594-20-7 563-58-6	Benzene Bromobenzene Bromochloromethane Bromoform Bromomethane n-Butylbenzene sec-Butylbenzene t-Butylbenzene Carbon tetrachloride Chlorobenzene Chlorotoluene t-Chlorotoluene 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloroprop Dibromochloromethane 1,2-Dibromoethane 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloropropane 1,3-Dichloropropane	0. 4	
10061-01-5	.1,1-Dichloropropenecis-1,3-Dichloropropene .trans-1,3-Dichloropropen .EthylbenzeneHexachlorobutadieneIsopropylbenzene4-IsopropyltolueneMethylene chloride	1.0 e . 1.0 0.6 1.1 0.5 1.2	. U . U . U . U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Matrix: Water

% Dry Weight:

Units: UG/L

Sample Identification

BLANK

Lab Sample ID: BLANK

Date Sampled:

Date Received: 10/16/98

 CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRAT	ION	FLAG
91-20-3	Naphthalene	0.4		U
	n-Propylbenzene			U
	Styrene			U
	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane			U
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethans			U
	Tetrachloroethene			U
	Toluene			U
87-61-6	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	0.3		U
	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene			U
71-55-6	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane	0.8		U
	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane			U
	Trichloroethene			U
96-18-4	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane	3. 2		U
	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene			U
	1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene			U
	Vinyl chloride			U
	Bromodichloromethane			U
	o-Xylene			U
	m, p-Xylene			U
	Trichlorofluoromethane			U

### 2A WATER VOLATILE SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUND RECOVERY

Lab Name:	SPECIALIZE	D ASSAYS	Contract:		
•	SASSAYS		01011-	SDG No.:	117229W
Lab Code.	3433410	0000			_

[	EPA	SMC1	SMC2	SMC3	TOT
	SAMPLE NO.	#	#	#	OUT
01 02 03 04	VBLK02	109	97	95	0
	EB-1	114	97	96	0
	EB-2	117	97	97	0
	TB-1	119	98	97	0
05	127137MS	125	100	100	0
06	127137MSD	114	98	97	0
07	CONTROL	115	98	97	0 .

SMC1 = 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (70-131) SMC2 = Toluene-d8 (83-115) SMC3 = Bromofluorobenzene (73-119)

# Column to be used to flag recovery values

- * Values outside of contract required QC limits
- D System Monitoring Compound diluted out

FORM 3A

VOLATILE MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE RECOVERY

Lap: Specialized Assays, Inc. Project: WERTSMITH BIOVENTING

Matrix Spike Sample:

SDG: 117229

QC Group: 4751

Compound	Spike Addes	Samble Conc	Spike Conc	% Rec	QC Limits 
Benzene	50.0	0.0	50.0	100	58 - 135
Chlorobenzene	50.0		46.0	92	56 - 126
1,1-Dichloroethene	50.0	0.0	48.0	96	58 - 138
Toluene	50.0		54.0	108	56 - 135
Trichloroethene	50.0		47.0	94	52 - 143

Sompouna	Spike Adoed	MSD Conc	% Rec	RPD	RPD Limit	Recovery Limits
Benzene Chlorobenzene 1,1-Dichloroethene Toluene Trichloroethene	50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0	53.0 52.0 51.0 59.0 54.0	106 104 102 118 108	6 6 9 14	15 19 16 20 22	56 - 135 56 - 126 58 - 138 56 - 135 52 - 143

Concentration Units: ug/l

RPD: 0 out of 5 outside QC limits.

Spike Recoveries: O out of 10 outside QC limits.

FORM 3A&

VOLATILE LABORATORY CONTROL RECOVERY

Las: Specialized Assays, Inc.

Project: WURTSMITH BIOVENTING

SDG: 117229

QC Group: 4751

Sempouna	Known Value	Conc	% Rec	QC Limits
	50	56	112	73-136
Benzene	50	61	122	76-138
Bromobenzene	50 50	57	114	65-145
Bromochloromethane		62 37	124	50-146
Bromoform	50		92	47-145
Bromomethane	50 50	46 56	112	72-142
n-Butylpenzene	50	56 53	106	65-148
sec-Butylpenzene	50 =0		108	74-132
t-Butylbenzene	50 50	51 52	104	65-134
Carbon tetrachloride	50 50	52	104	72-133
Chloropenzene	50	43	86	60-152
Chloroethane .		43 62	124	75-138
Chloroform	50		24	58-152
Chloromethane	50 50	42 50	116	75-137
2-Chlorotoluene	50	58	114	73-137
4-Chiorotoluene	50 - 50	57	112	70-130
1.2-Dibromo-3-chloropropan		56	114	60-141
Dibromochloromethane	50 50	57 58	114	66-142
1,2-Dibromoethane	50 50	50 50	120	70-139
Dibromomethane	50	53	106	72-139
1,2-Dichlorobenzehe	50 .	. 53	106	72-134
1,3-Dicmlorobenzena	50	. 53 51	108	74-128
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	50	52	104	52-150
Dichlorosifluoromethane	50	56	112	70-142
1,1-Dichloroethane	50	61	122	73-144
1,2-Dichloroethane	50	50	100	68-141
1,1-Dicaloroetaene	50 50	58 ·	116	70-144
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	50	56	112	68-131
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		57	114	74-140
1,2-Dichloroprobane	50 50	62 57	124	75-137
1,3-Dichloropropane	50	53	106	58-133
2,2-Dichloroprobane	50 50	55 56	112	70-140
1,1-Dichloropropene	50			69-130
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	50 50	58	116	64-133
trans-1,3-Dichloropropens	50 50	59 57	115 112	71-141
Ethylbenzene	50 50	56	95	58-140
hexachlorobutadiene	50 50	48.		70-147
Isopropyloenzene	50 50	54 50	108	68-138
4-Isopropyltoluene	50 50	50 40	100	64-154
Methylene chlorice	50	60	120	04-104

009016

FORM SAA
VOLATILE LABORATORY CONTROL RECOVERY

Lab: Scecializec Assays, In	iC.	Projec	t: WURTSM	ITH BIOVENTING
Nachthalene.	50	61	122	42-158
n-Propyloenzene	50	57	114	52-168
Styrene	50	54	108	68-137
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	50	54	108	67-135
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	50	63	126	64-155
Tetrachloroethene	50	50	100	69-132
Toluene	50	57	114	75-136
1,2,3-Trichloropenzene	50	55	110	48-152
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	50	52	104	55-142
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	50	55	110	73-136
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	50	60	120	72-138
Trichloroethene	50	50	100	73-136
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	50	64	128	53-147
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	50	53	106	73-138
1.3.5-Trimetnylbenzene	50	54	108	74-137
Vinyl chloride	50	44	88	54-154
Bromogichloromethane	50	62	124	69-136
a-Xylene	50	56	112	70-145
m.p-Xylene	50	55	110	63-156
Trichlorofluoromethane	50	48	96	66-142
() ==::==:==============================				

Concentration Units: ug/l

Recoveries: O out of 59 outside QC limits.

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P. O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

## Sample Identification

SB25-23

Matrix: Soil
% Dry Weight: 90.
Units: ug/kg dry weight
Dilution Factor: 125.
Analysis Method: SW8260B
Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127165 Date Sampled: 10/14/98 Date Received: 10/16/98 Analysis Date: 10/19/98 Analysis Time: 11:14 Sample QC Group: 4754

	CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	I FLAG
		.1-Chlorohexane		υ
		.Benzene		U
		.Bromobenzene		U
•	124-48-1	.Bromochloromethane	278.	U
		.Bromoform		U
	74-83-9	.Bromomethane		U
	104-51-8	.n-Butylbenzene		υ
	135-98-8	.sec-Butylbenzene	972.	U
	98-06-6	. t-Butylbenzene	972.	υ
		.Carbon tetrachloride		U
	108-90-7	. Chlorobenzene	278.	U
	75-00-3	. Chloroethane	694.	U
	67-66-3	.Chloroform	278.	U
	74-87-3	. Chloromethane	972.	U
	95-49-8	.2-Chlorotoluene		U
	106-43-4	.4-Chlorotoluene	417.	U
	96-12-8	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloroprop	ane 139.	U
		. Dibromochloromethane		U
	74-95-3	. 1, 2-Dibromoethane	417.	U
		. Dibromomethane		U
	95-50-1	. 1, 2-Dichlorobenzene	278.	U
	541-73-1	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene	833.	., U
	106-46-7	. 1, 4-Dichlorobenzene	278.	U
	75-71-8	. Dichlorodifluoromethane	694.	U
	75-34-3	.1,1-Dichloroethane	278.	U
	107-06-2	.1,2-Dichloroethane	417.	U
	75-35-4	.1,1-Dichloroethene	833.	U
	156-59-2	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene .	833.	U
	156-60-5	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	417.	U
	78-87-5	.1,2-Dichloropropane	278.	U
	142-28-9	.1,3-Dichloropropane	278.	U
	594-20-7	.2,2-Dichloropropane	2780	U
	563-58-6	. 1, 1-Dichloropropene	<b>6</b> 94.	U
	10061-01-5	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	694.	U
	10061-02-6	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropen	e. 694.	U
		. Ethylbenzene		
		. Hexachlorobutadiene		U
		.Isopropylbenzene		U
		.4-Isopropyltoluene		08012

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SB25-23

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 90. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A127165 Date Sampled: 10/14/98 Date Received: 10/16/98

				 _	
CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	FLA	ŧĠ
75-09-2	Methylene chloride		278.	 	3
	Naphthalene		1250		
	n-Propylbenzene		278.	 	J
	Styrene		278.	 . ι	j
	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane		417.	 . ι	j
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		278.	 	)
	Tetrachloroethene		972.	 . ₹	J
	Toluene		694.	 . ₹	J
	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		278.	 . ↓	J
120-82-1	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		278.	 . ↓	J
	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		556.	 	j
	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		694.	 . ₹	3
79-01-6	Trichloroethene		1370	 . ι	3
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		2780	 . ₹	3
95-63-6	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		7220		
108-67-8	1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene		2500		
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride		-		
	Bromodichloromethane				
	o-Xylene		· ·		j
6616	m, p-Xylene				
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane		556.	 . ₹	J

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P. O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

## Sample Identification

SB5-23

Matrix: Soil
% Dry Weight: 90.
Units: ug/kg dry weight
Dilution Factor: 125.
Analysis Method: SW82608
Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127166 Date Sampled: 10/14/98 Date Received: 10/16/98 Analysis Date: 10/19/98 Analysis Time: 11:50 Sample QC Group: 4754

 CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	N FLAG
	.i-Chlorohexane		U
71-43-2	Benzene	278.	U
	Bromobenzene		U
	.Bromochloromethane		U
	. Bromoform		U
	Bromomethane		U
104-51-8	n-Butylbenzene		J
135-98-8	.sec-Butylbenzene	• •	U
98-06-6	.t-Butylbenzene	• •	U
56-23-5	.Carbon tetrachloride	1390 278.	· · · · · .
	. Chlorobenzene		
	.Chloroethane		–
67-66-3	. Chloroform		
	. Chloromethane		
	.2-Chlorotoluene		
106-43-4	.4-Chlorotoluene	417.	U
96-12-8	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa	ane 139. 417.	
	. Dibromochloromethane		
	. 1, 2-Dibromoethane		
	. Dibromomethane		U
	. 1, 2-Dichlorobenzene		
	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene		U
	. 1, 4-Dichlorobenzene		
	.Dichlorodifluoromethane .		U
75-34-3	. 1, 1-Dichloroethane	278. 417.	U
107-04-2	.1,2-Dichloroethane	417.	
75-35-4	. 1, 1-Dichloroethene	833.	
156-59-2	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	833. 417.	U
	. trans-1, 2-Dichloroethene		U
	.1,2-Dichloropropane	• • •	
142-28-9	.1,3-Dichloropropane	278.	
594-20-7	.2,2-Dichloropropane	2780	U
563-58-6	.1,1-Dichloropropene	694.	–
10061-01-5	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	694.	
	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropen		υ
	.Ethylbenzene		
	.Hexachlorobutadiene		U
	.Isopropylbenzene		U
99-87-6	.4-Isopropyltoluene	833.	U



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SB5-23

Matrix: Soil

90. % Dry Weight: Units: ug/kg dry weight

Date Sampled:

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127166 10/14/98

Date Received: 10/16/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRA	ATION	FL	AG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	278.		. 1	IJ
91-20-3	Naphthalene	972.			
	n-Propylbenzene			. 1	U
	Styrene			. 1	U
	.i.i.i.2-Tetrachloroethane			. 4	U
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	278.		. 1	U
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	972.		. 1	U
108-88-3	Toluene	694.		. 1	U
87-61-6	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	278.		. (	U
	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			. !	U
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	556.		. !	U
79-00-5	. 1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane	694.		. 1	U
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	139	0	. 1	U
96-18-4	. 1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane	278	0	. 4	U
95-63-6	. 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene	972.		. 1	U
108-67-8	. 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	222	0		
75-01-4	.Vinyl chloride	125	0	. 1	U
75-27-4	.Bromodichloromethane			. 1	U
6615	o-Xylene			. 1	U
6616	.m,p-Xylene	108	00		
75-49-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	. 556.		. 4	U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

SB5-12

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 95. Units: ug/kg dry weight

Bilution Factor: 5.

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127167 Date Sampled: 10/14/98 Date Received: 10/16/98 Analysis Date: 10/23/98 Analysis Time: 0:39

Sample QC Group: 4754

 CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
	.i-Chlorohexane		υ
	.Benzene		U
	Bromobenzene		U
	Bromochloromethane		υ
	.Bromoform		U
	Bromomethane		U
	n-Butylbenzene		υ
	sec-Butylbenzene		U
	.t-Butylbenzene		U
	.Carbon tetrachloride		U
	. Chlorobenzene		υ
	.Chloroethane		υ
	.Chloroform		U
	.Chloromethane		U
	.2-Chlorotoluene		U
	.4-Chlorotoluene		υ
	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa		U
	. Dibromochloromethane		U
	. 1,2-Dibromoethane		U
	.Dibromomethane		U
	. 1, 2-Dichlorobenzene		U
	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene		U
	. 1, 4-Dichlorobenzene		U
	.Dichlorodifluoromethane .		U
	.1,1-Dichloroethane		U
	. 1, 2-Dichloroethane		υ
	. 1, 1-Dichloroethene		U
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	•		U
	.1,2-Dichloropropane		U
	.1,3-Dichloropropane		U
	.2.2-Dichloropropane		U
	.1,1-Dichloropropene		U
	/		<u>U</u>
	. trans-1,3-Dichloropropen		U
100-41-4			U
	.Hexachlorobutadiene		U
	. Isopropylbenzene		U
99-87-6	.4-Isopropyltoluene	31.6	υ

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

## Sample Identification

SB5-12

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 95. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A127167 Date Sampled: 10/14/98

Date Received: 10/16/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCEN	TRATION	FL	٩G
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	1	0. 5	 	J
	Naphthalene		0. 5	 . 1	J
	n-Propylbenzene		0. 5	 . 1	J
	Styrene		0.5	 . !	J
630-20-6	i, i, i, 2-Tetrachloroethans	. 1	5. 8	 . 4	U
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		0. 5	 . 1	U
	Tetrachloroethene		86.8	 . 1	U
	Toluene		26. 3	 . 1	U
	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		0. 5	 . 4	J
	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		0. 5	 . 4	U
	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		21. 1	 . 1	U
	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		6. 3	 . 1	J
	Trichloroethene		2. 6	 . !	U
	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane		05.	 . 4	U
	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		86. 8	 . 1	U
	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		5.8	 . 1	U
	Vinyl chloride		7.4	 . 1	U
	Bromodichloromethane		21. 1	 . 1	Ų
	o-Xylene		26, 3	 . 1	IJ
6616	m, p-Xylene	1	5. 8	 . 1	U
75-69-4	.Trichlorofluoromethane	2	21.1	 . 1	U



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#### Sample Identification

SB18A-20

Matrix: Soil
% Dry Weight: 92.
Units: ug/kg dry weight
Dilution Factor: 125.
Analysis Method: SW82608
Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127168 Date Sampled: 10/14/98 Date Received: 10/16/98 Analysis Date: 10/19/98 Analysis Time: 13:03 Sample QC Group: 4754

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
	.i-Chlorohexane		υ
	. Benzene		U
	.Bromobenzene		U
	.Bromochloromethane		υ
	.Bromoform		U
	.Bromomethane		U
	.n-Butylbenzene		U
	.sec-Butylbenzene		υ
	.t-Butylbenzene		υ
	.Carbon tetrachloride		υ
108-90-7	.Chlorobenzene		U
	.Chloroethane		U
	.Chloroform		U
	.Chloromethane		U
	.2-Chlorotoluene		U
	.4-Chlorotoluene		υ
	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa		U
	Dibromochloromethane		U
	.1,2-Dibromoethane		U
	.Dibromomethane		U
	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene		υ
	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene		U
	.1,4-Dichlorobenzene		υ
	.Dichlorodifluoromethane .		U
	.1,1-Dichloroethane		U
	.1,2-Dichloroethane		U
	. 1, 1-Dichloroethene		U
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	.1,2-Dichloropropane	• •	U
	.1,3-Dichloropropane		υ
	. 2,2-Dichloropropane		υ
	.1,1-Dichloropropene		<b>.</b> . U
	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .		U
	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		U
	.Ethylbenzene		
87-68-3	.Hexachlorobutadiene		U
	.Isopropylbenzene		U
99-87-6	.4-Isopropyltoluene	815.	U



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SB18A-20

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 92.

Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127168 Date Sampled: 10/14/98 Date Received: 10/16/98

						_
CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	1	FLA	4G
75-09-2	. Methylene chloride		272.			J
91-20-3	.Naphthalene		543.			
103-65-1	.n-Propylbenzene		272.		. ₹	}
	.Styrene		272.		. \	)
630-20-6	. i, i, i, 2-Tetrachloroethane	٠.	408.			J
	. 1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		272.			J
127-18-4	.Tetrachloroethene		951.			j
108-88-3	. Toluene		679.			J
87-61-6	. 1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		272.		. (	3
120-82-1	. 1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		272.			3
71-55-6	. 1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		543.		. ι	3
79-00-5	. 1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		679.			3
79-01-6	.Trichloroethene		1360		. ι	J
96-18-4	.1,2,3-Trichloropropane		2720			J
95-63-6	. 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		9380			
108-67-8	. 1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene		5840			
75-01-4	.Vinyl chloride		1220		. \	3
75-27-4	.Bromodichloromethane		543.		. ι	J
6615	.o-Xylene		679.		. !	J
6616	.m,p-Xylene		6520			
75-69-4	.Trichlorofluoromethane		543.		. \	J

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SB7-20

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 95. Units: ug/kg dry weight Dilution Factor: 125.

Analysis Method: SW8260B

Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127169
Date Sampled: 10/14/98
Date Received: 10/16/98
Analysis Date: 10/19/98
Analysis Time: 13:39
Sample QC Group: 4754

 CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	ENTRATION	F	LAG
144-10-5	.i-Chlorohexane				υ
71-43-2	. Benzene				υ
	. Bromobenzene				U
	.Bromochloromethane				υ
	.Bromoform		,		U
74-83-9	. Bromomethane				U
	.n-Butylbenzene				U
	.sec-Butylbenzene				υ
98-06-6	.t-Butylbenzene				U
54-23-5	.Carbon tetrachloride				U
	.Chlorobenzene				υ
	.Chloroethane		-		U
	.Chloroform				U
	.Chloromethane				U
	.2-Chlorotoluene				U
106-43-4	.4-Chlorotoluene				U
	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloroprop				υ
	.Dibromochloromethane				U
	.1,2-Dibromoethane				
	.Dibromomethane				U
	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene				U
	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene		,		U
	.1,4-Dichlorobenzene				
	.Dichlorodifluoromethane				U
75-34-3	.1,1-Dichloroethane				U
107-06-2	.1,2-Dichloroethane				υ
75-35-4	.1,1-Dichloroethene		. —		
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene .				
	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	٠			
	.1,2-Dichloropropane				
142-28-9	.1,3-Dichloropropane				
594-20-7	.2,2-Dichloropropane				_
	.1,1-Dichloropropene				
	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene				-
10061-02-6	.trans-1,3-Dichloroproper	ie.	_ = = :		
100-41-4	. Ethylbenzene				
87-68-3	. Hexachlorobutadiene		658.		
	. Isopropylbenzene		1050		U
	.4-Isopropyltoluene		1970		



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SB7-20

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight:

95.

Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127169 Date Sampled: 10/14/98

Date Received: 10/16/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	F	FLAG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride		263.		U
	Naphthalene		3030		
	n-Propylbenzene		263.		U
	Styrene		263.		υ
630-20-6	i, i, i, 2-Tetrachloroethane		395.		U
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		263.		υ
	Tetrachloroethene		921.		υ
	Toluene		<b>658</b> .		υ
	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		263.		U
120-82-1	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		263.		υ
	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		526.		U
79-00-5	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		<b>658</b> .		U
79-01-6	Trichloroethene		1320		U
	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane		2630		U
95-63-6	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		27100		
108-67-8	1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene				
	Vinyl chloride		1130		υ
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane		526.		U
6615	o-Xylene		8750		
6616	m, p-Xylene				
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane		525.		· U



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P. O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

#### Sample Identification

SB28-21

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight:

% Dry Weight: 88. Units: ug/kg dry weight

Dilution Factor: 5.

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127170 Date Sampled: 10/14/98 Date Received: 10/16/98 Analysis Date: 10/23/98 Analysis Time: 1:15

Sample GC Group: 4754

71- 108 12- 75- 74- 108 56- 108 75- 67- 74- 95-	-43-2 8-86-1 4-48-1 -25-2 -83-9 4-51-8 5-98-8 -06-6 -23-5 8-90-7 -00-3 -66-3	1-Chlorohexane Benzene Bromobenzene Bromochloromethane Bromoform Bromomethane n-Butylbenzene sec-Butylbenzene t-Butylbenzene Carbon tetrachloride Chlorobenzene Chloroethane	11. 4 11. 4 34. 1 28. 4 28. 4 37. 8 37. 8 35. 8		υ υ υ υ υ υ υ
108 124 75- 74- 108 56- 108 75- 67- 74- 95-	8-86-1	Bromobenzene	11. 4 11. 4 11. 4 28. 4 28. 4 28. 4 39. 8 39. 8 56. 8		υ υ υ υ υ
12- 75- 74- 10- 13: 98- 56- 108 75- 67- 74- 95-	4-48-1 -25-2 -83-9 4-51-8 5-98-8 -06-6 -23-5 8-90-7 -00-3	Bromochloromethane Bromoform Bromomethane n-Butylbenzene sec-Butylbenzene t-Butylbenzene Carbon tetrachloride Chlorobenzene	11.4 34.1 28.4 28.4 39.8 39.8		υ υ υ υ
75- 74- 10- 13: 98- 56- 10: 75- 67- 74- 95- 10: 96-	-25-2 -83-9 4-51-8 5-98-8 -06-6 -23-5 8-90-7 -00-3	Bromoform	34. 1 28. 4 28. 4 39. 8 39. 8		υ υ υ
74- 10- 13: 98- 56- 10: 75- 67- 74- 95- 10: 96-	-83-9 4-51-8 5-98-8 -06-6 -23-5 8-90-7 -00-3	Bromomethane	28. 4 28. 4 39. 8 39. 8 56. 8		U U U
104 133 98- 56- 108 75- 67- 74- 95- 106	4-51-8	n-Butylbenzene	28. 4 39. 8 39. 8 56. 8		U
13: 98- 56- 10: 75- 67- 74- 95- 10: 96-	5-98-8 -06-6 -23-5 8-90-7 -00-3	sec-Butylbenzene	39.8 39.8 56.8		Ü
98- 56- 108 75- 67- 74- 95- 106	-06-6	t-Butylbenzene	39.8 56.8		_
56- 108 75- 67- 74- 95- 100 96-	-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride Chlorobenzene	56.8		11
108 75- 67- 74- 95- 106 96-	B-90-7	Chlorobenzene			O
75- 67- 74- 95- 100- 96-	-00-3 -66-3		. 11.4		υ
67- 74- 95- 106- 96-	-66-3	Chloroethane			υ
74- 95- 106- 96-				<b>.</b>	υ
95- 100 96-	07 0	Chloroform			υ
96-		Chloromethane			υ
96-		2-Chlorotoluene			U
		4-Chlorotoluene			U
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa			U
124	4-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	17.0		υ
74-	-95-3	1,2-Dibromoethane			U
		Dibromomethane			U
95	-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	11.4		U
54	1-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	34. 1		U
100	6-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	11.4		U
75	-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane .	28.4		U
75	-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	11.4		υ
10	7-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	17.0		υ
75	-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	34.1		υ
15	6-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	34.1		U
15	6-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	17.0		U
. 78	-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	11.4		υ
14	2-28-9	1,3-Dichloropropane	11.4		υ
		2,2-Dichloropropane			υ
		1,1-Dichloropropene			υ
10	061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .	28.4		υ
10	061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropens	28.4		υ
		Ethylbenzene			Ü
		Hexachlorobutadiene			Ũ
		Isopropulbenzene			_
99					B0013

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SB28-21

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight:

88.

Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127170 Date Sampled: 10/14/98 Date Received: 10/16/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATIO	N FLA	G
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	11.4	υ	}
91-20-3	Naphthalene	11.4	υ	į
103-65-1	n-Propylbenzene	11.4	υ	}
100-42-5	Styrene	11.4	U	}
630-20-6	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethans	17.0	υ	}
79-34-5	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane	. 11.4	υ	)
	Tetrachloroethene		υ	)
	Toluene		U	}
	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		υ	)
	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		υ	)
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane		U	)
	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		U	3
	Trichloroethene		U	)
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		U	j
95-63-6	. 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene	39.8	U	)
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	17. 0	U	}
75-01-4	.Vinyl chloride	51.1	บ	
75-27-4	.Bromodichloromethane	22.7	U	)
	.o-Xylene		U	
6616	.m,p-Xylene	17.0	U	
75-69-4	.Trichlorofluoromethane	22.7	U	j

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

#### Sample Identification

SB8-21

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 85. Units: ug/kg dry weight Dilution Factor: 125.

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127171
Date Sampled: 10/14/98
Date Received: 10/16/98
Analysis Date: 10/19/98
Analysis Time: 14:52
Sample QC Group: 4754

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
	1-Chlorohexane		υ
	Benzene		U
	Bromobenzene		U
	Bromochloromethane		U
75-25-2	Bromoform	882.	υ
74-83-9	Bromomethane		υ
104-51-8	n-Butylbenzene	735.	υ
135-98-8	sec-Butylbenzene		υ
98-06-6	t-Butylbenzene	1030	U
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1470	υ
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	294.	υ
75-00-3	Chloroethane	735.	U
67-66-3	Chloroform	294.	υ
74-87-3	Chloromethane	1030	U
95-49-8	2-Chlorotoluene	294.	U
106-43-4	4-Chlorotoluene	441.	U
96-12-8	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa	ne 147.	υ
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	441.	υ
74-95-3	1,2-Dibromoethane	441.	υ
74-95-3	Dibromomethane	1470	U
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	294.	.ί υ
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	882.	υ
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	294.	υ
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane .	735.	U
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	294.	U
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	441.	υ
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	882.	U
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	882.	U
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	441.	υ
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	294.	U
	. 1,3-Dichloropropane	294.	U
	2,2-Dichloropropane	2940	υ
	. 1, 1-Dichloropropene		U
	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .		υ
	trans-1,3-Dichloropropens		υ
	Ethylbenzene		
	. Hexachlorobutadiene		U
	. Isopropylbenzene		· · ·
	.4-Isopropyltoluene		· U
., ., .,			· · · · · · · · ·
		-	

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SB8-21

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 85. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A127171 Date Sampled: 10/14/98 Date Received: 10/16/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	F	LAG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride		294.		υ
91-20-3	Naphthalene		294.		
103-65-1	n-Propylbenzene		294.		U
100-42-5	Styrene		294.		U
	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane		441.		U
79-34-5	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		294.		U
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene		1030		U
108-88-3	Toluene		735.		U
87-61-6	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		294.		υ
120-82-1	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		294.		U
71-55-6	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		588.		U
79-00-5	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		735.		υ
79-01-6	Trichloroethene		1470		U
96-18-4	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane		2940		U
95-63-6	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		1030		
108-67-8	1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene		441.		
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride		1320		υ
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane		588.		U
6615	o-Xylene		735.		U
6616	m, p-Xylene		1760		
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane		588.		U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

#### Sample Identification

SB6-22

Matrix: Soil
% Dry Weight: 89.
Units: ug/kg dry weight
Dilution Factor: 125.
Analysis Method: SW8260B

Delivery Group: 117229 Instrument: HP-2 Lab Sample ID: 98-A127172 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/16/98 Analysis Date: 10/20/98 Analysis Time: 20:08 Sample QC Group: 4754

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	ENTRATION	F	_AG
144-10-5	1-Chlorohexane		351		IJ
	Benzene		281		υ
	. Bromobenzene		281		Ü
	Bromochloromethane		281		Ū
	Bromoform				Ū
	Bromomethane				Ū
	n-Butulbenzene				Ū
	.sec-Butylbenzene				Ũ
	t-Butylbenzene				Ū
	.Carbon tetrachloride				Ū
	Chlorobenzene				Ü
	. Chloroethane				ū
	Chloroform				Ū
	. Chloromethane				Ū
	2-Chlorotoluene				Ū
	4-Chlorotoluene				Ū
	. 1, 2-Dibromo-3-chloroprop				Ū
	. Dibromochloromethane				Ū
	. 1, 2-Dibromoethane				Ũ
	. Dibromomethane				Ū
	. 1, 2-Dichlorobenzene				Ū
	1,3-Dichlorobenzene				υ
	. 1, 4-Dichlorobenzene				Ū
	. Dichlorodifluoromethane				Ū
, ,	. 1, 1-Dichloroethane				Ū
	. 1, 2-Dichloroethane				Ũ
	. 1, 1-Dichloroethene				Ū
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene .				Ü.
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		421		Ū
	. 1, 2-Dichloropropane				Ū
	.1,3-Dichloropropane				Ü
	.2,2-Dichloropropane				Ū
	. 1, 1-Dichloropropene				Ū
	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene				Ū
	. trans-1,3-Dichloropropen				ΰ
	Ethylbenzene				_
	. Hexachlorobutadiene				U
	. Isopropulbenzene				Ü
	.4-Isopropyltoluene				-
// U/ U	Isopropgiooidene	•. • •			

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SB6-22

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 89. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A127172 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/16/98

						_
CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	ŧ	FL	-AG
	Methylene chloride		281.			υ
91-20-3	Naphthalene		3370			
103-65-1	n-Propylbenzene		281.			U
100-42-5	Styrene		281.			U
630-20-6	i, i, i, 2-Tetrachloroethane		421.			U
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethans		281.			U
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene		983.			υ
	Toluene		702.			υ
87-61-6	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		281.			U
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		281.			U
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane		562.			U
	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		702.			υ
	Trichloroethene		1400			U
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		2810			U
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		26800			
108-67-8	1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene		9410			
	Vinyl chloride		1260			U
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane		562.			υ
6615	o-Xylene		702.			U
6616	.m,p-Xylene		51100			
75-69-4	.Trichlorofluoromethane		562.			U



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

## Sample Identification

SB9-14

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 97. Units: ug/kg dry weight

Dilution Factor: 5.

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127173 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/16/98 Analysis Date: 10/23/98 Analysis Time: 0:03

Sample GC Group: 4754

ŀ	CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	F	LAG
		i-Chlorohexane				υ
		Benzene				U
		Bromobenzene				υ
		Bromochloromethane	· ·			υ
		Bromoform				U
		.Bromomethane				U
	104-51-8	.n-Butylbenzene				U
	135-98-8	.sec-Butylbenzene				U
		.t-Butylbenzene				U
		.Carbon tetrachloride				U
	108-90-7	.Chlorobenzene				U
		.Chloroethane		25.8 .		U
		.Chloroform				U
		.Chloromethane				U
		.2-Chlorotoluene				U
		.4-Chlorotoluene				υ
		.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa				U
		.Dibromochloromethane				U
	74-95-3	.1,2-Dibromoethane				U
		.Dibromomethane				υ
		.1,2-Dichlorobenzene				υ
		.1,3-Dichlorobenzene				U
		.1,4-Dichlorobenzene				U
		.Dichlorodifluoromethane .				υ
		. 1, 1-Dichloroethane				U
		.1,2-Dichloroethane				U
		.1,1-Dichloroethene				U
		.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene				U
		.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene				υ
		.1,2-Dichloropropane				υ
		.1,3-Dichloropropane				υ
		.2,2-Dichloropropane				
		.1,1-Dichloropropene				U
		.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .				
		.trans-1,3-Dichloropropen				_
		.Ethylbenzene				
		.Hexachlorobutadiene				_
		. Isopropylbenzene				
	99-87-6	.4-Isopropyltoluene		30. 9 .		U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

SE9-14

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight:

Units: ug/kg dry weight

Date Sampled:

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127173

10/15/98

Date Received: 10/16/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FL	_AG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	10.3		υ
91-20-3	Naphthalene	10.3		υ
	n-Propylbenzene			υ
100-42-5	Styrene	10.3		U
630-20-6	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane	. 15.5		U
79-34-5	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethans	. 10.3		U
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	36.1		U
	Toluene			υ
87-61-6	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	10.3		U
120-82-1	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene	10.3		υ
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	20.6		U
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	25.8		
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	51.5		U
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	103		
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	36.1		U
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	15.5		
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	46.4		
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	20.6		
6615	.o-Xylene	25.8		
6616	.m,p-Xylene	15. 5		
75-69-4	.Trichlorofluoromethane	20.6		U

# SPECIALIZED ASSAYS, INC. 2960 Foster Creighton Dr.

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

#### Sample Identification

SB9-22

Matrix: Soil
% Dry Weight: 80

Units: ug/kg dry weight Dilution Factor: 100. Analysis Method: SW8260B

Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127174 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/16/98 Analysis Date: 10/20/98 Analysis Time: 21:20

Sample QC Group: 4754

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
	.i-Chlorohexane		υ
	.Benzene		U
	.Bromobenzene .Bromochloromethane		U
	.Bromotorm		U
	.Bromomethane		U
	n-Butylbenzene		U
	.sec-Butylbenzene		Ū
	. t-Butylbenzene		Ū
	Carbon tetrachloride		U
	. Chlorobenzene		Ū
	. Chloroethane		υ
	.Chloroform		υ
	. Chloromethane		υ
	.2-Chlorotoluene		υ
	.4-Chlorotoluene		υ
	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa		U
124-48-1	. Dibromochloromethane	349	U
74-95-3	.1,2-Dibromoethane	349	U
74-95-3	.Dibromomethane	1160 .	U
	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene		U
	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene		U
	.1,4-Dichlorobenzene		U
	.Dichlorodifluoromethane .		υ
	.1,1-Dichloroethane		U
	.1,2-Dichloroethane		υ
	.1,1-Dichloroethene		υ
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	.1,2-Dichloropropane		U
	.1,3-Dichloropropane		U
	.2,2-Dichloropropane		U
	.1,1-Dichloropropene		U
	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		U
	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropen		<u>u</u>
	. Ethylbenzene		E
	. Hexachlorobutadiene		U
	.Isopropylbenzene		υ
99-87-6	.4-Isopropyltoluene	11500 .	



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

## Sample Identification

SB9-22

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 86. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A127174 Date Sampled: 10/15/98

Date Received: 10/16/98

 ,						
CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	ENTRATION	I	FL	.AG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride		233.			U
91-20-3	Naphthalene		28100			E
	n-Propylbenzene		233.			U
	Styrene		233.			$\boldsymbol{\upsilon}$
	. 1, ĺ, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane		349.			υ
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		233.			U
	Tetrachloroethene		814.			U
	Toluene		581.			υ
	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		233.	<b>.</b>		υ
	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		233.			U
	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		465.			υ
	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		581.			U
	Trichloroethene		1160			U
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		2330			U
	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		84300			E
	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		55400			E
	Vinyl chloride		1050			υ
	Bromodichloromethane		465.			υ
	o-Xylene		1050			
	m,p-Xylene		120000			E
	Trichlorofluoromethane		465.			U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

SB9-22

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 86.
Units: ug/kg dry weight
Dilution Factor: 500.

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127174
Date Sampled: 10/15/98
Date Received: 10/16/98
Analysis Date: 10/23/98
Analysis Time: 22:50

Sample QC Group: 4754

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
	.i-Chlorohexane		υ
	.Benzene		
	.Bromobenzene		U
	.Bromochloromethane		U
	.Bromoform		U
	. Bromomethane		U
	.n-Butylbenzene		U
	.sec-Butylbenzene		U
	.t-Butylbenzene		U
	.Carbon tetrachloride		U
	.Chlorobenzene		U
	.Chloroethane		U
	.Chloroform		U
	.Chloromethane		U
	.2-Chlorotoluene		U
	.4-Chlorotoluene		U
	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloroprop		
	.Dibromochloromethane		
	.1,2-Dibromoethane		U
	. Dibromomethane		U
	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene		U
	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene		U
	. Dichlorodifluoromethane		U
	. 1, 1-Dichloroethane		U
	. 1, 1-Dichloroethane		U
	. 1, 1-Dichloroethene		U
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene .		U
	. trans-1, 2-Dichloroethene		U
	. 1, 2-Dichloropropane		U
	.1,3-Dichloropropane		U
	.2,2-Dichloropropane		U
	. 1, 1-Dichloropropene		U
	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		U
	. trans-1,3-Dichloropropen		U
	. Ethylbenzene		
	.Hexachlorobutadiene		U
	. Isopropylbenzene		U
	.4-Isopropyltoluene	* * *	
// 6/ 6	Isopi opgivoroend		

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

## Sample Identification

SB9-22

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 86. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A127174 Date Sampled: 10/15/98

Date Received: 10/16/98

 CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	4	FLAG
75-09-2	. Methylene chloride		1160		. υ
	.Naphthalene		53300		•
	.n-Propylbenzene		1160		. υ
100-42-5	.Styrene		1160		. U
630-20-6	.i,i,i,2-Tetrachloroethane		1740		. υ
79-34-5	.1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethans		1160		. υ
127-18-4	.Tetrachloroethene		4070		. υ
	.Toluene		2910		. υ
	. 1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		1160		. υ
	. 1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		1160		. U
	. 1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		2330		. υ
79-00-5	. 1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		2910		. υ
79-01-6	.Trichloroethene		5810		. υ
96-18-4	. 1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane		11600		. υ
95-63-6	. 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		160000		. E
108-67-8	. 1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene		61600		
75-01-4	.Vinyl chloride		5230		. υ
75-27-4	.Bromodichloromethane		2330		. υ
6615	.o-Xylene		2910		. υ
6616	.m.p-Xylene		595000		. E
75-69-4	. Trichlorofluoromethane		2330		. U



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

SB9-22

Matrix: Soil
% Dry Weight: 86.
Units: ug/kg dry weight
Dilution Factor: 1000

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127174 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/16/98 Analysis Date: 10/22/98 Analysis Time: 23:26 Sample QC Group: 4754

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
	.i-Chlorohexane	* -	υ
	Benzene		
	Bromobenzene		U
	Bromochloromethane	• •	U
	Bromoform		υ
	Bromomethane		U
	.n-Butylbenzene		U
135-98-8	.sec-Butylbenzene		υ
	t-Butylbenzene		U
	.Carbon tetrachloride		U
108-90-7	.Chlorobenzene	2330	υ
	.Chloroethane		υ
	.Chloroform		U
	.Chloromethane		. <i>.</i> υ
95-49-8	.2-Chlorotoluene	2330	U
106-43-4	.4-Chlorotoluene	3490	υ
96-12-8	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa	ane 1160	υ
124-48-1	. Dibromochloromethane	3490	U
74-95-3	. 1, 2-Dibromoethane	3490	υ
74-95-3	.Dibromomethane	11600	U
95-50-1	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene	2330	U
541-73-1	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene	6980	U
106-46-7	. 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	2330	υ
75-71-8	.Dichlorodifluoromethane .	5810	U
75-34-3	. 1, 1-Dichloroethane	2330	U
107-06-2	.1,2-Dichloroethane	3490	U
75-35-4	. 1, 1-Dichloroethene	6980	υ
156-59-2	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<b>6</b> 980	U
	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	.1,2-Dichloropropane		U
	. 1,3-Dichloropropane	2330	υ
	. 2, 2-Dichloropropane	23300	U
	. 1, 1-Dichloropropene	5810	U
	• •	5810	U
	. trans-1,3-Dichloropropen	e . 5810	U
100-41-4			
	. Hexachlorobutadiene		U
	. Isopropylbenzene		U
	.4-Isopropyltoluene		
,, ,, ,, ,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,		

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SE9-22

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 86. Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127174 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/16/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	1	FLAG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride		2330 .		υ
	Naphthalene		27900 .		
	n-Propylbenzene		2330 .		U
	Styrene		2330 .		υ
430-20-4	1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane		3490 .		U
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane				
	Tetrachloroethene				
	Toluene				
	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene				
	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		2330 .		U
	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		4650 .		υ
	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane				U
	Trichloroethene		11600 .		U
	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane				υ
	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		193000 .		
	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		74400 .		
	Vinyl chloride		10500 .		υ
	Bromodichloromethane		4650 .		υ
	o-Xylene		5810 .		υ
	m, p-Xylene		304000 .		
	Trichlorofluoromethane		4650 .		U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

BLANK

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 100

Units: UG/KG

Dilution Factor: 1

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117229

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: BLANK
Date Sampled: 10/14/98
Date Received: 10/16/98
Analysis Date: 10/19/98
Analysis Time: 9:24

Sample QC Group: 4754

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
71-43-2	Benzene	. 2.0	. U
108-86-1	Bromobenzene	. 2.0	. U
	Bromochloromethane		. U
75-25-2	Bromoform	. 6.0	. U
	Bromomethane		. U
	n-Butylbenzene		. U
	sec-Butylbenzene		. U
	t-Butylbenzene		. U
	Carbon tetrachloride		. U
	Chlorobenzene		. U
	Chloroethane		. U
	Chloroform		. U
	Chloromethane		Ū
	2-Chlorotoluene		
	4-Chlorotoluene		
	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropar		
	Dibromochloromethane		
	1,2-Dibromoethane		
	Dibromomethane		
	1,2-Dichlorobenzene		
	. 1,3-Dichlorobenzene		
	. 1,4-Dichlorobenzene		
	Dichlorodifluoromethane		
			·
	1,2-Dichloroethane		·
			-
	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		• -
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		-
	1,2-Dichloropropane		
	3-Dichloropropane		
	2,2-Dichloropropane		
	1,1-Dichloropropene	• •	·
10051-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.0	
	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		· -
	Ethylbenzene		• -
	Hexachlorobutadiene		
	Isopropylbenzene		
	4-Isopropyltoluene		
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	21.0	•

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

BLANK

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 100

Units: UG/KG

Lab Sample ID: BLANK
Date Sampled: 10/14/98
Date Received: 10/16/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRAT:	ION	FLAG
91-20-3	Naphthalene		2. 0		U
	n-Propylbenzene		2.0		U
	Styrene		2. 0		
/70-70-4	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	٠.,	3. 0		
	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethans		2. 0		
			7. 0		
	Tetrachloroethene		–		-
	Toluene		5. 0		
	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		2.0		
	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		2. 0		
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane		4. 0		U
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		5. 0		U
79-01-6	Trichloroethene		10.0		U
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		20.0		U
	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		7. 0		U
	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		3. 0		U
	Vinyl chloride		9. 0		
	Bromodichloromethane		4. 0		
			5. 0		-
	.o-Xylene				
	.m.p-Xylene		3. 0		
75-69-4	.Trichlorofluoromethane		4. 0		U

## 2B SOIL VOLATILE SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUND RECOVERY

l ab Name:	SPECIALIZED ASSAYS		Contract:				
•	SASSAYS	Case No.:		SAS No.:	SDG No.:	117229	

Level: (low/med) LOW

ſ	EPA	SMC1	SMC2	SMC3	тот
	SAMPLE NO.	#	#	#	OUT
01	VBLK02	112	107	104	0
02	SB25-23	98	101	69	0
03	SB5-23	96	100	69	0
04	SB18A-20	96	102	92	0
05	SB7-20	97	99	77	0
06	SB8-21	98	103	96	0
07	VBLK03	112	98	105	0
08		107	104	86	0
09		102	102	100	0
10		96	99	111	0
11		105	101	106	0
12		82	97	91	0
13		83	96	90	0
14		82	98	92	0
15		113	100	102	0
16		98	101	97	0
17		100	102	98	0
18		105	104	105	0
19		103	101	104	0
20		107	102	105	0

		QC LIMITS
SMC1	= 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	(62-147)
SMC2	= Toluene-d8	(84-117)
SMC3 :	= Bromofluorobenzene	(64-126)

# Column to be used to flag recovery values

- * Values outside of contract required QC limits
- D System Monitoring Compound diluted out

FORM 3B
. VOLATILE MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE RECOVERY

Lao: Specialized Assays, Inc.

Project: WURTSMITH BIOVENTING

Matrix Spike Sample: SB9-14

SDG: 117829

QC Group: 4754

Compounc	Spike Added 	Sample Conc	Spike Conc	% Rec	QC Limits
Benzene Chl <del>o</del> robenzene 1,1-Dichloroëthene Toluene Trichloroethene	2580 2580 2580 2580 2580	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	2940 2940 3200 2780 2780	114 114 124 108 108	58 - 135 54 - 136 58 - 138 56 - 135 52 - 143

ებოდბსიმ 	Spike Adcea 	MSD Conc.	% Rec	RPD	RPD Limit	Recovery Limits
Benzene	2580	3510	136#		17	58 - 135
Chioropenzene	2580	3400	132		14	54 - 136
1,1-Dichloroethene	2580	3510	136		19	58 - 138
Toluene	2580	3200	124		18	56 - 135
Trichloroethene	2580	3200	124		18	52 - 143

Concentration Units: ug/kg

RPD: 2 out of 5 outside QC limits.

Spike Recoveries: 1 out of 10 outside QC limits.

#### FORM 3Ba

# VOLATILE LABORATORY CONTROL RECOVERY

Lab: Specialized Assays, Inc.

Project: WURTSMITH BIOVENTING

SDG: 117229

QC Group: 4754

Compound	Known Value	Conc	% Rec	QC Limits
-	50	61	122	39-151
Benzene	50	54	108	74-122
Bromopenzene	50	47	74	68-134
Bromochloromethane	50	54	108	31-144
_ Bromoform	50	42	84	51-135
Br <del>om</del> omethane	50	47	94	65-127
n-Butylbenzene	50	58	116	68-129
sec-Butylpenzene	50 50	55	110	68-128
t-Butylbenzene	50	59	118	53-144
Carbon tetrachloride		57 64	125	62-130
Chlorobenzene	50		110	56-138
- Chloroethane	50	55 7.4	128	71-132
Chloroform	50	64		65-134
Chioromethane	50	39 	78	72-123
2-Chlorotoluene	50	55	110	
4-Chiorotoluene	50	52	104	70-123
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	∍ 50	39	78	70-130
Dipromochioromethane	50	58	116	41-133
1,2-Dipromoethane	50	54	108	47-136
Dibromomethane	50	47	98	60-141
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	50	46	92	66-128
1.3-Dichloropenzene	50	45	.90	65-128
1.4-Dichloropenzene	50	45	90	66-129
Dichlorodifluoromethane	50	<b>-</b> 64	158	50-140
1,1-Dichloroethane	50	64	128	70-132
1,2-Dichloroethane	50	55	110	58-135 .
1,1-Dichloroethene	50	.64	128	69-130 ⁻
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	50	54	158	59-140
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	50	57	114	72-128
1,2-Dichioropropane	50	63	126	45-149
1.3-Dichloropropane	50	52	104	58-138
2,2-Dichloropropane	50	46	92	43-146
1.1-Dichloropropens	50	53	106	56-132
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	50	54	108	69-130
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	50 -	51	102	56-126
Ethylpenzene	50	64	128	61-129
Hexachlorobutadiene	50	60	120	59-138
Isopropyibenzene	50	51	102	70-127
	50	39	78	70-127
4-Isopropyltoluene	50	50	100	68-142
Methylene chlorice	50	45	90	54-146
Nachthalene	50	58	116	67-128
n-Procylbenzene	JU	70	110	0/ 120

FORM 3BA

VOLATILE LABORATORY CONTROL RECOVERY

Lab: Specialized Assays, Ir	nc .	Proje	ct: WURTS	MITH BIOVENTING
Styrene 1.1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane 1.1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethene Toluene 1.2,3-Trichlorobenzene 1.2,4-Trichlorobenzene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Trichloroethene 1,2,3-Trichloropropane 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Vinyl chloride Bromodichloromethane o-Xylene m,p-Xylene	50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	60 53 54 63 55 63 55 55 55 55 55 57 53 57 53	120 106 108 124 126 70 104 112 106 124 100 110 116 116 116 118 129 106	65-128 53-130 37-149 55-128 65-131 55-137 48-141 60-136 56-137 61-141 39-146 72-126 22-125 57-138 60-133 64-126 59-131 56-142
Trichlorofluoromethane	50			

Concentration Units: ug/kg

Recoveries: O out of 59 outside QC limits.



#### CASE NARRATIVE

Client: Parsons Engineering Science

Attn: Lynnea Peterson 1700 Broadway, Suite 900 Denver, CO 80290

Client Project: WURTSMITH BIOVENTING

Matrix: SOIL/WATER

Laboratory Project: 117250

Number samples: 12/1

Date Received: 10/17/98

Date Collected: 10/15/98

Sample Receipt Notes: All samples were received in good condition, properly preserved. All analyses were performed within method specified holding times.

QA/QC Summary:

Volatile Organic Method 8260B - Water:

All surrogate, matrix spikes, matrix spike duplicate, and laboratory control sample recoveries for this analytical batch (#4751) were within acceptable quality control limits. The sample used for MS/MSD analysis for this analytical batch was not part of this sample delivery group. The single water sample in this batch is a trip blank, and is reported as not detected for all analytes. Quantitation on unknown concentrations were determined from the initial calibration curve using the average response factor when the % RSD was less than or equal to 15%. All other analytes were calculated using linear regression.

Volatile Organic Method 8260B - Soil:

All surrogate, matrix spike, spike duplicate, and laboratory control sample recoveries were within acceptable quality control limits. The sample used for MS/MSD analysis for this analytical batch was SB9-15-10-12. Due to sample matrix issues, several soil samples in this batch (#4761) required dilution for analysis. Quantitation on unknown concentrations were determined from the initial calibration curve using the average response factor when the % RSD was less than or equal to 15%. All other analytes were calculated using linear regression.

Johnny A. Mitchell

Director of Technical Services Specialized Assays, Inc.

# SPECIALIZED ASSAYS **ENVIRONMENTAL**

# REFERRING CLIENT

Account: 8185

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Doug Scott

Page 10f2

7A-059011



2960 Foster Creighton Drive Nashville, TN 37204 615-726-0177, 800-765-0980 FAX 615/726-3404

1700 Broadway Ste 900 Specialized Assays: (800) 765-098 Denver, CO 80290 Ph: 303-831-8100 Fax: 303-831-8208 PROJECT . CONTROL NUMBER (FOR LAB USE ONLY) 726876.69120 117250 Wurtsmith Riduenting ERS (Signature-Please Print) ANALYSIS REQUESTED LAB USE ONLY TIME DATE SAMPLE DESCRIPTION 10/15/98 0915 8260 SB13-21 ~ A127305 (1 10/16/98 093 5811-21 1127304 11 10/15/98 1620 يد SB16-8 14:27307 V 5.816-21 Jul15/98 1630 -A127308 10/15/98 1750 SB14-21 -412720P 11 10/15/98 1640 5826-21 + 3-A127310 11 10/15/98 1740 13 × SB14-12 B- 0127311 (1 10/15/88 1440 بر J-A187312 5812-22 10/15/98 1400 5817-26= 2-4127313 11 0/15/98 1530 SB15-22 3-A1E73)4 Received by: (Signature) Date / Time (uished by: (Signature) 14/6/8 1300) Received by: (Signature) 1 by: (Signature) 45 ... .. Received by: (Signature) Date / Time 'Signature) Received by: (Signature) Date / Time (סוני SAI Project #: 000001

# SPECIALIZED ASSAYS **ENVIRONMENTAL**

# REFERRING CLIENT

Account: 8185

Parsons Engineering/AFCEE Exte

Doug Scott

1700 Broadway Ste 900

Page 2 of 2

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2960 Foster Creighton Drive Nashville, TN 37204 615-726-0177, 800-765-0980 FAX 615/726-3404

Denver, CO 80290 Specialized Assays: (800) 765-0980 Ph: 303-831-8100 Fax: 303-831-8208 PROJECT . CONTROL NUMBER (FOR LAB USE ONLY) 726876.69126 17250 Wurtsmith Bisventing S (Signature-Please Print) ANALYSIS REQUESTED AB USE ONLY ACC# TIME DATE SAMPLE DESCRIPTION 8260 8815-10-12 10/15/48 E7915 1520 10/15/98 1520 SB15-10-12MS MS 5B15-10-12HSD 3 10/15/98 1520 MSD 10/15/98 1310 5810-23 a127315 Trip Blank 41E7E04 TB-3 Received by: (Signature) Date / Time shed by (Signature) 1300 Received by: (Signature) Date / Time ished by: (Signature) Date / Time Received by: (Signature) shed by: (Signature) Received by: (Signature) Date / Time shed by: (Signature) SAI Project #:

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# Cooler Receipt Form

Parsons Parsons	leinhau
Client: Parsons  Cooler Received On: 10/17/98 And Opened On: 10/17/98 By: PAn RBu	
(Signature)	
4°	
1. Temperature of Cooler when opened	. (Tes) No
2. Were custody seals on outside of cooler and intact?	
a. If yes, what kind and where:    A front   Duck	Yes No
b. Were the signature and date correct?	Ves No
3. Were custody papers inside cooler?	Yes No
5. Did you sign the custody papers in the appropriate place?	Yes No
5. Did you sign the custody papers in incorpres. Loubble wrip	
6. What kind of packing material was used?	Yes No
7. Was sufficient ice used (if appropriate)  8. Did all bottles arrive in good condition (unbroken)?	Yes No
9. Were all bottle labels complete (#, date, signed, pres, etc)?	Yes No
9. Were all bottle labels complete v.  10. Did all bottle labels and tags agree with custody papers?	
for the analysis requested?	(Yes) No
NOA vials checked for absence of air bubbles and noted if to	und?(Yes) No
12. If present, were VOA viais entered in each bottle?	Yes No
14. Were correct preservatives used?	Yes No
a. Name of person contacted:	,
b. Date	6000003

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Date

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\$4289.19303

## VOLATILE ORGANICS - WATER SUMMARY



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

#### Sample Identification

E-aT

Matrix: Water

ρH:

Units: ug/l

Dilution Factor: 1.

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117250

Instrument: HP-8

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127304

Date Sampled::

Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/21/98 Analysis Time: 1:38 Sample QC Group: 4751

	CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
		1-Chlorohexane		υ
		Benzene		υ
		Bromobenzene		U
		Bromochloromethane		υ
		Bromoform		U
		Bromomethane		U
		n-Butylbenzene		U
		sec-Butylbenzene		U
		t-Butylbenzene		U
		Carbon tetrachloride		U
		Chlorobenzene		U
		Chloroethane		U
		Chloroform		U
		Chloromethane		U
		2-Chlorotoluene		U
		4-Chlorotoluene		U
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa		υ
		Dibromochloromethane		U
		1,2-Dibromoethane		U
		Dibromomethane		U
		1,2-Dichlorobenzene		U
		1.3-Dichlorobenzene		U
,		1,4-Dichlorobenzene		U
		Dichlorodifluoromethane .		U
		1,1-Dichloroethane		U
		1,2-Dichloroethane		U
		1,1-Dichloroethene		U
		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
		1,2-Dichloropropane		U
		1,3-Dichloropropane		U
	594-20-7	2,2-Dichloropropane	3.5 .	U
	563-58-6	1,1-Dichloropropene	1.0 .	U
	10051-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .	1.0 .	U "
	10051-02-5	trans-1,3-Dichloropropens	e. 1.0 .	U
	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	0.6	n 00000
	87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	1.1 .	
		Isopropylbenzene		U
		4-Isopropyltoluene		U 1



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

TB-3

Matrix: Water

pH:

Units: ug/l

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127304

Date Sampled::

Date Received: 10/17/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	F	LAG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride		0. 3		U
	Naphthalene		0. 4		U
	n-Propylbenzene		0. 4		U
	Styrene		0. 4		U
	i, i, i, 2-Tetrachloroethane		O. 5		U
	i, i, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		0. 4		U
	Tetrachloroethene		1.4		U
	Toluene		1. 1		U
	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		0. 3	<b>.</b>	U
120-82-1	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		0. 4		U
	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		0. 8		υ
79-00-5	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		1.0		U
79-01-6	Trichloroethene		1.0		U
	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane		3. 2		U
95-63-6	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		1.3		U
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		0. 5		U
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride				
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane				
95-47-6	o-Xylene		i.e.		
108-38-3	m, p-Xylene				
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane		0.8		U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

#### Sample Identification

BLANK

Matrix: Water % Dry Weight:

Units: UG/L

Dilution Factor: 1

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117250

Instrument: HP-8

Lab Sample ID: BLANK

Date Sampled:

Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/20/98

Analysis Time: 15:26 17:36 qm

Sample QC Group: 4751

#### FORM I

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATI	ON F	FLAG
108-86-1	Benzene	0.3	 	U
	.Bromochloromethane .Bromoform			U
	.Bromomethane			Ū
	n-Butylbenzene			U
	.sec-Butylbenzene			U
	t-Butylbenzene			U
	.Carbon tetrachloride .Chlorobenzene			υ
	.Chlorobenzene .Chloroethane			Ü
	.Chloroform			ΰ
	. Chloromethane			U
95-49-8	.2-Chlorotoluene	0. 4		U
	.4-Chlorotoluene	<u>_</u>		U
	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa			U
	.Dibromochloromethane			U
	.1,2-Dibromoethane .Dibromomethane			U
	.Dibromomethane .1,2-Dichlorobenzene			Ü
	. 1,3-Dichlorobenzene			Ü
	. 1, 4-Dichlorobenzene			Ū
	.Dichlorodifluoromethane .			U
	.1,1-Dichloroethane			υ
	.1,2-Dichloroethane			U
	.1,1-Dichloroethene			U
	. cis-1,2-Dichloroethene			U
	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene .1,2-Dichloropropane			U
	. 1,3-Dichloropropane			ΰ
	.2,2-Dichloropropane			Ū
	.1,1-Dichloropropene			U
	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .			U
	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropen			U
	. Ethylbenzene			U
	. Hexachlorobutadiene			U
	.Isopropylbenzene			U
	.4-isopropyitaivene .Methylene chloride			υ
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## SPI 2960 P.O. Nasi

Matrix: Water % Dry Weight:

Units: UG/L

## SPECIALIZED ASSAYS, INC.

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

BLANK

Sample Identification

Lab Sample ID: BLANK

Date Sampled:

Date Received: 10/17/98

#### FORM I

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCEN	TRATIO	ON F	FLAG	
91-20-3	Naphthalene	0	. 4 .		U	
	n-Propylbenzene		. 4 .		U	
	Styrene		. 4 .		υ	
	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane				U	
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane				Ü	
	Tetrachloroethene				Ū	
	Toluene				Ū	
	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene				Ü	
	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		_		Ŭ	
					Ü	
	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane			• • •	_	
	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane				U	
	Trichloroethene	-			U	
	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane		. 2 .		U	
95-63-6	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene	1	. З.		U	
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0	. 5 .		U	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	1	. 1 .		U	
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	0	. 8 .		U	
95-47-6	o-Xylene	1	. 1 .		U	
	m, p-Xylene		. 5 .		U	
	Trichlorofluoromethane		-		U	

## 2A WATER VOLATILE SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUND RECOVERY

 Lab Name:
 SPECIALIZED ASSAYS
 Contract:

 Lab Code:
 SASSAYS
 Case No.:
 SAS No.:
 SDG No.:
 117520W

ſ	EPA	SMC1	SMC2	SMC3	TOT
	SAMPLE NO.	#	#	#	OUT
01	VBLK02	109	97	95	0
02	TB-3	123	98	99	0
03	127137MS	125	100	100	0
04	127137MSD	114	98	97	0
05	CONTROL	115	98	97	0

SMC1 = 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (70-131) SMC2 = Toluene-d8 (83-115) SMC3 = Bromofluorobenzene (73-119)

# Column to be used to flag recovery values

- * Values outside of contract required QC limits
- D System Monitoring Compound diluted out

FORM BA VOLATILE MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE RECOVERY

Lap: Specialized Assays, Inc. Project: WURTSMITH BIDVENTING

Matrix Spike Sample:

SDG: 117250

QC Group: 4751

<u> </u>	Spike Added	Sample Conc	Spike Conc	% Rec	QC Limits
Benzene Chlorobenzene 1,1-Dichloroethene Toluene Trichloroethene	50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	50.0 46.0 48.0 54.0 47.0	100 92 96 108 94	58 - 135 56 - 126 58 - 138 56 - 135 52 - 143

Compound	Spike Adaea	ศรีมิ Conc	% Rec	RPD	RPD Limit	Recovery Limits
Benzene Chlorocenzene 1,1-Dichloroethene Toluene Trichloroethene	50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0	53.0 52.0 51.0 59.0 54.0	106 104 102 118 108	6 12 6 9 14	15 19 16 20 22	58 - 135 56 - 126 58 - 135 56 - 135 52 - 143

Concentration Units: ug/l

RFD: O out of 5 outside QC limits.

Spike Recoveries: O out of 10 outside QC limits.

## FORM SAa VOLATILE LABORATORY CONTROL RECOVERY

Lab: Specialized Assays, Inc. Project: WURTSMITH BIOVENTING

8DG: 117250

QC Graup: 4751

Compounc	Known Value	Conc	% ñec	QC Limits
Benzene	50	56	112	73-136
Bromopenzene	50	61	122	76-138
Bromochloromethana	50	57	114	65-145
Биолотого	50	62	124	50-146
Bromomethane	50	46	92	47-145
n-Butyloenzene	50	56	112	72-142
sec-Butyloenzene	50	53	106	65-148
t-Butylbenzene	50	51	102	74-132
Carbon tetrachlorice	50	52	104	65-134
Chloropenzene	50	52	104	72-133
Chloroethane	50	43	85	60-152
ปีกโอทอร์อห <b>ก</b>	50	68	124	75-138
Chioromethane	50	42	84	58-152
2-Chlorotoluene	50	58	116	75-137
4-Chlorotoluene	50	57	114	73-137
1,2-Diaromo-3-caloresres		56	112	70-130
Dipromochloromethane	50	57	114	60-141
1.2-Dipromoethane	50	58	116	55-142
Dipromomethane	50	60	120	70-139
1,2-Dichloropenzene	50	53	106	72-139
1.3-Dichloropenzehe	50 .	53	106	72-134
1,4-Dichloropenzene	50	51	102	74-128
Dichlorogifluoromethane	50	52	104	52-150
1,I-Dicaloroethane	50	55	112	70-142
1,2-Dichloroethane	50	61	122	73-144
1,1-Dichloroethene	50	50	100	68-141
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	50	58 - :	116	70-144
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		56	112	68-131 2011
1,2-Dichloropropane	50	57	114	74-140
1,3-Dichloroprocane	50	62 53	124	75-137
2,2-Dichiorophobane	50 50	56	106 112	58-133 70-140
1.1-Dichlaropropene	50	56 58		70-140 69-130
cis-1,3-Dichlaropropene			116 118	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropen	ie 50 50	59 54		64-133
Ethylpenzene Hexachloroputablene	50 50	56 48	112 96	71-141 58-140
	50 50	40 54	108	70-147
Isopropylaenzene	50	50 50	100	70-147 68-138
-4-Isopropyltoluena - Nethylene chloride	50 50	60 60	180	64-154
HernAraus Curoline	J()	οψ	150	04-104

FORM SAW
VOLATILE LABORATORY CONTROL RECOVERY

Lap: Specialized Assays, I	nc.	Projec	t: WURTSM	ITH BIOVENTIŅG
Nachthalene.	50	61	122	42-158
n-Propylaenzene	50	57	114	52-168
Styrene	50	54	108	<i>5</i> 8-137
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	50	54	108	67-135
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	50	63	126	64-155
Tetrachloroethene	50	50	100	69-132
Toinens	50	57	114	75-136
1.2.3-Trichloropenzene	50	55	110	48-152
1.2.4-Trichloropenzene	50	52	104	55-142
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	50	55	110	73-136
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	50	60	120	72-138
Trichloroethene	50	50	100	73-136
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	50	64	128	53-147
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	50	53	106	73-138
1,3.5-Trimethylbenzene	50	54	108	74-137
Vinyl coloride	50	44	88	54-154
Bromocicaloromethane	50	62	124	69-136
lo-Xylene	50	56	112	70-145
- wro-XAjeus - o.yaieus	50	55	110	63-156
Trichlarafluoromethane	50	48	96	66-142
. Facility of additional states		. –		

Concentration Units: ug/l

Recoveries: 0 out of 59 outside QC limits.

## VOLATILE ORGANICS - SOIL SUMMARY

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SB13-21

Matrix: Soil
% Dry Weight: 86.

Units: ug/kg dry weight Dilution Factor: 100. Analysis Method: SW8260B

Delivery Group: 117250

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127305 Date Sampled: 10/16/98 Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/18/98 Analysis Time: 11:47

Sample QC Group: 4761

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SB13-21

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight:

86.

Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127305 Date Sampled: 10/16/98 Date Received: 10/17/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	1	FL	.AG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride		233.			U
	Naphthalene		3370			
103-65-1	n-Propylbenzene		3600			
100-42-5	Styrene		233.			U
630-20-6	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane		349.			U
79-34-5	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		233.			U
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene		814.			
108-88-3	Toluene		581.			U
87-61-6	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		233.			U
120-82-1	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		233.			
71-55-6	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		465.			
79-00-5	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		581.			U
79-01-6	Trichloroethene		1160			
	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane		2330			U
	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		21900		•	
	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		7790			
	Vinyl chloride		1050			
	Bromodichloromethane		465.			
	o-Xylene		581.			U
	m, p-Xylene		22800			
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane		465.			U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

#### Sample Identification

SB11-21

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 96. Units: ug/kg dry weight

Dilution Factor: 1.

Analysis Method: SW8240B

Delivery Group: 117250

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127306 Date Sampled: 10/16/98 Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/20/98 Analysis Time: 23:46 Sample QC Group: 4761

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
	1-Chlorohexane		U
	Benzene		U
	Bromobenzene		U
	Bromochloromethane		U
	Bromoform		U
	Bromomethane		U
	n-Butylbenzene		U
	sec-Butylbenzene		U
	t-Butylbenzene		U
	Carbon tetrachloride		U
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	2.1	U
	Chloroethane		U
	Chloroform		U
	Chloromethane :		U
95-49-8	2-Chlorotoluene	2.1	U
	4-Chlorotoluene		U
	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropro	•	U
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	3.1	U
74-95-3	1,2-Dibromoethane	3.1 .	U
74-95-3	Dibromomethane	10.4	U
•	1,2-Dichlorobenzene		U
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	6.2	U
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	2.1	U
	Dichlorodifluoromethane		U
	1,1-Dichloroethane		U
	1,2-Dichloroethane		U
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	6.2	U
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	6.2	U
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethen		U
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	2.1	U
	1,3-Dichloropropane		U
594-20-7	2,2-Dichloropropane	20.8	U
563-58-6	1,1-Dichloropropene	5.2	U
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5. 2	U
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloroprope	ne . 5.2	U
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3.1	U
	Hexachlorobutadiene		U
78-82-8	Isopropylbenzene	8. 3	U
99-87-6	4-Isopropyltoluene	47. 9	
	, , ,		



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SB11-21

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 96.

Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127306 Date Sampled: 10/16/98 Date Received: 10/17/98

	CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	) F	LAG
		Methylene chloride Naphthalene		2. 1 45. 8		
	103-65-1	n-Propylbenzene		2. 1		U
•		Styrene		2. 1 3. 1		
	79-34-5	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane	٠.	2. 1		U
		Tetrachloroethene Toluene		7. 3 5. 2		
	87-61-6	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		2. 1		
		1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene 1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		2. 1 4. 2		
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane Trichloroethene		5. 2 10. 4		
	76-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		20.8		U
		1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene 1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene		315. 360.		
	75-01-4	Vinyl chloride		9. 4		U
		Bromodichloromethane		4. 2 6. 2		U
	6616	m,p-Xylene		277. 4. 2		
	/ J = 0 7 = +	. Intentoroffoorbonethane		T. =		~

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#### SPECIALIZED ASSAYS, INC.

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SB11-21

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 96.
Units: ug/kg dry weight
Dilution Factor: 100.

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117250

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127306 Date Sampled: 10/16/98 Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/18/98 Analysis Time: 12:24

Sample QC Group: 4761

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONC	ENTRATION	F	LAG
144-10-5	.i-Chlorohexane		260		-
	.Benzene		208		υ
	.Bromobenzene		208		υ
	Bromochloromethane		208.		υ
75-25-2	.Bromoform		625.		υ
74-83-9	.Bromomethane		521		υ
	n-Butylbenzene		521.		U
135-98-8	.sec-Butylbenzene		729		υ
98-06-6	.t-Butylbenzene		729		υ
54-23-5	.Carbon tetrachloride		1040 .		υ
108-90-7	.Chlorobenzene		208		υ
75-00-3	.Chloroethane		521		U
67-66-3	.Chloroform		208.		υ
74-87-3	.Chloromethane		729		U
95-49-8	.2-Chlorotoluene		208		U
106-43-4	.4-Chlorotoluene		312.		υ
96-12-8	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa	ane	104.		υ
124-48-1	. Dibromochloromethane		312		υ
74-95-3	. 1,2-Dibromoethane		312		υ
74-95-3	Dibromomethane		1040 .		υ
95-50-1	. 1,2-Dichlorobenzene		208		υ
541-73-1	. 1,3-Dichlorobenzene		625		U
106-46-7	. 1,4-Dichlorobenzene		208		υ
75-71-8	.Dichlorodifluoromethane .		521		υ
75-34-3	. 1, 1-Dichloroethane		208		υ
107-06-2	.1,2-Dichloroethane		312		υ
75-35-4	. 1, 1-Dichloroethene		625.		υ
156-59-2	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		625		U
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		312		υ
78-87-5	.1,2-Dichloropropane		208		U
	.1,3-Dichloropropane		208		υ
594-20-7	.2,2-Dichloropropane		2080 .		υ
	.1,1-Dichloropropene		521		υ
10061-01-5			521		υ
	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropen	₽.	521		υ
	. Ethylbenzene		312.		U
	. Hexachlorobutadiene		521.		Ü
98-82-8	. Isopropylbenzene				Ū
	.4-Isopropultoluene				Ũ
				- •	-

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Sample Identification

SB11-21

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight:

96.

Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127306 Date Sampled: 10/16/98 Date Received: 10/17/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	FLAG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride		208.	 . U
	Naphthalene		208.	
	n-Propylbenzene		208.	 . υ
	Styrene		208.	 . U
	i, i, i, 2-Tetrachloroethane		312.	 Ü
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		208.	 . U
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene		729.	 U
108-88-3	Toluene		521.	 υ
87-61-6	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		208.	 U
120-82-1	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		208.	 . υ
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane		417.	 . U
79-00-5	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		521.	 . U
79-01-6	Trichloroethene		1040	 . U
95-18-4	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane		2080	 . U
95-63-6	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		521.	 J
108-67-8	1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene		208.	 J
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride		938.	 . υ
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane		417.	 . U
6615	o-Xylene		521.	 . U
	m,p-Xylene			
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane		417.	 U

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Sample Identification

SB16-8

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 94. Units: ug/kg dry weight

Dilution Factor: 50.

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117250

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127307 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/22/98

Analysis Time: 22:13 Sample GC Group: 4761

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
144-10-5	.1-Chlorohexane		U
71-43-2	.Benzene	106.	U
108-86-1	. Bromobenzene	106.	U
124-48-1	.Bromochloromethane	106.	U
75-25-2	. Bromoform	319.	U
74-83-9	.Bromomethane	266.	U
104-51-8	.n-Butylbenzene	266.	U
135-98-8	.sec-Butylbenzene	372.	U
	.t-Butylbenzene		U
	.Carbon tetrachloride		U
108-90-7	.Chlorobenzene	106.	U
75-00-3	.Chloroethane	266.	U
67-66-3	.Chloroform	106.	U
	.Chloromethane		U
95-49-8	.2-Chlorotoluene	106.	U
	.4-Chlorotoluene		U
	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloroprop		U
	. Dibromochloromethane		U
	. 1, 2-Dibromoethane		U
	. Dibromomethane		U
	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene		Ū
	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene		Ū
	. 1, 4-Dichlorobenzene	• •	
	. Dichlorodifluoromethane .		U
	. 1, 1-Dichloroethane		Ū
	.1,2-Dichloroethane		U
	. 1, 1-Dichloroethene		U
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	. trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	. 1, 2-Dichloropropane		U
	. 1, 3-Dickloropropane		U
	. 2, 2-Dichloropropane		U
	. 1, 1-Dichloropropene		U
	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		U
	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		U
			U
	Ethylbenzene		–
	. Isopropylbenzene		U
77-8/-6	.4-Isopropyltoluene	851.	



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Sample Identification

SB16-8

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 94. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A127307 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	FLAG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride		106.	 . U
	Naphthalene		106.	
103-65-1	n-Propylbenzene		106.	 . U
100-42-5	Styrene		106.	 . U
630-20-6	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane		i60.	 . U
79-34-5	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane	٠.	106.	 . U
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene		372.	 . U
108-88-3	Toluene		266.	 . U
87-61-6	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		106.	 . U
120-82-1	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		106.	 . U
71-55-6	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		213.	 . U
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		266.	 . U
79-01-6	Trichloroethene		532.	 . U
96-18-4	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane		1060	 . U
95-63-6	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		2230	 •
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		5050	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride		479.	 . U
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane			 . U
	o-Xylene			 •
	m, p-Xylene			
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane		213.	 . U



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#### Sample Identification

SB16-21

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 87. Units: ug/kg dry weight Dilution Factor: 1000 Analysis Method: SW8260B

Delivery Group: 117250

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127308 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/18/98 Analysis Time: 13:36 Sample QC Group: 4761

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATI	ON F	LAG
144-10-5	1-Chlorohexane	2870		U
	Benzene			-
	Bromobenzene			_
	Bromochloromethane			_
	Bromoform			Ü
	Bromomethane			-
	n-Butylbenzene			U
135-98-8	sec-Butylbenzene	8050		Ü
98-06-6	t-Butylbenzene	8050		U
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	11500		Ü
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	2300		บ
	Chloroethane			Ŭ
	Chloroform			Ü
	Chloromethane			U
	2-Chlorotoluene			Ü
	4-Chlorotoluene			Ü
76-12-8	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa	ne 1150		Ü
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	3450		Ü
74-95-3	1,2-Dibromoethane	3450		Ü
	Dibromomethane			Ü
	1,2-Dichlorobenzene			Ü
	1,3-Dichlorobenzene			Ü
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	2300		Ü
	Dichlorodifluoromethane .			Ü
	1, 1-Dichloroethane			Ü
	1,2-Dichloroethane			Ü
75-35-4	1, 1-Dichloroethene	6900		Ú
	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene			U .
	trans-1, 2-Dichloroethene			Ü
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	2300		U
142-28-9	1,3-Dichloropropane	2300		Ü
594-20-7	2, 2-Dichloropropane	23000		U
563-58-6	1, 1-Dichloropropene	5750		U ·
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5750		U
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	. 5750		_
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	116000		Ü
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	5750	• • • •	
58-82-8	Isopropylbenzene	3/30		U
99-87-4	4-Isopropyltoluene	25300		00010=
., 9, 9	- rachtohdicoineus	18400		000123
	,			



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Sample Identification

SB16-21

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 87. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A127308 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	1	FLAG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	2300		U
	Naphthalene			
	n-Propylbenzene			•
	Styrene			U
	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane			U
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane			U
	Tetrachloroethene			U
	Toluene			U
	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene			U
	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			U
	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane			. U
	1,1,2-Trichloroethane			. U
	Trichloroethene			. U
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane			. U
	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene			E
	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene			
	Vinyl chloride			. U
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	4600		. U
6615	o-Xylene	131000		
6616	.m.p-Xylene	444000		
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	4600		U



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#### Sample Identification

SB16-21

Matrix: Soil
% Dry Weight: 87.
Units: ug/kg dry weight
Dilution Factor: 5000
Analysis Method: SW8260B
Delivery Group: 117250

Delivery Group: Instrument: HP-2 Lab Sample ID: 98-A127308
Date Sampled: 10/15/98
Date Received: 10/17/98
Analysis Date: 10/21/98
Analysis Time: 0:22

Sample QC Group: 4761

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION FLAG	3
144-10-5 71-43-2 108-86-1 124-48-1 75-25-2 74-83-9 104-51-8 135-98-8 98-06-6 56-23-5 108-90-7 75-00-3 67-66-3 74-87-3 95-49-8 106-43-4 96-12-8	. 1-Chlorohexane . Benzene . Bromobenzene . Bromochloromethane . Bromomethane . n-Butylbenzene . sec-Butylbenzene . t-Butylbenzene . Carbon tetrachloride . Chlorobenzene . Chlorotoluene . 2-Chlorotoluene . 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropro	14400 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 28700 U 28700 U 28700 U 40200 U 40200 U 57500 U 11500 U 28700 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U	
96-12-8 124-48-1 74-95-3 74-95-3 95-50-1 541-73-1 106-46-7 75-71-8 75-34-3 107-06-2 75-35-4 156-59-2 156-60-5 78-87-5 142-28-9 594-20-7 563-58-6 10061-01-5 10061-02-6		Dane 5750 U 17200 U 17200 U 57500 U 57500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 11500 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U 17200 U	
87-68-3 98-82-8	.HexachlorobutadieneIsopropylbenzene4-Isopropyltoluene	28700 U	į

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Sample Identification

SB16-21

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight:

87.

Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127308 Date Sampled: 10/15/98

Date Received: 10/17/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	F	LAG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride		11500 .		U
	Naphthalene		51700 .		
103-45-1	n-Propylbenzene		46000 .		
100-42-5	Styrene		11500 .		U
630-20-6 :	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		17200 .		U
79-34-5	.1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethans		11500 .		U
127-18-4	.Tetrachloroethene				
108-88-3	Toluene				
87-61-6	. 1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene				
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene				
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane		23000 .		U
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane				
	Trichloroethene			· · · ·	
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane				U
	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene				
	.1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene				
	.Vinyl chloride				
	Bromodichloromethane			· · · ·	
	.o-Xylene	• •	-		
	.m,p-Xylene				
75-69-4	.Trichlorofluoromethane		23000		U

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#### Sample Identification

SB14-21

Matrix: Soil
% Dry Weight: 87.
Units: ug/kg dry weight
Dilution Factor: 1000
Analysis Method: SW8260B

Delivery Group: 117250

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127309 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/18/98 Analysis Time: 14:13 Sample QC Group: 4761

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FL	.AG
144-10-5	.1-Chlorohexane	2870		υ
	.Benzene			
	.Bromobenzene			U
	.Bromochloromethane			υ
	.Bromoform			U
	. Bromomethane			υ
	.n-Butylbenzene			υ
	.sec-Butylbenzene			υ
	.t-Butylbenzene			υ
	.Carbon tetrachloride			U
	. Chlorobenzene			U
	. Chloroethane			υ
	.Chloroform			υ
	. Chloromethane			υ
	.2-Chlorotoluene			U
	.4-Chlorotoluene			υ
	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa			υ
	. Dibromochloromethane			U
	. 1, 2-Dibromoethane			U
	. Dibromomethane			U
95-50-1	. 1, 2-Dichlorobenzene	2300		U
541-73-1	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene	6900		υ
	. 1, 4-Dichlorobenzene			U
75-71-8	.Dichlorodifluoromethane .	5750		υ
75-34-3	. 1, 1-Dichloroethane	2300		U
	. 1, 2-Dichloroethane			υ
	. 1, 1-Dichloroethene			U
156-59-2	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	6900		υ
156-60-5	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	3450		υ
78-87-5	. 1, 2-Dichloropropane	2300		U
	.1,3-Dichloropropane			U
	.2,2-Dichloropropane			U
	. 1, 1-Dichloropropene			U
	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .			υ
	. trans-1,3-Dichloropropen			υ
	. Ethylbenzene			
	. Hexachlorobutadiene			υ
	. Isopropylbenzene			
	.4-Isopropyltoluene			000
	· ·			000



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

SB14-21

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight:

87.

Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127309 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98

•					
CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	1	FLAG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride		2300		υ
	Naphthalene		27600		
	n-Propylbenzene		28700		
	Styrene		2300		υ
630-20-6	. 1, í, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane		3450		U
	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		2300		U
	.Tetrachloroethene		8050		U
	.Toluene		5750		U
	. 1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		2300		υ
	. 1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		5300		· U
	. 1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		4600		U
79-00-5	. 1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		5750		· U
	.Trichloroethene		11500		U
	. 1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane		23000		U
95-63-6	. 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		198000		
108-67-8	. 1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene		69000		•
	.Vinyl chloride		10300		Ü
75-27-4	.Bromodichloromethane		4600		. υ
	.o-Xylene		5750		. υ
	.m.p-Xylene		282000		
	. Trichlorofluoromethane		4600		. υ

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#### Sample Identification

SB26-21

Matrix: Soil 87. % Dry Weight: Units: ug/kg dry weight Dilution Factor: 1000 Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group:

Instrument: HP-2

117250

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127310 10/15/98 Date Sampled: Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/18/98 Analysis Time: 15:51 Sample QC Group: 4761

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
	.1-Chlorohexane		U
	.Benzene		U
	.Bromobenzene		U
	.Bromochloromethane		U
	.Bromoform		U
74-83-9	.Bromomethane		U
104-51-8	.n-Butylbenzene	5750	U
135-98-8	.sec-Butylbenzene	8050	U
98-06-6	. t-Butylbenzene	8050	U
56-23-5	.Carbon tetrachloride	11500	U
108-90-7	.Chlorobenzene	2300	U
75-00-3	.Chloroethane	5750	U
67-66-3	.Chloroform	2300	U
	.Chloromethane		U
	.2-Chlorotoluene		U
	.4-Chlorotoluene		U
	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa		U
	. Dibromochloromethane		U
	. 1, 2-Dibromoethane		U
	. Dibromomethane		U
	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene		U
	. 1, 3-Dichlorobenzene		U
	. 1, 4-Dichlorobenzene		U
	. Dichlorodifluoromethane .		U
	. 1, 1-Dichloroethane		U
	.1,2-Dichloroethane		U
	. 1, 1-Dichloroethene		U
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		Ü
	. trans-1, 2-Dichloroethene		U
	.1,2-Dichloropropane		U
	.1,3-Dichloropropane		U
	.2,2-Dichloropropane		U
	. 1, 1-Dichloropropene		U
	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		U
	. trans-1,3-Dichloropropens		U
	. Ethylbenzene		
	.Hexachlorobutadiene		U
	. Isopropylbenzene		U
	. 4-Isopropyltoluene		
77-0/-0	. +- isobrobditoineus	14700	

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#### Sample Identification

SB26-21

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight:

87.

Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127310 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCEN.	TRATION	FLAG
75-09-2	.Methylene chloride	2	300	. U
91-20-3	.Naphthalene	34	4500	
	.n-Propylbenzene		7900	
	.Styrene		300	. U
	. 1, ĺ, 1,2-Tetrachloroethane		450	. U
	. 1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		300	. U
127-18-4	.Tetrachloroethene	80	350	. U
108-88-3	. Toluene	5	750	. U
	. 1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		300	. U
120-82-1	. 1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene	23	300	. U
	. 1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		500	. U
79-00-5	. 1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane	5	750	. U
79-01-6	.Trichloroethene	1	1500	. U
96-18-4	.1,2,3-Trichloropropane	2:	3000	. U
95-63-6	. 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene	2	18000	
108-67-8	. 1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene	7	7000	•
75-01-4	.Vinyl chloride	10	0300	. U
75-27-4	.Bromodichloromethane	4	500	. U
6615	.o-Xylene	1	5,9000	
6616	.m,p-Xylene			. E
75-69-4	. Trichlorofluoromethane	4	500	. U



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#### Sample Identification

SB26-21

Matrix: Soil
% Dry Weight: 87.
Units: ug/kg dry weight
Dilution Factor: 2500
Analysis Method: SW8260B
Delivery Group: 117250

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127310 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/21/98 Analysis Time: 0:58 Sample QC Group: 4761

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTR	ATION	FL	_AG
144-10-5	1-Chlorohexane	718	0		υ
	Benzene		0		υ
	Bromobenzene		0		U
	Bromochloromethane		0		U
	Bromoform		00		U
	Bromomethane		00		U
	n-Butylbenzene		00		U
	sec-Butylbenzene		00		U
	t-Butylbenzene		00		U
	Carbon tetrachloride		00		U
	Chlorobenzene		0		υ
	Chloroethane		00		U
	Chloroform		0		U
	Chloromethane		00		U
	2-Chlorotoluene		0		U
	4-Chlorotoluene		0		U
	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa		О		U
	Dibromochloromethane		0		υ
74-95-3	1,2-Dibromoethane	862	0:		U
74-95-3	Dibromomethane	287	00		U
95-50-1	1.2-Dichlorobenzene	575	Ο		U .
	1,3-Dichlorobenzene		00		U
	1,4-Dichlorobenzene		0		U
	Dichlorodifluoromethane .		00		U
	1,1-Dichloroethane		0		U
	1,2-Dichloroethane		0		U
	1,1-Dichloroethene		00		U
	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		00		υ
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene			• •	U
	1,2-Dichloropropane		_	• •	U
142-28-9	1,3-Dichloropropane	575			U
	2,2-Dichloropropane				U
	1,1-Dichloropropene				U
	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .				U
	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene				U
	Ethylbenzene				
	.Hexachlorobutadiene				U
	Isopropylbenzene				U
99-87-6	4-Isopropyltoluene	115	000	• •	3000130
•		•			000130

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

#### Sample Identification

SB26-21

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127310

Date Sampled:

10/15/98

Date Received: 10/17/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENT	RATION	FLAG
	. Methylene chloride			. U
	.Naphthalene		000	
	.n-Propylbenzene		000	
	.Styrene			. U
630-20-6	.i,i,i,2-Tetrachloroethane	86	20	. υ
79-34-5	.i,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	57	50	. υ
127-18-4	.Tetrachloroethene	20	100	. U
108-88-3	. Toluene	14-	100 :	. U
87-61-6	.1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	573	50	. υ
120-82-1 :	. 1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene	57	50	. U
71-55-6	. 1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane	11	500	. υ
79-00-5	. 1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane	14	004	. υ
79-01-6	.Trichloroethene	281	700	. U
96-18-4	. 1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane	57	500	. υ
95-63-6	. 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene	14	7000	
108-67-8	. 1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene	51	700	
75-01-4	.Vinyl chloride	25	700	. υ
75-27-4	. Bromodichloromethane	11	500	. U
6615	.o-Xylene	80	500	
	.m.p-Xylene		7000	•
	. Trichlorofluoromethane		500	. υ

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SB14-12

Matrix: Soil

86. % Dry Weight: Units: ug/kg dry weight Dilution Factor: 100.

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group:

117250

Date Sampled:

10/15/98

Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/21/98 Analysis Time: 1:34

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127311

Sample QC Group: 4761

Instrument: HF-2

******	CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	F	LAG
	144-10-5	.1-Chlorohexane			υ
	71-43-2	. Benzene	233		υ
	108-86-1	Bromobenzene	233		U
	124-48-1	Bromochloromethane	233		U
	75-25-2	Bromoform	698		U
	74-83-9	Bromomethane	581		υ
		n-Butulbenzene			U
	135-98-8	sec-Butylbenzene	814		U
	98-06-6	t-Butylbenzene	814		U
	54-23-5	.Carbon tetrachloride	1160 .		U
	108-90-7	.Chlorobenzene	233		U
	75-00-3	.Chloroethane	581		U
	67-66-3	Chloroform	233		υ
	74-87-3	.Chloromethane	814		υ
	95-49-8	.2-Chlorotoluene			υ
	106-43-4	.4-Chlorotoluene	349		U
	96-12-8	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa			U
	124-48-1	.Dibromochloromethane	349		υ
		. 1, 2-Dibromoethane			υ
	74-95-3	.Dibromomethane	1160 .		U
	95-50-1	. 1, 2-Dichlorobenzene	233		U
		.1,3-Dichlorobenzene			U
		.1,4-Dichlorobenzene	233		U
					υ
		.1,1-Dichloroethane			U
		.1,2-Dichloroethane			U
		.1,1-Dichloroethene			U
		.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene			U
		.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene			υ
		.1,2-Dichloropropane			U
		.1,3-Dichloropropane			U
		.2,2-Dichloropropane			U
		.1,1-Dichloropropene			U
		·			
		.trans-1,3-Dichloropropen			U
		.Ethylbenzene			
		.Hexachlorobutadiene			U
		.Isopropylbenzene			_
	99-87-6	.4-Isopropyltoluene	465		J



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SB14-12

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight:

86.

Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127311 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	F	FLAG
75-09-2	.Methylene chloride	233.		υ
91-20-3	.Naphthalene	581.		
103-65-1	.n-Propylbenzene	698.		
100-42-5	.Styrene	233.		υ
630-20-6	.i,i,i,2-Tetrachloroethane	349.		U
79-34-5	. 1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane	e . 233		U
127-18-4	.Tetrachloroethene	814.		υ
108-88-3	.Toluene	5B1.		υ
87-61-6	. 1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene	233.		υ
120-82-1	. 1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene	233.		υ
71-55-6	.i,1,1-Trichloroethane	465.		υ
79-00-5	. 1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane	,. 581.		U
79-01-6	.Trichloroethene	1160		U
96-18-4	. 1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane	2330 .		υ
95-63-6	. 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene	4650		
108-67-8	. 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1980		
75-01-4	.Vinyl chloride	1050		U
75-27-4	.Bromodichloromethane	465.		υ
6615	.o-Xylene	581.		υ
6616	.m.p-Xylene			
75-69-4	. Trichlorofluoromethane	465.	<i>.</i>	U

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#### Sample Identification

SB12-22

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 86. Units: ug/kg dry weight

Dilution Factor: 1.

Analysis Method: SW8260B

Delivery Group: 117250

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127312 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/18/98 Analysis Time: 17:04 Sample QC Group: 4761

#### FORM I

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
	.i-Chlorohexane		U
	.Benzene		U
	.Bromobenzene		U
	.Bromochloromethane		U
	.Bromoform		U
	.Bromomethane		U
	.n-Butylbenzene		U
	.sec-Butylbenzene		U
	.t-Butylbenzene		U
	.Carbon tetrachloride		U
	.Chlorobenzene		U
	.Chloroethane		U
	.Chloroform		U
	.Chloromethane		U
	.2-Chlorotoluene		U
	.4-Chlorotoluene		U
	.1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa		U
	.Dibromochloromethane		U
	.1,2-Dibromoethane		U
	.Dibromomethane		U
	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene		U
	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene		U
	.1,4-Dichlorobenzene		U
	.Dichlorodifluoromethane .		U
	.1,1-Dichloroethane		U
	.1,2-Dichloroethane		U
	.1,1-Dichloroethene		U
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	.1,2-Dichloropropane		U
	.1,3-Dichloropropane		U
	.2,2-Dichloropropane		U
	.1,1-Dichloropropene		U
	.cis-1.3-Dichloropropene		U
	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropen		U
	.Ethylbenzene		
	.Hexachlorobutadiene		U
	. Isopropylbenzene		
99-87-6	.4-Isopropyltoluene	7. 0	

000134



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

#### Sample Identification

SB12-22

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight:

% Dry Weight: 86. Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127312 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98

	CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	F	LAG
	75-09-2	.Methylene chloride		2. 3		U
	91-20-3	Naphthalene				
	103-65-1	n-Propylbenzene		24. 4		
	100-42-5	Styrene		2. 3		U
	630-20-6	. i, i, i, 2-Tetrachloroethane		3. 5		U
		. 1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		2. 3		U
		.Tetrachloroethene		8. 1		U
	108-88-3	.Toluene		5. 8		U
		. 1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		2. 3		U
	120-82-1	. 1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		2. 3		U
	71-55-6	. 1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		4. 7		U
	79-00-5	. 1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		5.8		U
	79-01-6	.Trichloroethene		11.6		U
	96-18-4	. 1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane		23. 3		U
	95-63-6	. 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		123.		
	108-67-8	. 1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene		23. 3		
٠	75-01-4	.Vinyl chloride		10.5		U
	75-27-4	.Bromodichloromethane		4. 7		U
	6615	.o-Xylene		3,5		J
	6616	.m.p-Xylene		414.		
	75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane		4. 7		U

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Sample Identification

SB17-26

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 96. Units: ug/kg dry weight

Dilution Factor: 1.

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117250

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127313
Date Sampled: 10/15/98
Date Received: 10/17/98
Analysis Date: 10/21/98
Analysis Time: 2:47

Sample QC Group: 4761

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
71-43-2 108-86-1 124-48-1 75-25-2 74-83-9 104-51-8 135-98-8 98-06-6	1-Chlorohexane Benzene Bromobenzene Bromochloromethane Bromoform Bromomethane n-Butylbenzene t-Butylbenzene t-Butylbenzene	2. 1 2. 1 2. 1 5. 2 5. 2 7. 3 7. 3	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	2.1 5.2 2.1 7.3	. U . U . U
106-43-4	.2-Chlorotoluene	3. 1 ane 1. 0 3. 1	. U . U
74-95-3	Dibromomethane	10.4 2.1 6.2 2.1	. U
75-34-3	Dichlorodifluoromethane	2. 1	. U
78-87-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene 1,2-Dichloropropane 1,3-Dichloropropane 2,2-Dichloropropane 1,1-Dichloropropene	2. 1 20.8	. U
10061-01-5		5.2 5.2 3.1 5.2	. U . U . U



2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177 Sample Identification

SB17-26

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight:

96.

Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127313 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	1	FLAG
	Methylene chloride			
91-20-3	Naphthalene			
	n-Propulbenzene			U
	Styrene			U
	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane			υ
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane			υ
	Tetrachloroethene			U
	Toluene			υ
	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene			U
	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			υ
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane			υ
	1,1,2-Trichloroethane			U
	Trichloroethene			U
	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane			υ
	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene			U
	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene			U
	Vinyl chloride			υ
	Bromodichloromethane			U
6615	o-Xylene	5. 2		υ
	.m,p-Xylene			υ
75-69-4	.Trichlorofluoromethane	4.2		U

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# Sample Identification

SB15-22

Matrix: Soil

90. % Dry Weight: Units: ug/kg dry weight

Dilution Factor: 5.

Analysis Method: SW8260B

Instrument: HP-2

Delivery Group: 117250

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127314 10/15/98 Date Sampled: Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/21/98 Analysis Time: 3:24

Sample QC Group: 4761

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
144-10-5 71-43-2 108-86-1 124-48-1 75-25-2 74-83-9 104-51-8 135-98-8 98-06-6 56-23-5 108-90-7 75-00-3 67-66-3 74-87-3 95-49-8 106-43-4 96-12-8 124-48-1 74-95-3 74-95-3 74-95-3 75-31-1 106-46-7 75-71-8 75-34-3 107-06-2 75-35-4 156-59-2 156-60-5 78-87-5 142-28-9 594-20-7 563-58-6	1-Chlorohexane Benzene Bromobenzene Bromochloromethane Bromoform Bromomethane n-Butylbenzene sec-Butylbenzene carbon tetrachloride Chlorobenzene Chlorotoluene chlorotoluene 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloroprope Dibromochloromethane 1,2-Dibromoethane 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,1-Dichlorotene 1,2-Dichlorotene 1,2-Dichlorotene 1,2-Dichlorotene 1,3-Dichlorotene 1,3-Dichlorotene 1,3-Dichlorotene 1,1-Dichlorotene 1,1-Dichlorotethane 1,1-Dichlorotethane 1,2-Dichlorotethane 1,1-Dichlorotethane 1,1-Dichlorotethane 1,1-Dichlorotethane 1,1-Dichlorotethane 1,1-Dichlorotethane 1,1-Dichlorotethane 1,1-Dichlorotethane 1,1-Dichlorotethane 1,1-Dichlorotethane 1,1-Dichlorotethane 1,1-Dichloropropane 1,1-Dichloropropane	13. 9 11. 1 11. 1 11. 1 33. 3 27. 8 27. 8 27. 8 38. 9 38. 9 11. 1 27. 8 11. 1 38. 9 11. 1 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 16. 7 17. 1	
594-20-7	.2,2-Dichloropropane	111 27.8 27.8 27.8 27.8 27.8 27.8	U

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Sample Identification

SB15-22

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: Units: ug/kg dry weight

Date Sampled:

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127314 10/15/98

Date Received: 10/17/98

CAS NUMBER AN	ALYTE	CONCENTRATION	F	LAG
75-09-2Me	thylene chloride	11.1		U
91-20-3 Na	phthalene	55. 6		
103-65-1n-	Propylbenzene	172.		
	yrene			
630-20-6	1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethane			U
79-34-5	1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane	. 11.1		U
127-18-4 Te	trachloroethene	38. 9		U
108-88-3To	luene	27.8		U
87-61-6	2,3-Trichlorobenzene	11.1		U
120-82-1	2,4-Trichlorobenzene	11.1		U
71-55-6	1.1-Trichloroethane	22. 2		U
79-00-5	1,2-Trichloroethane	27.8		U
79-01-6Tr	ichloroethene	55.6		U
96-18-4	2.3-Trichloropropane	111.		U
95-63-6 1,	2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1060		
108-67-8	3.5-Trimethylbenzene	422.		
	nyl chloride			U
75-27-4Er	omodichloromethane	22. 2		U
6615	Xylene			U
6616m,	p-Xylene			
75-69-4 Tr	ichlorofluoromethane	22. 2		U

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Sample Identification

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127315

SB15-10-12

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 97. Units: ug/kg dry weight

Dilution Factor: 5.

Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117250

Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98

Analysis Date: 10/21/98 Analysis Time: 4:00 Sample QC Group: 4761

Instrument: HP-2

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	7	FLAG
144-10-5	.1-Chlorohexane	12.9 .		υ
	Benzene		:	U
108-86-1 7	.Bromobenzene	10.3 .		υ
124-48-1	Bromochloromethane	10.3 .		U
75-25-2	Bromoform	30.9 .		υ
74-83-9	Bromomethane	25.8 .		U
104-51-8	n-Butylbenzene	25.8 .		U
135-98-8	sec-Butylbenzene	36.1 .		U
98-06-6	t-Butylbenzene	36.1 .		υ
	Carbon tetrachloride			-
	Chlorobenzene			_
	Chloroethane			U
	Chloroform			U
	Chloromethane			_
	2-Chlorotoluene	£.		υ
	4-Chlorotoluene			υ
	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa			· U
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane			. U
	.1,2-Dibromoethane			_
	Dibromomethane			_
	1,2-Dichlorobenzene			_
	.1,3-Dichlorobenzene			_
	.1,4-Dichlorobenzene			
	Dichlorodifluoromethane .			_
	1,1-Dichloroethane			
	.1,2-Dichloroethane			_
	1,1-Dichloroethene			_
	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene			_
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene			. U
	.1,2-Dichloropropane			
	.1,3-Dichloropropane			_
	.2,2-Dichloropropane			
	.1,1-Dichloropropene			-
	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .			. U
	.trans-1,3-Dichloropropen			. υ
	.Ethylbenzene			_
	.Hexachlorobutadiene			. υ
	.Isopropylbenzene			_
99-87-6	.4-Isopropyltoluene	30.9 .		. U



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Sample Identification

SB15-10-12

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 97. Units: ug/kg dry weight Lab Sample ID: 98-A127315 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENT	RATION	FLAG
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	10	). 3	 . υ
	Naphthalene		). 3	 . U
	n-Propylbenzene		. 3 .	 . υ
	Styrene		. 3	 . υ
	.i,i,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		5. 5	 . υ
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		). 3	 . υ
	Tetrachloroethene		. 1	 . υ
	Toluene		. 8	 . υ
	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		). 3	 . υ
	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		. 3	 . U
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane		). 6	 . υ
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	25	. 8	 . U
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	51	. 5	 . υ
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		3.	 . υ
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	36	s. 1	 •
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	10	). 3	 . J
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	46	. 4	 . υ
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	20	). 6	 . U
6615	o-Xylene	25	. 8	 . U
6616	.m,p-Xylene	15	5. 5	 •
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	20	). 6	 . υ

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### Sample Identification

SB10-23

Matrix: Soil
% Dry Weight: 89.
Units: ug/kg dry weight
Dilution Factor: 100.
Analysis Method: SW8260B

Delivery Group: 117250

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127316 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/18/98 Analysis Time: 19:28

Sample QC Group: 4761

	CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
	144-10-5	1-Chlorohexane	281	U
	71-43-2	. Benzene	225	U
	108-86-1	Bromobenzene	225	U
		Bromochloromethane		U
	75-25-2	Bromoform	674	U
	74-83-9	Bromomethane	562	U
	104-51-8	n-Butylbenzene	562	U
	135-98-8	sec-Butylbenzene	787	U
		t-Butylbenzene		U
	56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1120	U
•	108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	225	U
	75-00-3	Chloroethane	562	U
	67-66-3	Chloroform	225	U
	74-87-3	Chloromethane	787	U
	95-49-8	2-Chlorotoluene	225	U
	106-43-4	4-Chlorotoluene	337	U
	96-12-8	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa	ane 112	U
	124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	337	U
	74-95-3	1,2-Dibromoethane	337	U
	74-95-3	Dibromomethane	1120	U
	95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	225	U
		1,3-Dichlorobenzene		U
		1,4-Dichlorobenzene		U
		Dichlorodifluoromethane .		U
		1,1-Dichloroethane		U
		1,2-Dichloroethane		U
		1,1-Dichloroethene		U
		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
		1,2-Dichloropropane		U
		1,3-Dichloropropane		U
		2,2-Dichloropropane		
		1,1-Dichloropropene		
		.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .		
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropens		U
		Ethylbenzene		
		.Hexachlorobutadiene		U
		. Isopropylbenzene		
	99-87-6	.4-Isopropyltoluene	2130	
				'



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Sample Identification

SB10-23

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight:

89.

Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127316 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	F	FLAG
	Methylene chloride	• •			
	Naphthalene				
	n-Propylbenzene				
	Styrene				
630-20-6	1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethans				
79-34-5	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane				
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene				
108-88-3	Toluene		562.		U
87-61-6	1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene		225.		U
120-62-1	1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		225.		U
	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		449.		U
	1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane		562.		U
79-01-6	Trichloroethene		1120		U
76-18-4	1, 2, 3-Trichloropropane		2250		U
	1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene		34900		E
	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		12200		
	Vinyl chloride		1010		U
	Bromodichloromethane		449.		U
	o-Xylene		562.		U
	m,p-Xylene		42600		
	Trichlorofluoromethane				U

1960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

# Sample Identification

SB10-23

Matrix: Soil % Dry Weight: 89. Units: ug/kg dry weight

Dilution Factor: 1000 Analysis Method: SW8260B Delivery Group: 117250

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127316 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/21/98 Analysis Time: 4:37

Sample QC Group: 4761

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
144-10-5	1-Chlorohexane		υ
71-43-2	Benzene	2250 .	U
	Bromobenzene		U
	Bromochloromethane		U
75-25-2	Bromoform	6740 .	U
74-83-9	Bromomethane	5620 .	U
104-51-8	n-Butylbenzene	5620 .	U
135-98-8	sec-Butylbenzene	7870 .	U
	t-Butylbenzene		U
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	11200	U
108-70-7	Chlorobenzene	2250 .	U
75-00-3	Chloroethane	5620	υ
67-66-3	Chloroform	2250	υ
74-87-3	Chloromethane	7870	υ
	2-Chlorotoluene		υ
	4-Chlorotoluene		U
	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropa		υ
	Dibromochloromethane		υ
	1,2-Dibromoethane		υ
	Dibromomethane		υ
	.1,2-Dichlorobenzene		U
	. 1,3-Dichlorobenzene		υ
104-44-7	. 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	2250	U
	. Dichlorodifluoromethane		υ
	. 1, 1-Dichloroethane		υ
107-04-7	. 1,2-Dichloroethane	3370	Ū
	. 1, 1-Dichloroethene		Ū
/J-3J-4	.cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	.trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		U
	. 1,2-Dichloropropane		U
/8-8/-3	.1,3-Dichloropropane	2250	U
142-28-7	.1,3-bichloropropane .2,2-Dichloropropane	22500	U
			U
	. 1, 1-Dichloropropene		
	.cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		
	. trans-1,3-Dichloropropen		
	. Ethylbenzene		
	.Hexachlorobutadiene		U
	. Isopropylbenzene	8990	0
99-87-4	.4-Isopropyltoluene	<i>6</i> 740	0 <u>ď</u>

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

SB10-23

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight:

89.

Units: ug/kg dry weight

Lab Sample ID: 98-A127316 Date Sampled: 10/15/98 Date Received: 10/17/98

	CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRATION	FL	.AG
	75-09-2	Methylene chloride		2250		U
•	91-20-3	Naphthalene		3370		
	103-65-1	n-Propylbenzene		3370	 .•	
	100-42-5	Styrene		2250		υ
	630-20-6	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		3370		U
		1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethane		2250		U
	127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene		7870		U
	108-88-3	Toluene		5620		U
	87-61-6	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		2250		U
	120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		2250		IJ
	71-55-6	1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		4490		U
	79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		5620		υ
	79-01-6	Trichloroethene		11200		U
	96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		22500		U
		1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		18000		
	108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		6740	 •	
		Vinyl chloride				
	75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane		4490		U
		o-Xylene		5620		U
		m,p-Xylene		20200		
	75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane		4490		U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

# Sample Identification

BLANK

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 100

Units: UG/KG

Dilution Factor: 1

Analysis Method: SW8260B

Delivery Group: 117250

Instrument: HP-2

Lab Sample ID: BLANK

Date Sampled: 10/16/98 Date Received: 10/17/98 Analysis Date: 10/18/98

Analysis Time: 10:35 Sample QC Group: 4761

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCENTRATION	FLAG
71-43-2 108-86-1 124-48-1 75-25-2 74-83-9 104-51-8 135-98-8 98-06-6 56-23-5 108-90-7 75-00-3 67-66-3 74-87-3 95-49-8 106-43-4 96-12-8 124-48-1 74-95-3 74-95-3 75-50-1 541-73-1 106-46-7 75-71-8 75-34-3 107-06-2 75-35-4 156-59-2 156-60-5 78-87-5 142-28-9 594-20-7 563-58-6 10061-01-5 10061-02-6	Benzene  Bromobenzene  Bromochloromethane  Bromoform  Bromomethane  n-Butylbenzene  ce-Butylbenzene  chlorobenzene  chlorobenzene  chloroform  chloroform  chloromethane  1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropene  1,3-Dichlorobenzene  1,2-Dibromoethane  1,2-Dibromoethane  1,2-Dichlorobenzene  1,3-Dichlorobenzene  1,3-Dichlorobenzene  1,4-Dichlorobenzene  1,4-Dichlorobenzene  1,2-Dichloroethane  1,2-Dichloroethane  1,2-Dichloroethane  1,2-Dichloroethane  1,2-Dichloroethane  1,2-Dichloroethane  1,2-Dichloroethane  1,2-Dichloroethane  1,2-Dichloroethane  1,2-Dichloroethane  1,2-Dichloroethane  1,2-Dichloroethane  1,1-Dichloroethane  1,2-Dichloroethane  1,2-Dichloroethane  1,1-Dichloropropane  1,3-Dichloropropane  1,3-Dichloropropane  1,3-Dichloropropane  1,1-Dichloropropane  1,1-Dichloropropane	2. 0	
100-41-4 67-68-3 98-62-8 99-87-6	trans-1,3-DichloroproperEthylbenzene	3.0 5.0 8.0 6.0	. U

2960 Foster Creighton Dr. P.O. Box 40566 Nashville, TN 37204-0566 Phone 1-615-726-0177

Sample Identification

BLANK

Matrix: Soil

% Dry Weight: 100

Units: UG/KG

Lab Sample ID: BLANK 10/16/98 Date Sampled:

Date Received: 10/17/98

CAS NUMBER	ANALYTE	CONCE	NTRAT	ION	FLAG
01_70_7	.Naphthalene		2. 0		U
	.n-Propylbenzene		2.0		U
	.Styrene		2. 0		
430-30-4	. 1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrachloroethan	 ¤	3.0		
	. 1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloroethan		2. 0		
	. Tetrachloroethene		7. 0		
	. Toluene		5. 0		
	.1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		2.0		
	. 1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene		2.0		
74 == /	. 1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane		4. 0		
			5. 0		
	. 1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane				
	.Trichloroethene		10.0		
96-18-4	.1,2,3-Trichloropropane .		20.0		
95-63-6	.1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene .		7. O		
108-67-8	.1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene .		3.0		U
	.Vingl chloride		9.0		U
	. Bromodichloromethane		4.0		U
	.o-Xylene		5. 0		U
6616	.m,p-Xylene	·	3, 0		
75-69-4	. Trichlorofluoromethane .		4. 0		

# 2B SOIL VOLATILE SYSTEM MONITORING COMPOUND RECOVERY

Lab Name:	SPECIALIZE	D ASSAYS	Contract:			
Lab Code:	SASSAYS	Case No.:	SAS No.:	SDG No.:	117250	
Level: (low/n	ned) LOW					

,					
	EPA	SMC1	SMC2	SMC3	TOT
d	SAMPLE NO.	#	#	#	OUT
01	VBLK02	106	101	101	0
02	SB13-21	99	101	113	0
03	SB11-21	99	104	97	0
04	SB16-21	102	101	96	0
05	SB14-21	100	99	102	0
06	SB26-21	97	98	66	0
07	SB12-22	107	100	98	0
08	SB15-22	98	99	99	0
09	SB10-23	96	103	97	0
10	VBLK04	106	102	104	0
11	SB15-10-12M	99	102	100	0
12	SB15-10-12M	100	102	103	0
13	CONTROL	99	103	97	0
14	VBLK03	112	98	105	0
15	SB11-21B	101	98	101	0
16	SB16-21DL	96	100	78	0
17	SB26-21DL	100	103	73	0
18	SB14-12	101	102	87	0
19	SB17-26	100	105	121	0
20	SB15-22B	105	102	101	0
21	SB15-10-12	102	106	99	0
22	SB10-23DL	99	102	96	0
23	SB16-8	107	101	76	0

			QC LIMITS
SMC1	=	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	(62-147)
SMC2	=	Toluene-d8	(84-117)
SMC3	=	Bromofluorobenzene	(64-126)

# Column to be used to flag recovery values

- * Values outside of contract required QC limits
- D System Monitoring Compound diluted out

page 1 of 1

FORM II VOA-2

3/90

FORM 3B VOLATILE MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE RECOVERY

Lap: Specialized Assays, Inc. Project: WURTSMITH BIOVENTING

Matrix Spike Sample: SB15-10-12 SDG: 117250

:QC Group: 4761

Compound	Spike Added	Sample Conc	Spike Conc	% Rec	QC Limits
Benzene Chlorobenzene 1,1-Dichloroethene Toluene Trichloroethene	51.5 51.5 51.5 51.5 51.5	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	56.7 52.6 57.7 51.5 54.6	110 102 112 100 106	58 - 135 54 - 136 58 - 138 56 - 135 52 - 143

Compound	Spike Added	MSD Conc	% Rec	RPD	RPD Limit	Recovery Limits
Benzene	51.5	53.6	104	6	17	58 - 135
Chlorobenzene	51.5	50.5	98	4	14	54 - 136
1.1-Dichloroethene	51.5	55.7	108	4	19	58 - 138
Toluene	51.5	50.5	98	2	18	56 - 135
Trichloroethene	51.5	52.6	102	4	18	52 - 143

Concentration Units: ug/kg

RPD: O out of 5 outside QC limits.

Spike Recoveries: O out of 10 outside QC limits.

# FORM 3Ba

# VOLATILE LABORATORY CONTROL RECOVERY

Lab: Specialized Assays, Inc. Project: WURTSMITH BIOVENTING

SDG: 117250

QC Group: 4761

Compound	Known Value	Conc	% Rec	QC Limits
			:	• .
Benzene	50	56	112	39-151
Bromobenzene	50	51	102	74-122
Bromochloromethane	50	60	120	68-134
Bromoform	50	53	106	31-144
Bromomethane	50	45	90	51-135
n-Butylbenzene	50	47	94	65-127
sec-Butylbenzene	50	51	102	68-129
t-Butylbenzene	50	52	104	68-128
Carbon tetrachloride	50	56	112	53-144
Chlorobenzene	50	52	104	62-130
Chloroethane	50	50	100	56-138
Chloroform	50	53	106	71-132
Chloromethane	50	56	112	65-134
2-Chlorotoluene	50	48	96	72-123
4-Chlorotoluene	50	48	96	70-123
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		55	110	70-130
Dibromochloromethane	50	53	106	41-133
1,2-Dibromoethane	50	57	114	47-136
Dibromomethane	50 50	49	98 07	60-141
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	50 50	47	94	66-128 45-128
1,3-Dichloropenzene	50 50	44	88	65-128 44-138
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	50	44	88	66-129 50-140
Dichlorodifluoromethane	50 50	56 58	112 116	50-140 70-132
1,1-Dichloroethane	50 50	55 ·	110	58-135
1,2-Dichloroethane	50	55 55	112	69-130
1,1-Dichloroethene	50	54	108	59-140
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	50	51	108	72-128
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	50	57	114	45-149
1,2-Dichloropropane	50 50	57 55	110	58-138
1,3-Dichloropropane	50	50	100	43-146
2,2-Dichloropropane	50	56	112	56-132
1,1-Dichloropropene	50	52	104	69-130
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	50	50	100	56-126
trans-1,3-Dichloroprocene	50	50 51	102	61-129
Ethyloenzene Hexachlorobutadiene	50	45	90	59-138
isopropylbenzene	50	50	100	70-127
4-Isopropyltoluene	50	47	94	70-127
Methylene chlorice	50	47 54	108	69-142
Nachthalene	50	56	116	54-146
	50 50	49	98	67-128
n-Propylbenzene	SO	77	70	0/ 100

FORM 3Ba

VOLATILE LABORATORY CONTROL RECOVERY

Lab: Specialized Assays, Ir	nc.	Project: WURTSMITH BIOVENTING		
Styrene	50	50	100	65-128
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	50	56	112	53-130
1,1,2.2-Tetrachloroethane	50	56	112	37-149
Tetrachloroethene	50	50	100	55-128
Toluene	50	51	102	65-131
1,2,3-Trichloropenzene	50	40	80	55-137
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	50	41	82	48-141
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	50	54	108	60-136
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	50	57	114	56-137
Trichloroethene	50	52	104	61-141
1.2.3-Trichloropropane	50	56	112	39-146
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	50	45	<b>9</b> 0	72-126
1.3.5-Trimethyloenzene	50	65	130#	22-125
Vinyl chloride	50	49	<b>9</b> 8	57-138
Bromodichloromethane	50	58	116	60-133
o-Xylene	50	52	104	64-126
m,p-Xylene	100	98	<del>9</del> 8	59-131
Trichlorofluoromethane	50	58	116	56-142

Concentration Units: ug/kg

Recoveries: 1 out of 59 outside QC limits.